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Gentlemen, Ladies and Others, who have, by your generous Subscriptions, encourag'd the Publication of this Work:

B E G leave to return you my humble and hearty Thanks for this Favour: But I am very forry that I have tried your Patience so long, tho' it was what I could in no wise help; and I have also made some Additions to the Book as a grateful Acknowledgment of my Obligation to you: Therefore I hope that it will now with the Bleffing of God, make you an ample Amends for generoufly encouraging this mean, tho' well design'd Performance: And that you may be well rewarded for this and every other pious and generous Act, not only in this Life, but that which is to come, is the fervent Prayer of your fincere Wellwisher in Christ.

And most obliged humble Servant,



THE

PREFACE



T is a Thing not only customary, but also necessary to fill some Pages at the Beginning of a Book, with an EPISTLE to the Reader, commonly called, the PREFACE, wherein

the AUTHOR gives (or ought to give) his Rea-

der some Account of his Performance.

And therefore I shall (with the Blessing of God) sollow this common, and commendable Rule; hoping that all my candid Readers will take the Pains to peruse it with an unprejudic'd. Mind; for I am sensible that it is a Thing too common among Readers to overlook the Presace, and go on to read the other Parts of the Book in an irregular Manner, without carefully observing the Author's Meaning, 'till they come to Something ambiguous, or disagreeable to their Taste; and then with a prejudic'd Mind they throw aside the Book resolving never to look in it more, without it is with a Design to cavil:

And then they defame the Book with Loads of Reproach to every one they meet, which hinders their own and others profiting by it: Whereas if they had with an impartial and unprejudic'd Mind, open to Conviction, carefully read the Preface and the Rest of the Book in a regular Manner, they might have found it both edifying and entertaining; and both they and their Friends might have received great Benefit by it. Now let such consider what Injury they do themselves and others hereby.

This have I faid, not only because I am afraid of their doing fo by this mean Performance of mine, but also to convince People of this general Error: And if they do fo by other eminent Authors, I may well expect that they will do fo by me; for I have been already inform'd that many are prejudic'd against my Understanding before they fee my Performance because of the Despicableness of the Author. Many (I am told) are ready to fay, "How can fuch a one do any "Thing that is worth our Notice? a poor illiterate Mechanic! Ah! tis meer Nonfense! I would of not pretend to encourage fuch a one." But stay, my Friends, be not too hasty in your Cenfures, but let me prevail with you to lay afide all Prejudice, and to judge with Candour and that not only for my fake but for your own and others; for I am certain that many have deprived themfelves and others of the Benefit they might other-

ways have received from many an excelent Difcourse thro' Bigotry and a prejudic'd Spirit. I shall only mention two remarkable Instances of this in-Scripture, 1 The Greeks, they counted the Preaching of the Cross of Christ Foolishness, because it was not adorn'd with Human Wit and Learning, I Cor. i 22 23.

2 The Fews, How they were prejudic'd against our LORD JESUS CHRIST, because of his mean Apearance, Birth, and Parentage, and want of Human Learning? tho' he manifested his Divine Authority, Wisdom, Power and Goodness, by furprizing Miracles, fuch as was never wrought before, and which was effectual for convincing others; yet when he came into his own Country and taught in their Synagogues, in fo much that they were astonished at him, yet they said with Contempt, Whence hath this Man this Wisdom, and' these mighty works? Is not this the Carpenter's Son? Is not his Mother called Mary? And his Brethren James, and Joses, and Simon, and Judas? and his Sisters are they not all with us? Whence then bath this Man all these Things? And they were offended at him.

And JESUS said unto them, A Prophet is not without Honour save in his own Country,

and in his own House.

And he did not many mighty works there because of their Unbelief. MAT. xiii. 54 to the End. MARK vi. 3, 4.

Thus,

Thus, my Friends, I hope I have made good my Affertion, and have shewn some of the bad Effects of a Prejudic'd Mind, suffer me now to give you a brief Account of this my weak Performance.

In the first Part (which consists of Hymns and divine Meditations) I hope serious Christians (of every Denomination) may find fomewhat entertaining both in their folitary Meditations, and focial Conversations, and Devotions, tho' it be not adorn'd with fuch lofty Flights of Thought, nor fuch elevated Language as may be found in the Works of many of our fublime Authors in this polite Age. Nor is my Aim so much to tickle the Ear of the Polite, as to affect the Heart of the Serious. And I have labour'd to have my Language plain, and decent; my Meaning obvious and clear to common Understandings; my Judgment orthodox, both practical and evangelical; my Verse smooth and agreeable, and mostly in Psalm Meafures; tho' they were never defign'd for public Worship; yet they will go in the common Psalm Tunes, of long, and short, and common Metres, and may be fung or read, as the Reader pleases.

This Part you will find mostly experimental, as is faid in the Title Page: And this (I hope) will render it the more acceptable to all expe-

rienc'd Christians.

The fecond Part, which confifts chiefly of practical Exhortations, and Admonitions, I hope that

that this (with the Bleffing of GoD) may be made useful for awakening, convincing, and converting Sinners, and for building up Believers in their most holy Faith. And that it may answer this good End, I have (as much as possible) avoided all needless Controversy; so that I am perfuaded that I have given no just Offence to any fincere Christians of any Denomination; for I have made the Word of GOD my Rule thro' the Whole. And therefore I hope that no ferious Christians will despise the Work because of the meaness or Unworthiness of the Author; for it is GOD that worketh in us, both to will and to do of his own good Pleasure. PHIL. ii. 13. And you know that he often makes use of the meanest Instruments to do his greatest Works. Witness the Apostles, who were most of them but mean l'ishermen, yet did he make use of them to publish his Gospel, and to reform a rude stubborn and rebellious World, and establish a new Religion in it; and that, in Opposition to all the potent Rulers, learned Rabbies, and Philosophers. And did he not make the Children in the Temple fing Hofannahs to CHRIST while the learned Priests and Scribes blasphem'd his Name? And had I look'd back into the old Testament I might have brought numerous Proofs of this. To instance a few, I shall refer my Readers to GoD's wonderful Dealings with Foseph, Moses, Gidion, David, and Amos. These

are fufficient Proofs of God's making use of mean Instruments, for effecting his wonderful Works, and celebrating his Praises. And thus is made manifest what was spoken by the great Apostle Paul. 1 COR. i. 27. GOD hath chosen the foolish Things of this World, to confound the wife; and the weak Things of the world, to confound the Things which are mighty. Therefore, my Friends, despise the Author how you will, but despise not this Work 'till you have carefully perus'd it with an unprejudic'd Mind: And if you find any Thing in it inconfistant with the divine Oracles, reject it; but if it be nowife inconfistant therewith, you ought not to despife it tho' it be not polish'd with the Rules of Arr. And if you find any Thing here that by the Grace of GoD is made ufeful to you, give unto him the Glory, who hath made use of so poor an Instrument for your Good: And I think you will have the greater Reason to adore his infinite Power and Goodness, who hath manifested his Grace in fo fingular a manner; for if God hath. made an Instrument of me to manifest the Power of his Grace, I think he never made use of a weaker Instrument. But let none therefore defpife his Work upon this Account; for when a great Operation is perform'd with poor Instruments, the greater Praise is due to the Operator. And you may remember what the great Apostle Paul faid. I. COR. i. 17 .- CHRIST fent me to preach

preach the Gospel: Not with Wisdom of Words, lest the Cross of CHRIST should be made of none Effect. And in another Place he compares the Ministers of the Gospel to earthen Vessels. II. Cor. iv. 7. But we have this Treasure in earthen Vessels, that the Excellency of the Power may be of GOD, and not of us. But let none think here that I glory in my own Weakness, and despise human Learning: No, my Friends, far be it from me, I only aim to magnify the Grace of GoD; for I have Nothing but what I have received.

But here it may probably be expected that I should give some Account how I came by this Talent: And this I shall do with as much gen-

uine Brevity as I can. viz.

Ever fince I came to Years of Understanding, and could read, I took great Delight in Poetry, and as I advanc'd in Years, my Inclination was. drawn chiefly to delight in divine Poetry, and about the twenty-first or twenty-fecond Year of my Age I became acquainted with Dr. Watts's Imitation of the Psalms of David, and his Hymns, and divine Songs for Children, his Lyric Poems, and Miscellaneous Thoughts; and Mr. Brown's Hymns, and Mr. Erskine's Gospel Sonnets, and some others which Providence hath cast in my Way, both before and after this Date, which tended greatly to enliven my Affections for divine Poetry: And tho' my Education was but mean, my worldly Circumstances very low, my Time

Time much taken up to get Bread for my Family, and my Imagination but dull; yet notwithstanding all thefe I had a great Delight in divine Poetry. And I am almost ashamed to tell the World of another Difadvantage that lay in my Way, viz. that I unadvifedly enter'd myfelf into the State of Matrimony before I was twenty-one Years of Age, and before I had acquir'd any Art or Calling to get a Living; and finding my own Error (when too late) I fet myfelf Apprentice to a Weaver; which Art (thro' the Bleffing of God) I acquir'd almost to a Miracle: And all this before I had made any Progress in the Att of Poetry: Yet for all these, and more Disadvantages than is fit to acquaint the World with, I took to studying Poetry; and tho' I had no Advantages, or Qualifications for it but a keen Appetite, yet I purfu'd it with great Delight; and tho' my first Essay was very mean (as I acknowledge my best will appear in the Eyes of the Polite) yet as I pursu'd this delightful Study, I found it as an inexhaustible Fountain, and the more I drew the more free it came: And having shewn some of my weak Performances to fome of my Acquaintance, they met with a very kind Reception, and I was perfuaded still to go on; 'till at last it grew to the Bulk that it now is. And now I venture to let it go abroad in the World, notwithstanding the meaness of its Dress: Knowing that if it please the Almighty and alwise

Disposer of all Things to make it instrumental to his Glory and the Good of Souls he is able. And if he do I am satisfied, however I may be despifed by Critics, for the Meaness of this weak Performance.

I know it is not adorn'd with lefty Airs of Language, nor grand Images of Thought; nor is the Rules of Poetry fo exactly observed, as to render it amiable in the Eyes of the polite and critical Part of the World; yet it hath already obtain'd the Approbation of many learned and judicious Christians, as well as the honest illiterate Ones; and therefore I shall venture the Censures of the Rest. And now, my friendly Christian Readers, excuse my Plainess, and read without Prejudice, and beg of GoD a Bleffing on what you read; and then if this weak Performance be made anywife useful to you, I hope you will not forget to give unto God the Glory, who hath made use of so mean an Instrument for your Edification.

And for my Part, I shall count my Labour doubly recompenced, even in this World; for I have had so much Pleasure in the Composure of these Verses, as hath fully satisfied me for all my Trouble; and what an additional Pleasure it will be to me to hear of their being made instrumental for the Good of others, God only

knoweth.

Now to conclude, It may not be amifs to inform my friendly Readers that the chief of all this was compos'd at my Work, and by the Bleffing of God I was carried on with fo much Pleasure that it was scarce any Hinderance to my worldly Calling, but often both of these assisted each other.

But if any should here charge me with Pride and Arrogance in this Attempt, and this Account of it, I shall not pretend to justify myself, but I rejoice to think that this shall be impartially decided one Day by him who seeth the Secrets of all Hearts. To him therefore I commit this Performance, begging his Blessing upon it, that it may be made instrumental for his Glory, and the Good of Souls: And hoping for his divine Blessing, on this my honest (tho' weak Attempt) I venture to send it abroad in the World, wishing Grace, Mercy and Peace on all them into whose Hands it shall come; yea, Peace be on all them that love our LORD JESUS CHRIST in Sincerity, Amen.



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ERRATA.

Page 14. Line 8. for vindicatate, read vindicate. P. 21. L. 11. for alpiercing, read All-piercing. P. 24. L. 17 for *Emanuel*, read *Immanuel*. P. 43. L. 2 read All-feeing. P. 44. L. 5 read rev'rence. ib. L. 11 read All-piercing. P. 62. L. 7 for you, read ye. P. 85. L. 15. for eue, read due. P. 110. 20. read hearken'd. P. 114. l. 11. for best, read Rest. P. 116. just under the runing Title instead of XXXIV. read XL.

There are several Oversights in the Pointing which I hope the Reader will correct for himself.

If more Mistakes my Readers find,
Let them correct with candid Mind,
And this will prove them Men of Sense,
While Carpers shew their Ignorance:
For some illnatur'd Critics try
How many Faults they can descry,
And then for Wits to get a Name,
Against the Author they exclaim.
But let them, who so quick can 'spy
Each Mote that's in their Brother's Eye,
Mind (whilst censoriously they frown)
To cast the Beams out of their own.





THE

INVOCATION

I.

TERNAL King, who reign'ft on high
E Supreme o'er all Authority:

'Tis Condescension infinite

In thee, to stoop to Worlds of Light,
To see what's done above the Sky,
Where mighty Angels prostrate lie
Before thy Face, while they adore
Infinite Wisdom, boundless Pow'r.

II.

They count it too, a Pleasure sweet, To cast their Crowns beneath thy Feet, While they the mighty Theme renew Of Praise to thee their Maker due: Yet all the highest Notes they raise, Can ne'er advance thy boundless Praise, More than it was ere Time began, Or Dust was fashion'd into Man.

III.

But, LORD, what Condecension then Is this in thee, to stoop to Men, And to accept of humble Praise, From such unworthy Worms as these!

This

This strikes my Soul with sweet Surprize, And suffers Faith and Hope to rise Toward thy Throne, with humble Lays, And weak Attempts to speak thy Praise.

IV.

Yea, LORD, thou also dost bestow Celestial Gists on Men below; Therefore to Thee mine Eyes I list, From whom proceeds each perfect Gist: Endue me, LORD, with heav'nly Skill Rightly to guide my slender Quill; Inspire my Heart, ensorce my Lays, To celebrate thy wond'rous Praise,

v.

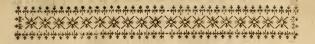
I ask none of the feigned Nine,
To make my Muse with Lustre shine;
Those heathen Fictions I abhor,
But thy celestial Aid implore:
To thee I look with humble Face;
O! fill me with thy heav'nly Grace,
Till I'm prepar'd to dwell on high,
And praise thy Name more persectly.

VI.

Then shall I with unfainting Tongue Praise Thee with sweet celestial Song, Amongst thy bright redeemed Choir Eternally, and never tire:

My Heart and Tongue shall then unite To praise thy Name with sweet Delight; Yea, all my inward Pow'rs shall join, And ev'ry Strain be Love divine.

DIVINE



Divine Miscellanies;

OR,

SACRED POEMS.

PART I.

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety.

<u>***</u>

I. The Divine Original of POETRY afferted and proved; the Abuse of it lamented, and the Innocency of it defended,

By Way of INTRODUCTION.

I.

WHEN first the Heav'n-born Muse began Her facred Wings to try, She was the foremost in the Van To praise the Deity.

II.

Delightful in JEHOVAH's Eye,
Her own almighty Sire;
Employ'd, his Name to magnify,
Amidst the heavenly Choir.

Thus

A DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part1.

III.

Thus like a Nymph divinely bright
The Muse at first did shine:
Man's Soul she ravish'd with Delight,
In Raptures all divine.

IV.

But now, alass, with Grief I see This heavenly Gist abus'd, By Sons of base Impiety, To vicious Purpose us'd.

V.

They take of this celestial Fire
To kindle hellish Flames;
And thus they please their loose Desire,
With vile licentious Themes.

VI.

Hence fome of ferious Minds suppose
That this celestial Art,
Was ne'er design'd for such as those,
Who are of pious Heart.

VII.

Thus doth the Muse still lose Renown;
Her Worth is little priz'd:
Between the Critic and the Clown,
She's shamefully despis'd.

VIII.

Yet on her fweet, delightful Wing, She bears celestial Lays; While Saints adore their heavenly King, Or Angels sing his Praise.

JESUS!

IX.

JESUS! thy wond'rous dying Love, Shall still employ the Muse, While each redeemed Soul above, This matchless Scene reviews!

X.

Angels shall join their grateful Strains, To celebrate thy Praise, Who wond'ring saw thy bleeding Veins, With Horror and Amaze!

XI.

And thus through all Eternity
The Heav'n-born Muse shall sing,
Raptures of sweetest Harmony,
To God, th' eternal King.

XII.

The Wonders of redeeming Love, Shall be her choicest Theme: This all the ransom'd Souls above: Shall joyfully proclaim.

II. Attempting to praise GOD, and imploring bis Assistance.

I.

T O thee my God, I'd humbly raife, A facred Song of folemn Praife; But, ah, how vain is this Defign, Without thy Influence divine!

II.

A Tree fprung from degen'rate Root, Can bear no good, no wholfome Fruit, Till took from the wild Olive Wood, And new ingrafted in the Good.

III,

Just such am I by nat'ral Course, By Nature wild, by Practice worse, Till took from the wild Olive Tree, And new ingrasted, LORD, in thee!

IV.

I fprung from Nature's Wilderness, And, LORD, without renewing Grace, Can neither think nor fpeak one Word, Nor do one Act to please my LORD!

V.

But, LORD, I totally refign
Myfelf to Influence divine!
O let thy Spirit on me blow,
And make the Seeds of Grace to grow!

VI.

Inspire my Muse; instruct my Tongue & Assist my weak advent'rous Song; And let those faint and humble Lays Prove instrumental to thy Praise.

VII.

Then let my Soul on Wings of Love Rife near thy glorious Throne above, And all my Pow'rs shall join to raise, An everlasting Song of Praise.

VIII.

I'll fing the Wonders thou hast done: Thy Love in Christ, thy darling Son: The Wonders of renewing Grace That fitted Worms for thine Embrace.

IX.

Yea, with thy brightest Saints I'll vie, To praise the boundless Mystery, That God should manisested be In Flesh, to set the Rebels free.

III. Drawing near to the Throne of Grace, by a Mediator. An HYMN.

T.

WITH holy Fear and humble Awe, LORD, I approach thy Throne of Grace, And all my humble Hopes I draw, From Jesu's perfect Righteoufnefs.

II.

Without his Righteoufness array'd, Who dares approach thine aweful Throne? Tremble, my Soul, and be afraid, If thou hast not this Raiment on.

HI.

Fierce Thunderbolts at thy Command, Would dash me, LORD, to endless Fire, Should I before thy Justice stand Without this rich, divine Attire. IV.

But thanks to thy forgiving Grace, Thro' Jesu's rich atoning Blood, I may by Faith approach thy Face, Nor dread the Fury of thy Rod.

V.

Come then, O fweet celestial Dove, And clothe me with this Robe divine! Do thou my filthy Rags remove: Self-Righteousness I now resign.

VI.

In borrow'd Strength and Righteoufness, I would before my God appear; For in mine own (I must confess) I hope for no Acceptance there.

VII.

O then, my Soul, adore the Grace, And Goodness of thy dying LORD, That suffer'd in the Sinner's Place, And Heav'nly Hopes again restor'd!

VIII.

O! praise the great eternal THREE, Who join'd, the Captives to restore! Come, all ye humble Souls, with me This matchless Scene of Love adore.

1X.

Let's boldly now approach the Throne, To plead the Merits of that Blood, That does for all our Guilt atone, And gives us free Access to God.

IV. A Morning H Y M N.

I.

AWAKE, my Soul, with thankful Voice, In fweet celestial Lays: Let all thy inward Pow'rs rejoice, To fing thy MAKER's Praife.

My Soul, adore that watchful Eve. And that Almighty Hand, That turn'd the num'rous Dangers by, That did around thee stand!

III.

This Night what Judgments might have fell Upon my guilty Head! My Soul might have been fent to Hell! My Flesh among the Dead!

IV.

Or raging Flames, or dreadful Storms, Have laid my Dwelling waste: Or Midnight Fears in various Forms, Might have disturb'd my Rest.

But I fecurely laid me down, And did in Safety fleep: My gracious GoD! thy Hand alone My feeble Frame did keep!

10 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

VI.

What shall I render, LORD, to thee
For Favours so divine?
I here devote myself to be,
Dear LORD! for ever thine.

VII.

My Soul and Body I commit Into thy faithful Hand: For what thy Wisdom seeth sit, I still prepared stand.

VIII.

Conduct and guide me all my Days, Until my last Remove; Then take me up to fing thy Praise, In thy blest Courts above.

V. An Evening H Y M N.

I.

COME now, my Soul, and meditate
The Favours of the Day;
And at thy great CREATOR's Feet
Thy thankful Homage pay.

III.

Think, O my Soul, what thou dost owe To thy CREATOR'S Love, That did another Day allow, Before thy last Remove.

But

Maria III.

But think, if this should be the last
That thou on Earth must have,
Ere thy frail Body must be cast
Into the gloomy Grave.

IV.

Think, O my Soul, where thou must dwell, When thou hast dropt thy Clay; Down in the dreadful Lake of Hell, Or mount to endless Day!

V.

'Tis Time this great Concern to know Before thou shut thy Eyes, And to what Region thou must go, When this frail Body dies!

VI.

O! then in hafte for Refuge fly
To Jesu's wounded Side,
And by true Faith thereon rely,
Thy num'rous Crimes to hide!

VII.

Thence Blood and Water both did flow,
To cleanfe and justify:
Thy Spirit, LORD, on me bestow,
This Balfam to apply.

VIII.

Then fprinkl'd with atoning Blood, I'll give mine Eyes to Sleep; And trust thy Providence, my God, My sleeping Dust to keep. 12 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

VI An EJACULATION on a Lord's Day Morning.

HOW would my Heart rejoice, To hear my Neighbours fay,

" Come, let us hear our Maker's Voice

"With chearful Hearts to Day!

11.

" Let's all with one Accord

" Approach his facred Place,

" To meet our condescending LORD,

" With Messages of Grace.

III.

" He'll meet us with a Smile,

" And bid us welcome there,

" If we with Hearts refin'd from Guile,
" To hear his Word draw near."

IV.

FATHER! thy Spirit fend, To work in us this Frame: JESUS! our kind atoning Friend, Our Hope is in thy Name.

V.

Come, O celestial DOVE, Thy quickning Pow'rs impart, With holy Zeal, and Faith and Love, Fill ev'ry sluggish Heart.

VI.

Then shall we joyful sing
Thy Praise O LORD our GOD!
We'll celebrate our Heav'nly KING,
And spread his Name abroad.

VII. On the CAMMOMILE. A Similitude of the CHURCH.

SEE how the Cammomile is spread, So thick upon the Ground; And still the more thereon we tread, The more it does abound.

II.

But if it's not opprest and trod, It foon declines and dies; Domestick Weeds does then corrode. And it in Ruin lies.

III.

Just so the Church in every Age. When Perfecutors roar, And all the powers of Hell engage, The Righteous to devour.

IV.

The more they strive to break their Peace. With their malicious Spite, Their Faith and Love, and every Grace. Shine more divinely bright.

They love each other's Face to fee, And every Clamour dies, Expecting every Hour to be A bloody Sacrifice.

14 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

VI.

Then in their Trouble and their Grief, Unto the LORD they Cry,

" Send us, O LORD, fome quick Relief,
" Before thy Servants die!

VII.

" See how our Foes infult Aloud,
" And Triumph in our Shame:

"Arife, O LORD! confound the Proud, And vindicatate thy Name.

VIII.

"Then shall our thankful Lips declare
"Thy Wonders in our Days,

"And teach our Seed (with faithful care)
"To Celebrate thy Praife."

IX.

The LORD looks with a gracious Eye
Upon their fore Diffress;
And sends Deliv'rance from on high,

Ev'n in the Wilderness,

X.

"These Wolves (saith he) that would Destroy "My Sheep, or make them flee,

" Are but the Hunters I employ,
"To bring them back to me.

XI.

"When ye were Wand'ring far from me,
"These were the Rods I us'd,

To bring you back, and make you fee How ye my Grace abus'd.

XII.

XII.

"Yet will I make your Enemies "To know that I am GoD;

" And they shall feel (to their surprize) " The Fury of my Rod. XIII.

" If Faithfully ve fear my Name, " And love my holy Laws,

"Ye shall not be expos'd to Shame; " I'll vindicate your Caufe.

Oh! the rich Goodness of the LORD! How wond'rous are his Ways!

Let Saints in every Age record The Mercies of their Days.

XV.

He gives them Rest on ev'ry Side, And makes th' Oppressor cease; Then Malice, Envy, Strife and Pride, Do but the more increase!

XVI.

The Love of many waxeth cold; Lukewarmness does begin; While there's no Wolf disturbs the Fold. But those that breed within.

REFLECTION.

AND is not this our dreadful Cafe, Here, in these British-Lands? Have we not thus abus'd God's Grace, And broke his Just Commands?

II. Hath

16 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

II.

Hath he not giv'n sweet Rest and Peace
To us on ev'ry Side?
And have not we thus turn'd his Grace
To Wantoness, and Pride?

III.

Think What Deliv'rances he wrought In our fore Father's Days, Their Foes and all their Schemes he brought To Shame and foul Difgrace.

IV.

Navies he funk, dark Plots reveal'd, And Armies strong he broke: His Church's Breaches oft he heal'd, And eas'd her heavy Yoke.

V.

And likewise in these later Years,
Hath he his Arm made bear;
Subdu'd our Foes; remov'd our Fears,
And made our Souls his Care.

VI.

He also makes our fruitful Field Produce a large increase; So that we are with Plenty fill'd, Amidst the Wilderness.

VII.

Nor are these Blessings of the Ground The best that God bestows, We hear his Gospel's joyful Sound, Where sweet Salvation flows.

VIII.

With what a lib'ral Hand hath he His Favours here bestow'd! But, ah, what base Returns have we Made to the LORD our GOD!

IX.

Dues not Intemp'rance, Luft, and Pride Most shamefully abound? Malice, and Spite on ev'ry Side, And Envy spread around?

X.

Prophaneness like a mighty Stream Along our Streets run down! Against their Maker Men blaspheme, For all his Kindness shown!

XI.

Alass! what base Ingratitude, We render to our GoD, For all his Favours kind and good, He hath on us bestow'd.

XII.

Yet still we rest and sleep secure, Because his Vengeance stays; As if his Patience would indure, Because his Wrath delays.

Just so the Fews in antient Times (His only chosen Flock) Did long (with their repeated Crimes) Their gracious God provoke.

18 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part].

XIV.

Yet the 'they Nat'ral-Branches were,
And Children of his Love;
Justice would them no longer spare,
But did them clean remove.

XV.

And made their Enemies possess
Their Land, so richly stor'd;
Because they did his Laws transgress,
Nor would believe his Word.

XVI.

Now they must wander here and there, Through all the Earth abroad; That ev'ry one may see and sear The Justice of a God.

XVII.

And fince the LORD would not them fpare,
Who fprung from Abr'am's Stock;
What better can we hope to fare,
If we his Hand provoke?

XVIII.

Are we not like wild Olive Boughs
Ingrafted in their Place?
On whom the LORD our Gop bestows
Abundance of his Grace.

XIX.

Then let us humbly hear and fear, And tremble at his Word; And never more prefume to dare The Vengeance of the LORD.

XX.

Churches abroad in Ruins lie That first receiv'd the Word; And will the LORD pass Britain by, If we provoke his Sword?

XXI.

Oh! no! tho' Mercy long hath stay'd, His just avenging Rod; Let's think how we have err'd and stray'd, And have provok'd our GoD!

XXII.

Come, let us fearch and try our Ways, And turn unto the LORD! And humbly beg forgiving Grace, According to his Word.

XXIII.

Come, let us all before his Throne Pour out our fervent Cries; And plead the Merits of his Son, Where all his Treasure lies.

XXIV.

Let's give him Rest by Night nor Day, 'Till he in Mercy hears, And turns his dreadful Wrath away And calms our gloomy Fears.

XXV.

Then, then the great JEHOVAH will With us make his Abode; And this shall be a chosen Isle Unto the LORD our GOD.

XXVI.

20 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

XXVI.

But if his Goodness will not melt Our stubborn frozen Hearts; Then we for all our heinous Guilt Must meet our due Deserts,

XXVII.

And who can stand before the Face Of this Almighty LORD, When to avenge his injur'd Grace He whets his glitt'ring Sword!

Tremble, my Soul, to think on this, And no more dare rebell: Traitors he drove from highest Bliss Down to the lowest Hell.

XXIX.

O, that we all may Warning take, Each darling Sin to hate! Grant this, O LORD, for JESU's Sake, Before it be too late.

VIII. Professors excited to Piety, and Sinners to Repentance:

From feveral SCRIPTURES.

ALL ye who dare profess
To bear the Christian Name,
Let nothing that's unclean possess
A Dwelling in your Frame.

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 21

II.

Let all your Thoughts be pure, And all your Words be true; And let your Actions all procure Bright Characters for you.

III.

Let your Example shine In all Men's Sight so fair, That all may own the Stamp divine That is imprinted there.

IV.

Think on the facred Ties,
By which your Souls are bound;
And think upon th' alpiercing Eye
That fees you all around.

V.

Think on that awful Day
That haftens on apace,
When Heav'n and Earth shall pass away
Before the Judge's Face.

VI.

Think on those Words, "Well done,"
Which shall by Christ be spoke
To ev'ry true and faithful One
Belonging to his Flock.

VII.

" Come, ye belov'd of GoD,

" I'm come to fet you free;

"Ye have the Paths of Duty trod,

" Now you shall reign with me."

VIII.

O! what transporting Joys
This will to Saints afford,
To hear their dear Redeemer's Voice
Invite them to his Board!

IX.

But, O! the cutting Words
That Hypocrites must hear!
'Twill pierce their Hearts like slaming Swords
With Horror and Despair.

X.

" Depart from me! depart!
"Ye Hypccrites, and dwell
"With Devils (this is your Defert)
"Down in lowest Hell."

XI.

O Sinners, Warning take!
O Saints, be drawn by Love!
Sinners, behold the fiery Lake!
Saints, view the Crowns above!

XII.

O! may this kind Advice
Be on your Hearts imprest,
By him who makes the Simple wise,
And gives the Weary Rest!

XIII.

Come, O celestial Dove,
Thy Influence impart!
'Tis thou must make the Wheels to move,
And quicken ev'ry Heart.

XIV

XIV.

Abundantly impart
Thy kind enliv'ning Grace!
Then shall we run with chearful Heart,
Nor tire, nor lose the Race.

IX. The distinguishing love of God; or, Angels punished and Men saved.

I.

DOWN from their native Skies
Th' apostate Angels fell;
And Thunder-Bolts of largest Size
Persu'd them down to Hell!

II.

There do the Traytors lie, Bound with immortal Chains! And must thro' all Eternity, Where boundless Horror reigns.

III.

fusice did on them seize
With sierce revengful Breath:
No Ransom's offer'd to appease
For them it's dreadful Wrath.

IV.

But, Oh! the matchless Grace
Of God the fov'reign Lord,
That pity'd Man's rebe!lious Race,
Who disobey'd his Word!

24 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

V.

For Men he freely fent His dear beloved Son, To bear their dreadful Punishment, And for their Guilt atone.

VI.

Oh! the amazing Love
That fill'd the SAVIOUR'S Heart!
That made him leave his Throne above,
To die for Man's Defert.

VII.

For poor unworthy Worms
Of Adam's fallen Race,
What Wonders his rich Love performs!
His rich abundant Grace.

VIII.

The Law would not abate
One Mite, but all must die,
Except a Ransom infinite
Would Justice satisfy.

IX.

Then, lo, Emanuel comes
With Pity in his Eyes,
And Man's frail Nature he assumes,
And in their stead he dies.

X.

Now fee him rife again, At God's Right-Hand he stands, And pleads the Merits of his Pain, And their Release demands. XI.

O! Love beyond Degree! Be Heav'n and Earth amaz'd, To fee him bleeding on the Tree, For finful Worms abas'd!

XII.

Thus did the Father give His Darling, to redeem All Penitents that do believe Unfeinedly on Him.

XIII.

But, O celestial Dove, Thy quick ning Pow'rs impart! And with true Faith, and heav'nly Love, Fill my degen'rate Heart.

XIV.

Elfe all this Love's in vain To poor unworthy me, Unless I'm truly born again, And fanctified by thee.

XV. My base corrupted Will, And all it's Powers controul; And with thy heav'nly Graces fill My vile polluted Soul.

XVI.

D

Then with thy new born Race Of Worshippers on high, I'll join to praise Redeeming Grace Thro' all Eternity.

X. The

X. The same; or, the Justice and Goodness of God.

I.

DOWN from the Top of heav'nly Blifs
Th' apostate Angels fell;
And Justice doom'd the trayt'rous Race
Down to the lowest Hell.

II.

So on the Top of earthly Blifs, Lo, our first Parents stood; But soon they lost their Paradise, By Sin against their God.

III.

So Justice also doom'd our Race
To Hell's infernal Pit,

Except a SAVIOUR in our Place
Would pay the utmost Mite.

IV.

But, Oh! for ever be ador'd
The Riches of his Grace,
Who fent a SAVIOUR and restor'd
Our guilty fallen Race!

V.

JESUS the everlasting GOD,
Whom Angel-Minds adore,
Assum'd our Flesh, and shed his Blood,
Our Ruin to restore!

VI.

Fustice did lay it's dreadful Stroke Upon his guiltless Head! He bore the Curse, the legal Yoke In finful Mortal's stead!

VII.

For this, ye Saints for ever raife Your thankful Voices high; And fing your great REDEEMER's Praise, Thro' all Eternity.

XI. MECHANICAL EXERCISE

Applied to Devotion and Piety;

OR, THE

Weaver's Meditations.

MEDITATION L. On the Uncertainty of LIFE.

W HILST here I hang 'twixt Earth and Skies, A Monitor before mine Eyes, Urges his Way with earnest Haste, To shew how fast my Moments waste.

Yet is this Monitor too flow. The Swiftness of my Time to show; For oft he intermits his Course, But my Days run with constant Force.*

III. My J O B. vii. 6.

28 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

III.

My Soul! what Lesson should'st thou learn From this so awful a Concern? Thou know'st not if one Moment more Is now allotted to thy Score!

IV.

Then with what Diligence and Care Should'st thou for thy great Change prepare? Redeem the Time that yet remains, Neglect no Means, and spare no Pains!

v.

Lift up, my Soul, thy fluggish Eyes, And view by Faith the glorious Prize Laid up in Heav'n, for only them, That faithful follow CHRIST the LAMB.

VI.

Hark what the LORD thy SAVIOUR faith, "If thou art faithful to the Death,

" A Crown of Life I'll give to thee,

"And thou shall live, yea reign with me."*

VII.

LORD, I would run at thy Command To reach this Crosun at thy Right-Hand, But, ah! dear LORD, I daily find 'The Fetters of a carnal Mind!

Assist me, LORD, else all is vain; Do thou my wand'ring Feet restrain: O wash me in atoning Blood, And sit me for thy blest Abode!

IX. I

VIII.

IX.

I then in fweet celestial Lays, With grateful Heart shall sing thy Praise; Yea, with thy brightest Saints above, I'll vie to praise Redeeming Love.

M E D I T A T I O N II. Bewailing my own

UNCONSTANCY.

WHILST here I hang 'twixt Earth and Skies, Fain would my Spirit upward rife, And with my Contemplation rove Thro' all the Realms' of Bliss above.

H.

Fain would I view the glorious Place, Where Jesus shews his smiling Face; And all his happy Saints above, How they rejoice, and praise, and love!

Fain would I learn of them to praise My God in sweet celestial Lays, Before I quit this heavy Clay, And mount to Realms of endless Day.

IV.

When to these Things I list mine Eyes, All earthly Glories I despise;
And count the brightest Scenes below All but a vain and empty Show.

V. Them

V.

Then do I dream the Monster Sin Is dead (that lurk'd fo long within.) Each vain Delight I lov'd before, With all my Heart I then abhor.

VI.

Then am I fill'd with Extasses, But, ah, how soon the Rapture dies! How soon this heav'nly Frame departs, When Sin begins to try its Arts.

VII.

Sometimes by Frowns, fometimes by Smiles, This World my fickle Mind beguiles; While Satan (by malicious Arts) Doth often throw his poison'd Darts.

VIII.

But still, alass, above the Rest, The Traitor dwells within my Breast! This wicked Heart, alass, I find Is more deceitful than the Wind.

IX.

Then like the Sow that hath been wash'd, Into the Mire again I'm dash'd! My tow'ring Hopes are funk again, And I am drown'd in Sin and Pain.

X.

And must ir, LORD, be always fo, Whilst I'm a Sojourner below?

O! speak but one Sin conqu'ring Word, And ev'ry Lust shall be abhord.

XI. Come,

XI.

Come, holy Spirit, and remain With me, not like wayfaring Men That tarry only for a Night, And thence depart by Morning-Light.

In me, LORD, chuse thy fixt Abode ? Make me a Temple for my GoD: Erect thy Throne within my Heart, And never, never! more depart.

MEDITATION III. Exciting to DILIGENCE in Duty.

RETWIXT the Earth and Skies I hang, My Feet upon the yielding Poles; Whilst the swift Messenger I fling Reminds me how each Moment rolls.

Then, O my Soul, with equal Hafte Improve thy Moments as they fly; For this frail Life will foon be past, And then comes on Eternity!

III.

And think, my Soul, how much is gone Of this fhort Life, in youthful Toys! And think how little thou hast done To fit thee for eternal Toys!

32 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

IV.

Let this excite thy Diligence, To fit thee for thy heavinly Home; And dote no more on Things of Senfe, But walk by Faith for Time to come.

V.

But, LORD, if thou dost not restrain My wand'ring Feet, I am undone: Let JESU's Blood wash every Stain, And for my num'rous Sins atone.

VI.

Then shall I run with chearful Feet In thy Commands, O God of Grace! When fill'd with all thy Graces sweet, And cloth'd with Jesu's Righteousness.

VII.

But, LORD, I totally depend On thee for Righteoufness and Strength, To bring me to my Journey's End, Thro' this dark Wilderness at length.

VIII.

Then when I meet thy Saints on high, Who now my dear Companions are, We'll fpend a whole Eternity, Thy matchless Goodness to declare!

XI.

With what unspeakable Delight,
JESUS, shall we thy Name adore,
Who brought us to the Realms of Light,
Redeem'd from Sin and Satan's Pow'r!

MED. IV.

MEDITATION IV. CONTENTMENT.

LO, here I fit, or rather hang, And whilst the Shuttle swiftly flies, With chearful Heart I work and fing, And envy none beneath the Skies.

II.

When I on Contemplation's Wings, Thro' heav'nly Objects fweetly rove, Thrones, Sceptres, Crowns of earthly Kings, I count unworthy of my Love!

III.

Could I but fee my Jesus Smile, And hear him whifper, "Thou art mine." This World with all its Pomp and Spoil, Most gladly could I then refign!

Let others feek for Corn and Wine, And Earth with all it's mighty Store; Let JESUS fay but, "I am thine." I'll answer, LORD, I ask no more!

V.

If thou art mine I'm fafe and blest, I charge my Heart no more to rove: Here fix, my Soul, thy fettl'd Rest, And never feek another Love.

VI. LORD,

34 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part 1.

VI.

LORD, if I'm thine, and thou art mine, What can my Soul defire befide! All other Things I now refign, If thou confent I'm fatisfy'd.

VII.

But, LORD, my Trust is in thy Name; I dare not trust my own false Heart, To keep in this celestial Frame, If thou, my God, my All, depart.

VIII.

Imprison me in thine Embrace, Nor let my Faith e'er lose thy Sight, 'Till I shall see thee Face to Face, In Realms of everlasting Light.

<mark>፨፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟ቚኯ፟ጜኯ፟ጜኯ፟ጜኯ፞ጜኯዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀዀ</mark>

XII. A SON G of Praise to GOD for his innumerable Mercies to Soul and Body.

I.

LORD, the rich Favours of thy Hand Should I attempt to number o'er, I might as easy count the Sand That crouds upon the ebbing Shore.

II.

'Twas thou, my God, my Being gave, And stamp'd thine Image on my Frame: And ev'ry Gift that I receive, Thou art the Giver of the same.

III. While

TIT.

While in the Secret Womb I lay, Thy Hand did form each fev'ral Part: My Substance thou didst then survey, And finish'd with unerring Art.

IV.

My tender Life thou then didst spare, Before I to the Light did come; And I was cast upon thy Care, Ev'n from my tender Mother's Womb.

V.

My num'rous Wants on ev'ry Side, Before I could the fame express, My GoD, thy gracious Hand supply'd, And succour'd me in all Distress.

VI.

Thus thro' my tender Infant Age, Thy Hand hath been my Guard and Guide; And still thro' Life's advancing Stage, Thy Mercies have been multiply'd.

VII.

And what innumerable Snares, Seen, and unfeen have I efcapt, Thro' thefe my few revolving Years, Because thy Hand me fasely kept.

VIII.

For these thy temp'ral Favours, LORD, I owe eternal Thanks to thee;
But when I read thy holy Word,
Still greater Miracles I see.

IX. Here

IX.

Here I'm inform'd how Adam fell, And did thy holy Law transgress; And thereby was condem'd to Hell, Both he, and all his suture Race.

X.

And here I'm told how thou hast sent Thy Son to suffer in the Place Of all who truly do repent, Believe, and trust the Plan of Grace.

XI.

By thefe thy glorious Myst'ries, LORD, Which thus thou hast reveal'd to me, My finking Hopes thou hast restor'd, That I thy Face in Peace might see.

XII.

Again I would adore thy Grace, That did restrain my wand'ring Feet, When I the Paths of Sin did trace, So dangerous, and yet so sweet!

XIII.

Oft hast thou made my Conscience speak, And check my base corrupt Desires, When I thy holy Laws did break With vile licentious youthful Fires!

XIV.

But ah, how often have I broke Thy holy Laws, my folemn Vows! And from my Neck shook off thy Yoke, And did the Road to Ruin chuse.

XV. LORD.

XV.

LORD, hadft thou left me thus to run In the broad Path I lov'd fo well, I might have long ere now been gone Down to the dark Abys of Hell!

XVI.

LORD, I adore thy matchless Love, That check'd my vicious Pow'rs so strong; But when I join thy Saints above, My SouI shall raise a sweeter Song.

XVII.

But, LORD, thou know'ft my Strength is frail My wand'ring Feet are prone to stray; Corruptions oftentimes prevail, And drag me still the downward Way.

XVIII.

O let thy Spirit guide me still In Paths of Truth, in Paths of Grace, 'Till I upon thy holy Hill Shall stand compleat in Righteousness.

XIX.

Then shall I join thy glorious Throng Of Saints upon the heav'nly Shore, And with unfainting Heart and Tongue, Thy matchless Love in Christ adore.

XX.

Oh! could I then devife a Song Proportionable to thy Love, It would furpass each heav'nly Tongue, And ev'ry golden Harp above.

XIII. The STRUGGLINGS of Flesh and Spirit.

Ι.

ALAS, LORD, how my feeble Soul Doth totter to and fro; Unstable as the Waters roll, When stormy Tempests blow!

Sometimes I think the Monster Sin Shall lord it here no more: And then I joyfully begin On Wings of Faith to foar.

III.

My chearful Soul does then rejoice To wing its heav'nly Way: The LORD is then its only Choice, My joyful Heart can fay.

IV.

Thus, LORD, when thou dost on me shine, With Beams of heav'nly Grace; All other Loves I can refign, And thee alone embrace.

Then fill'd with Joys divinely sweet, I hope I never more Shall yield to Sin, whose base Deceit Intangled me before.

Vl. But,

VI.

But, ah, how foon I grow fecure, And think all Danger's o'er: I think my Standing is fo fure, That I shall fall no more.

VII.

But, ah, how foon my rifing Flight Is dashed down again! My Day is turned into Night, My Pleasure into Pain.

VIII.

Into the Gulph of Sin again, I'm plunged Head and Ears! And then there's nothing doth remain, But gloomy Doubts and Fears.

IX.

When e'er I think myfelf most safe, Then is my Danger most: Straight comes an overwhelming Wave, And all my Strength is loft.

X.

Then am I fill'd with Fear and Grief: Sad State that I am in! While Doubts and Fears and Unbelief, Still aggravates my Sin.

XI.

But, O, the Goodness of the LORD! How wond'rous great to me, He fpeaks a kind reviving Word, And fets the Captive free.

40 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

XII.

Thus quicken'd by his gracious Word, My Soul revives again: Forever bleffed be the LORD, Who thus removes my Pain.

XIII.

Then I my base Ingratitude,
With hearty Grief deplore!
Because I've sin'd against my God,
Myself I do abhor.

XIV.

Then Sin in it's own native Hue,
Appears before mine Eyes;
And I with humble Grief review
My past Iniquities.

XV.

Then I refolve with all my Heart, Never to stray again: Never from thee, my GoD, to part, But constant Watch maintain.

XVI.

The Thought of finning any more, Seems worfe than Death to me: This Traytor Sin, LORD, I abbor That hath offended thee.

XVII.

Then lo, I think the Serpent's Head l've got beneath my Feet! My vicious Lusts are now all dead: The Vict'ry is compleat!

XVIII. But

XVIII.

But ah, how quickly I forget My folemn Vows and Ties,

My folemn Vows and Yees,
When Sin does me again befet
With all its Subtleties.

XIX.

My strongest Efforts then I find Too weak to stand its Wiles: It steals upon my fickle Mind, And all my Pow'rs beguiles.

XX.

Thus am I daily brought to fee
How feeble, LORD, I am,
My Strength depends alone on thee,
My Hope is in thy Name.

XXI.

Look down, LORD, with a gracious Eye,
And Pity on me take:

Pass all my Black Offences by, For my dear JEsu's Sake.

XXII,

And let thy Spirit guide my Feet In Paths of Righteousness,

Till I shall reach the golden Street, And Stand before thy Face.

XXIII

Then shall I with unwav'ring Heart Thy Praises, LORD, proclaim, With Saints and Angels bear a Part, To magnify thy Name.

E 3

42 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part 1.

XXIV.

Oh, with what Transports shall I tell
Thy wond'rous Works above;
My Soul redeem'd from Sin and Hell,
By Wisdom, Pow'r and Love!

XXV.

To praise the glorious Three in One,
My thankful Soul shall vie
With those sweet Singers round thy Throne,
Thro' all Eternity.

XIV. Hypocrify common to all; or, the Weakness of Faith lamented.

T

ALAS! how weak is all our Faith In our CREATOR GOD! How we deferve his dreadful Wrath, And his avenging Rod.

II.

When we approach before the Face
Of our fuperiour Worms,
How carefully we strive to place
Our Words, and Modes and Forms.

We fear lest we let slip a Word, That may offend their Far: And lest our Manners seem absurd, We take abundant C. e.

IV. Now

IV.

Now did we but as firm believe That God's alfeeing Eye, Did all our Thoughts, Words, Deeds perceive, And that continually:

And that we must ere long be brought Before his awful Bar. To give Account of each vain Thought, And Word, and Action there:

VI.

Then how fincere and uprightly Sould we ourfelves demean, Before the LORD, whose holy Eye Abhors the fmallest Sin.

VII.

Should we not then confounded lie, And blush before his Face; And be asham'd to lift an Eye Toward his holy Place?

VIII.

But, ah, how carelesly can we Approach his Throne of Grace; Because our carnal Eyes can't see Our great CREATOR's Face.

IX.

But, if we were now to appear Before an earthly King, Our Suit to offer to his Ear, For fome important Thing:

X. Then

X.

Then with what Diffidence and Fear, Should we approach his Throne! And with what low Submission there, Make our Petition known.

XI.

Thus partially we rev'rance more
Our fellow Worms of Clay,
Than ev'n the LORD, whose sov'reign Pow'r
The Universe doth sway.

XII.

But, ah, what base Hypocrify,
Is this before the LORD!
Before whose quick alpiercing Eye,
All Falshood is abhor'd.

XIII.

Alas! alas! what faithlefs Worms,
Are all our fallen Race,
How we th' old Serpent's Will perform,
And well deferve his Place!

XIV.

Remove our stupid Madness, LORD, And base ingratitude; Then shall we love thy Holy Word More than our daily Food.

XV.

O! were our Faith strong as our Senfe,

How chearful should we run
In thy Commands! not slee from thence;

Thy Will, LORD, should be done.

XVI. Objects

IVX

Objects of Sense attract our Eyes, With fair deceitful Toys;

And Things unseen we then despise, Ev'n everlasting Toys.

Nay, LORD, thy Threat'nings too are vain, To make our Spirits move;

While dead and faithless we remain. We neither fear nor love.

Quicken our droufy Faith, O LORD! Make all the Wheels to move;

Then shall we run with one Accord, And work with filial Love.

XIX.

O! fend thy fweet celestial Dove, Our Spirits to enflame;

Then shall we no more faithless prove, But love and fear thy Name.

XX.

'Till Faith shall be exchang'd for Sight, Upon the heav'nly Shore;

Then shall we gaze with sweet Delight, Our Hearts prove false no more.

XXI.

Then perfect Love shall fill the Place That Faith was in below:

Our Souls shall praise thy matchless Grace, And no Mifgivings show.

XV. The

XV. The Happiness of Gospel Enjoyments; Or, the first Fruits of Heaven.

Written in the Postscript of a LETTER to a Friend.

I,

O Happy People, where the LORD Unveils his fmiling Face!
Where he reveals his faving Word,
And sheds abroad his Grace.

II.

This is the highest Scene of Bliss, We Mortals can enjoy: The Dawn of heav'nly Mirth, it is Where Pleasures never cloy.

III.

Then let us thankfully improve
His Grace fo richly shed;
And never more presume to rove
From Christ our living Head.

IV.

O let us never rest at Ease
Upon this earthly Clod,
But still press on from Grace to Grace,
'Till we approach our God.

V.

'Till we shall fee him Face to Face, With all his Glories on, And dwell in that delightful Place Before his glorious Throne.

VI. There

VI.

There shall we range th' atherial Plains,
Those glorious Realms above!
There shall we breath celestial Strains,
And ev'ry Thought be Love

VII.

There with the Angels we shall sing, And with the Saints shall praise, JESUS, our Prophet, Priest and King, In everlasting Lays.

VIII.

Nor shall the sweet Employment tire, Or e'er give Cause of Pain; But at the Height of sweet Desire We ever shall remain.

IX.

O happy Time! when shall it be!
When shall our Soul aspire
To that delightful Company,
And help to fill the Choir.

X

O, may these Thoughts cheer up our Minds,
And bear our Souls above
These high and rough tempest'ous Winds,
That would disburb our Love,

XI.

O! who would not despise the Toys,
And Vanities on Earth,
To be partakers of these Joys,
Ev'n everlasting Mirth.

XII. Who

XII.

Who would not suffer any Pains,
And bear a Cross with Joy,
That sees the Rest which there remains
Laid up for Saints on high?

XIII.

Nay, who would not for Jesu's Sake (Were no Reward in View) Lay down their Lives ev'n at the Stake, Their faithful Love to shew!

XIV.

Small were this Love compar'd with his Ten Thousand Lives to give, Who for his bitter Enemies Did die that they might live.

XV.

O, wond'rous Love beyond compare, Let ev'ry Scul admire, And those that hope therein to share Still imitate it nigher.

XVI.

Now may the God of Peace remain
With you a constant Guest,
Till Death shall break your Prison-Chain,
And send you safe to Rest.



XVI. The Believer's Triumph, over the Troubles of this Life.

Written in the Post-script of a Letter, to my honoured PARENTS in Scotland, about the Beginning of that unnatural Rebellion, 1745.

1.

O happy Souls, whose Peace is made
With God, thro' Jesu's Blood!
Safely they fit within the Shade,
When Terrors are abroad.

II.

No Troubles can affright their Souls,
Or tempt them to despair:
In darkest Nights when Tempests roll
They see the Havens fair.

III

They know their House on Earth that stands
Will no long Time endure;
But they've a House not made with Hands,
In Heav'n eternal sure.

IV

They long for the commanding Word
To drop their heavy Clay,
And be forever with the LORD,

In Realms of endless Day.

Tho' they in fiery Chariots ride
To their eternal Rest;
Their Faith and Patience thus are try'd,
And they forever blest.

F

VI.

Let Faith and Patience then endure, These Pains will soon be past, And then the Pleasures they ensure Eternally shall last!

VII.

Then fear not suffering, no nor Death, Nor ought that Men can do: Believe in God with steady Faith, His Arm shall bear you thro'.

XVII. Another Post-script of a LETTER,

To my honour'd PARENTS and FRIENDS in Scotland, 1746, before the Rebellion was quell'd

HOLD out, Faith, and Patience too, Thefe fhort Troubles to go thro': Soon they will be over-past, And Salvation ye shall taste. Think upon the great Reward, To be ever with the LORD! To behold his smiling Face, And adore his matchless Grace! With the Saints and Angels fing Hallelujah's to your King! Endless will these Pleasures be, Void of Sin and Mifery! Yield not then, nor be afraid, But implore JEHOVAH's Aid, To affift you in your Race, With his alsufficient Grace.

Thus

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 51

Thus implore with one Accord,

- " Grant us Faith and Patience, LORD;
- " For alas, without thy Grace,
- " We shall faint and lose the Race:
- " But if thou wilt Grace afford,
- " We shall then obey thy Word:
- " No more shall we yield to Fear,
- " Knowing thou art ever near.
- " LORD thou art our mighty Friend,
- "O, affift us to the End!
- " Then shall we thy Name adore,
- "When we reach the heav'nly shore:
- " Joyfully we then shall fing,
- " Praise to thee, our heav'nly King.

<u>********</u>

XVIII. The PLEASURE of

PUBLICK WORSHIP

From PSALM 1xxxiv. 1, 2, 10, 7, 12.

I.

HOW amiable are thy Courts,
O LORD of Hosts, to me,
When thither my glad Soul reforts,
And holds Converse with thee!

II.

But when by Providence my Feet
Are kept from thine Abode,
With panting Heart 1 long to meet,
Thy Prefence, O my God!

F 2

III. Much

III.

Much rather would I keep the Door
Where thou delights to dwell,
Than shine in Courts bedeck'd with Ore
Amongst the Heirs of Hell.

IV.

Sien, O fweet delightful Place!
There would my Soul abide,
And live upon the Feasts of Grace,
Thy King does there provide.

v.

Thrice happy he, O God of Hoft, Whose Hope is in thy Name: His Soul shall in a SAVIOUR boast, Nor be exposed to shame.

XIX. A Song of Praise and Thanksgiving to God,

For the Victory obtain'd over the Rebels at Culloden-Moor, April the 16th 1746.

I.

I OR D, thou hast heard our humble Cries, And seen our flowing Tears; And sent Deliverance from the Skies, To chase our gloomy Fears.

П

When Savage-Beafts in humam Shape In num'rous Swarms did roar; And wide their yawning Jaws did gape, Thy People to devour.

III. LORD,

III

LORD, thou didft stop their threat'ning Breath, By thine almighty Pow'r;

And fav'd us from the Taws of Death In the distressive Hour!

IV.

Our Lives, our Laws, our Liberties; Our All had been their Prev. Had not the LORD (to their Surprize) Appear'd for us that Day.

V.

So, LORD, as thou our all didft fave From their devouring Taws, We now devote the All we have To thee, who gain'd our Caufe.

[Thefe Savage-Beafts (unus'd to fear) Did flee before our Face; Because thou didst for us appear, And put them to Difgrace.

VII.

Let others boast of Strength and Skill, But we will praise the LORD, Who guards us fafe from ev'ry Ill: His Name shall be ador'd.7

VIII.

Oh! let us never more forget What to the LORD we owe. Who did our haughty Foes defeat With fuch a humbling Blow.

F 3

IX.

Oh! ye, who humbly fought his Face In that distressive Hour; Forget not now to praise his Grace, His Wisdom, Love and Power.

X.

Remember now the Vows ye made, Amidst your Fear and Grief: Now let your solemn Vows be paid, 'To him who sent Relief.

XX. A SERIOUS THOUGHT

On May the 9th, 1747.

THIS Day arriv'd to twenty feven,
but, ah! still how unfit for Heaven!
How vain I've spent my youthful Days!
Yet LORD, thy Vengeance still delays!
O may thy Goodness melt my Heart,
And make me from each Lust depart!
LORD, give me Grace now to abhor
Each Dellilah I lov'd before;
And let CHRIST JESU'S Blood atone
For all the Follies I have done!
This is the only Plea I have,
Whereby a Pardon I may crave:
O let me then by this prevail,
None can plead this aright and fail.

My next Petition LORD, I make (And this likewise for JESU's Sake) Is that I may this Day begin To live to Thee, and die to Sin: And if thou dost prolong my Days, Make me an Instrument of Praise, Till I am fitted to aspire, And join the bright celestial Choir,

XXI. The BENEFIT of PUBLICK WORSHIP; Or, a SONG of PRAISE for the LORD'S-DAY Morning.

THINK, O my Soul what thou dost lose, When absent from thy Maker's House, When he with smiling Face descends To meet and bless his faithful Friends!

11

Where e'er they meet for Praise or Pray'r, The LORD is present with them there, To hear their Praises, and Complaints, And to supply their num'rous Wants.

III.

And is not his a gracious Ear, He bids us ask and he will hear; Nor only hear, but our Request Fulfil, if Wisdom see it best?

IV.

Then let us to his House repair To offer up our Praise and Pray'r: Humbly approach his Throne of Grace, And seek the God of Jacob's Face.

V.

Does not one Day to hear his Voice Exceed a World of carnal Joys, Where brightest Scenes of Mirth appear, That end in Trouble, Grief and Fear?

VI.

Then joyful hail the facred Day, On which he doth his Love display: With chearful Hearts let us rejoice This Day to hear our Maker's Voice.

VII.

This is the Day our JESUS rofe, And vanquish'd all our dreadful Foes: Then let us all rejoice to fing Praise to the LAMB, our Heav'nly King!

VIII.

He broke the Prison of the Grave,
And Death a mortal Wound he gave:
Believers now triumphant sing,
"O Death! where is thy bitter Sting?

IX.

"O Grave! where is thy Victory?
"Our Bodies fafe in thee shall lie,

" Till Christ shall ope our slumb'ring Eyes,

" And bid our fleeping Dust arise.

XXII.

XXII. SELF-EXAMINATION, On a Lord's Day Evening.

1.

MY Soul, what hast thou learnt this Day? How far advanc'd thy heav'nly Way? One Sabbath more thou hast enjoy'd, But ah, how hast thou been employ'd?

II.

Hast thou on Contemplation's Wings Been foaring toward heav'nly Things, And feeking for a blest Abode With thy REDEEMER, and thy GOD?

III.

What if this Sabbath now should be The last that thou on Earth must see, Art thou prepared now to spend A Sabbath that shall never end?

IV.

Hath Faith been active? hast thou heard The Word of God, with due Regard? And didst thou with a Heart fincere Join in his Worship, Praise and Pray'r?

V.

Or hast thou run these Duties o'er With thoughtless Heart as heretosore Thou oft hast done? O Conscience speak, And saithfully my Errors check.

VI. My

VI.

My Soul, confider (ere too late)
The Danger of thy present State,
If Sin be not yet mortify'd
CHRIST'S Blood to thee is not apply'd
VII.

And if thou canst no Sweetness taste
In holy Duties, then thou hast
No Title to the Joys above,
Where all is Praise and perfect Love.
VIII.

My Soul, confider then thy Cafe, Whilst yet it is a Day of Grace, Nor let fost Slumbers close thine Eye 'Till thou to Christ for Refuge sly.

IX.

Then fprinkled with atoning Blood, Thou mayst lie down at Peace with God, And take thy Rest and sleep secure, Tho' these frail Eyes should wake no more.

ASONG of PRAISE,

For Rain after a parching Drought, written on that Occasion in May 1743.

I.

Y E Britons all, with one Accord, Adore the Goodness of the LORD, Who reigns supreme in Heav'n above, Yet visits Men with special Love.

H. When

II.

When Nature languishing did mourn; The Fields with parching Drought did burn, His Mercy sent refreshing Rain, To chear the thirsty Earth again.

III.

The flow'ry Fields his Praife express, And Beasts who taste the springing Grass, And Birds with chearful Voices sing The Praises of their heav'nly King.

IV

Then shall ungrateful Man refrain, And have his Voice to sing in vain? Shall we who share his choicest Love The most ungrateful Creatures prove?

V.

Oh, no! with chearful Hearts rejoice, And praise the LORD with thankful Voice! Let every Sex, and every Age, In this delightful Work engage.

VI.

Praise him who sends you fresh Supplies Of Mercies daily from the Skies; Nor let the Beast untaught and rude Upbraid your base Ingratitude.

VII.

Life, Health, and Wealth, and daily Food, And all we have we owe to GoD; Then shall our base ungrateful Tongues Deny the Tribute of their Songs?

VIII. No!

VIII.

No! let us thankfully record The matchless Goodness of the LORD. And all his wond'rous Mercies great To every rifing Age repeat.

<mark>ቚቚ</mark>ቚቚቚቚቚቚቚቚቚቚቝቝቝቝቝቝቝቝቝቝቝቚቚቚቚቚቚቝቝቝቝቝቝዀዀቚ

XXIV. The unequal WAR; or, the Power and Goodness of GoD; and the Folly and Madness of SINNERS in rebelling against him: From ToB. ix. 4. As the 112th PSALM.

WHO e'er presum'd the unequal War,
With his Creator GOD to jar, And did obtain the Victory? What did old Lucifer obtain, With all his great and mighty Train, Who first the foolish Match did try?

When he in heav'nly Glory dwelt, And no Pain but Ambition felt, Because he was not Head supreme; He founded then his loud Alarms, And call d his Legions all to Arms, With lofty Hopes of mighty Fame.

The great IEHOVAH with a Smile, Their fruitless Hopes did soon beguile, A Moment makes them all expire! He needed not to lift his Rod, But with an awful Frown or Nod, He dash'd them down to endless Fire!

IV.

There do the wretched Traytors lie,
And must thro' all Eternity,
Bound fast with strong immortal Chains!
And still instead of Hopes of Ease,
Their Misries constantly increase,
Expecting daily siercer Pains!

V.

And what did our first Parents gain,
When they in Paradise did reign,
Blest with immortal Life and Peace?
When they did venture to rebell,
How soon they from their Glory fell,
And ruin'd all their unborn Race!

VI.

And what have any of their Seed (Who did their foolish Foot-Steps tread) Gain'd by this mad unequal War? Can any mighty mortal boast That he his MAKER's Will hath crost, Or did his glorious Purpose mar?

VII.

When he upon the winged Wind Rides to fulfil fome grand Defign,
Who then can stop his whir'ling Carr?
Or when upon the raging Flame
He rides to vindicate his Name,
Who can withstand the God of War?

G VIII. Le-

VIII.

Legions of Angels round him stand,
All ready arm'd at his Command,
His Acts of Justice to perform!
Swifter than Lightning from the Skies,
Destruction darting from their Eyes,
To blast the bold, the Rebel Worm!

IX.

Then tremble, O you mortal Worms!
And now lay down your hostile Arms
At your CREATOR's awful Feet.
This is much brighter Wisdom far,
Than thus t' attempt th' unequal War,
Against a Being infinite!

X.

Come then, and bow before the LORD, Before he draws his glitt'ring Sword, For if his Fury once arife,
Ten thousand Worlds will in his Hand Be as a fingle Grain of Sand,
That on proud Neptune's Margin lies!

XI.

Amazing Pow'r; yet richer Grace
Shines in our great CREATOR's Face,
When he in CHRIST is reconcil'd!
When a poor Penitent doth come
By Faith in CHRIST, he takes him Home,
And makes him his adopted Child!

XII. Such

XII.

Such is his Power, and fuch his Love, The Eagle temper'd with the Dove,

A God of Power, a God of Grace! Come then, my Soul, with holy Awe, Let this thy best Affections draw, And humbly bow before his Face.

XXV. ASONG of PRAISE to God

GREAT God, eternal, and supreme, Who can thy boundless Praise express? Thy brightest Angels for this Theme Their Insufficiency confess.

II.

But ah, what then are Worms of Clay To shew the Glory of thy Name, When Angels in their bright Array Can never grasp the mighty Theme!

III.

Justice might pour devouring Flame
On us, in everlasting Showers,
Should we presume to take thy Name
In such polluted Lips as ours.

IV.

But, LORD, fince thou doft condescend T' accept of Praise from Adam's Race; My Soul in sweet Amazement stands At this surprizing Stoop of Grace!

V.

I too would try to fpeak thy Praife, Thou MAKER of my humble Frame; But ah, what Honeurs can I raife To thy eternal glorious Name?

VI.

For all the bright celestial Choir (So far surpassing mortal Man)
Can ne'er advance thy Glory high'r
Than 'twas ere Time itself began!

VII.

My Soul's in Admiration lost, When I thy Greatness think upon: The Grandeur of th' Angelic Host, And order of thy Heav'nly Throne!

VIII.

There thou the great JEHOVAH reigns,
MAKER of all created Things!
Immensity alone contains
The LORD of LORDS, and KING of KINGS!

IX.

Thou art from all Eternity, And to Eternity the fame! All Things are naked to thine Eye, And subject to thy Pow'r supreme.

X.

Eternally thy Schemes were laid, According to thy holy Will, Before the Heav'ns or Earth was made: A 11 Things thy Purpofes fulfill.

XI. There's

XI.

There's not an Infect, Worm, or Flie, Bird, Beast, or Man unknown to thee! At thy Command they live and die, According to thy great Decree!

XII.

Thy Wisdom, Pow'r, and Holiness, Justice, and Truth, and Goodness shine. With Beams fo bright, none can express Which Attribute is most divine!

XIII.

Who can by fearching find out Thee, The great Infinite and Unknown? In Essence One, in Persons Three. Known only to thyfelf alone!

XIV.

The Universe at thy Command Rofe out of Nothing at thy Word! And still the spacious Fabrick stands, To shew the Glory of its LORD,

XV

Each of thy Works proclaim thy Praife, According to their various Kinds: How wond'rous are thy Works and Ways? In all infinite Wifdom shines!

XVI.

In Nature's Book I fee thy Face With most transcendant Lustre shine; But when I read thy Book of Grace, I fee thy Glories more divine.

XVII.

When Faith beholds thy matchles Grace Sending thy dear beloved Son, To die for Adam's guilty Race, Who had themselves by Sin undone.

XVIII.

Lo, here thy Wisdom, Pow'r and Love, Seem each to vie which shall out shine; While Justice does the Scheme approve, And Truth Confirms the Act divine!

XIX.

Here Angels wonder and adore This matchless Stoop of Love divine; Yet can they not the Depth explore; 'Tis deep and high beyond their Line!

XX.

Yet still they gaze and wonder on, And praise thy Name with sweet Delight; And own the Infinite Unknown Is far above created Sight!

XXI.

LORD, I would also list mine Eyes To see the Wonders thou hast done: T' adore those glorious Misteries, Reveal'd to me by Christ thy Son.

XXII,

O! draw me by the Cords of Love, And teach me daily to aspire; 'Till I'm prepar'd to dwell above, And join the bright Angelic-Choir.

XXVI.

Advice to Youth;

Or. Serious

EXHORTATIONS

To my own CHILDREN.

I. To my Son WILLIAM, Aged II YEARS, 1754.

IN/ ILLIAM my first-born Son, attend Upon the Counfels of my Mouth: Remember now thy latter End. And thy CREATOR in thy Youth.

Think now how much of Life is spent In Vanity, and childish Toys; And think how foon thou wilt be fent To endless Woes, or endless Joys.

Think also how unfit thou art For fuch a vast and dreadful Change; And how thy Soul from Flesh must part, To trace a Road fo dark and strange!

IV. Then

IV.

Then if it's not prepar'd to dwell With CHRIST, in everlasting Light; Down to the dreadful Lake of Hell, With trembling it must take its Flight!

V.

Then think how Flesh and Soul must meet, And must united be again; And stand before CHRIRT's Judgment Seat, And thence be doom'd to endless Pain!

VI.

Then down to the *infernal* Lake United they must trembling fly, And there their dreadful Portion take, And that through all Eternity!

VII.

And there in Torments Night and Day They must endure an endless Storm; For on the Vitals there will prey The quenchless Fire, and deathless Worm!

VIII.

Then think how dreadful 'tis to die Unfanctify'd, and thus prepar'd To launch into Eternity, In Hell to have thy last Reward!

IX.

O dreadful Thought! forevermore In Hell's infernal Chains to lie! In endless Burnings there to roar, And long for Death, yet never die! This is the Portion of all those Who do against the LORD rebell; And do not with his Gospel close, Their Part must be the Lake of Hell.

.1X

Then, O my Son, I pray be wife, And with my Counfel now comply; So shalt thou gain the glorious Prize, Laid up with CHRIST above the Sky.

XII.

The Gospel is the Field wherein The Pearle of greatest Price is found; It leads us to the Flood where Sin, And Guilt shall be forever drown'd.

XIII.

But know this is a fealed Book, The Treasure herein hidden lies; So none can clearly therein look Till GoD anoint their nat'ral Eyes.

XIV.

Then humbly bow before the Face Of thy CREATOR, and implore A Portion of his faving Grace, To guide thee to the heav'nly Shore.

XV.

Then fee thou make God's Word thy Rule; Invoke his Spirit for thy Guide: Beg that he would conduct thy Soul Where Streams of living Waters glide.

XVI. Ob-

XVI.

Observe what's in his Word forbid, And what's commanded mind with Care: Those facred Truths shall not be hid, If fought with humble fervent Pray'r.

In Paths of Truth, in Paths of Grace,
Beg that the LORD would guide thy Way:
Nor in this World's dark Wilderness,
Leave thee in Error's Path to stray.

XVIII.

Thus humbly walk before thy GoD;
Observe his Will with careful Eye;
So shalt thou find the narrow Road
That leads to endless Joys on high.

There Sweets celestial well resin'd
At God's Right-hand forever dwell,
To feast thyself immortal Mind,
Beyond what Thoughts, or Words can tell.
XX.

O then forfake each vain Delight, And feek this bleft immortal Prize: There's Day without fucceeding Night, And pure unmixt eternal Joys.



II. To my Son J A M E S, Aged 9 YEARS. 1754.

I.

JAMES, thou my Namefake, pray obey The Counfels that I give this Day:
This will make glad thy Father's Heart,
And Comfort to thyfelf impart.

II.

Remember thy Creator God, Now in the Days of youthful Blood, Before the evil Days draw on When carnal Joys shall all be gone.

III.

If thou feek not thy Maker's Grace, Till Death shall stare thee in the Face; Think then how dreadful it will be To launch into Eternity!

IV.

Short is the Date of carnal Joys,
They're all but false and flatt'ring Toys:
The best Enjoyment Earth affords
Are fainting Shadows, flatt'ring Words.

V.

Then, O my Son, fix not thy Heart On Things that leave a lasting Smart; But now in Youth set thou thy Mind On Pleasures solid and resin'd.

VI. But

VI.

But ask'ft thou where these Pleasures lie?
I answer far above the Sky,
At God's Right-hand; there Pleasures dwell,
Beyond the Pow'r of Tongues to tell.

VII.

But fay'st thou, how shall I get there, And of those boundless Pleasures share? I'll show thee how thou mayst obtain Those Joys that ever shall remain:

VIII.

Begin betimes to feek the LORD, And fearch the Treasures of his Word: Oft humbly bow before his Face, And beg a Portion of his Grace.

IX.

Beg that he early would begin To kill in thee the Pow'r of Sin; And that he would thy Heart incline To keep his Statutes all divine.

X.

Beg that he would on thee befow Thefe heav'nly Graces here below, Faith, Knowledge, Zeal, Hope, Patience, Love, And Glory with himfelf above.

XI.

Then still maintain a valiant Fight Against each carnal vain Delight: A Fight against each darling Sin, And strive to keep thy Conscience clean.

XII. This

XII.

This is the Way t'obtain the Prize, Laid up with CHRIST above the Skies, Where everlasting Pleasures dwell, Beyond the Pow'r of Tongues to tell.

XIII.

If thus thou feek'ft thou shalt obtain; None ever truly fought in vain: No faithful Soul shall ever find The LORD unsaithful or unkind.

XIV.

But if thou dost my Words despise, And wilt not seek this glorious Prize, Know then thy Place must shortly be In everlasting Misery!

XV.

Children who stubbornly reject
Their Parents Words, and still neglect
To feek the God of Jacob's Face,
The Lake of Hell must be their Place:

XVI.

Where Fire and Brimstone's all their Fare, With endless Wailing and Despair! Yea, endless Woe and constant Grief, Forbids their hoping for Relief.

XVII.

This is the Portion of all those, Who do the Word of Truth oppose: But those who sear the LORD shall find, He's gracious, merciful and kind.

H

XVIII. Thus

XVIII.

Thus have I fet before thine Eyes, Life and the bright immortal Prize; Death and the endless Pangs of Woe, Let Reason chuse which of the Two:

XIX.

For one of these must surely be Thy Portion thro' Eternity! Then, O my Son, in Time be wise, And chuse the bright immortal Prize,

XX.

Then let thy Lot be rich or poor, Heav'n will be thy eternal Store: True Pleasure shall thy Life attend, And Glory at thy latter End.

<u>****</u>

III. To my Son J O H N. Aged Seven Years, 1754.

1

JOHN, thou my Son, my sprightly Boy, Come hearken to my Voice; Let pious Thoughts thy Mind employ, And make the LORD thy Choice.

11.

Begin betimes to feek his Face, And fear his holy Name: This will afford thy Soul true Peace, And keep thy Face from Shame.

III.

Beg that he would direct thy Way
In Paths of Truth and Grace;
Nor leave thy wand'ring Feet to stray
In this dark Wilderness.

IV.

Strive daily more to know his Will, In order to Obey; And beg that he thy Soul wou'd fill, With Grace from Day to Day.

V.

This is the Way to Happiness,
Where endless Pleasures dwell;
While Sinners, (who feek not his Grace,)
Are plunged into Hell.

VI.

There Fire and Brimftone on them rolls, In one eternal Storm:

And Confcience preys upon their Souls
Like an immortal Worm!

VII.

Then, O my Son, be wife betimes, And feek the heav'nly Prize; And Shun those base voluptuous Crimes That would attract thine Eyes.

VIII.

Let no vain Thoughts thy Mind employ,
Nor foolish Words thy Tongue:
Thy Parents see that thou Obey,
That here thy Days be long.

H 2

IX. Against

IX.

Against all foolish empty Toys, Maintain a constant Fight: With wicked rude mischievous Boys, See thou take no Delight.

X.

Vain Pleasures are the worst of Foes, That War against the Soul; And if thou dost not them oppose, They will thee soon controul.

XI.

Then still implore thy Maker's aid,
To guide thy wand'ring Feet;
So shalt thou in due time be made
A Conqueror complete.

XII.

Come then, my Son, in early Years,
Begin to fear the LORD:
This will prevent a thousand Snares,
And heav'nly Joys afford.

XIII.

Think now what Pleafure and Content 'Twill yield in antient Days, To fee that all thy Life was fpent In holy pious Ways!

XIV.

Or if the LORD should fee it best, In Youth to cut thee down, The sooner thou wilt be at Rest; The sooner reach thy Crown: Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety.

For there are glorious Crowns prepar'd For ev'ry faithful One, Who truly loves and fears the LORD, When mortal Life is gone.

XVI.

Nor are celestial Toys conceal'd 'Till up to Heav'n they go; But heav'nly Toys are oft reveal'd To Saints while here below.

XVII.

But those who do forfake the LORD, Or never feek his Grace, Shall be eternally abhor'd, And banish'd from his Face,

XVIII.

Down in the black infernal Lake, They must forever dwell, Who will not here a Warning take, And thun the Road to Hell.

IV. To my Son L A Z A R U S, Aged 5 YEARS. 1754.

* TORD-Help, is thy dear Name, O, may thy Nature be

Renew'd by Grace, to feek the fame, From Sin to fet thee free!

* So the Word LAZARUS fignifies-

H 3

II. His

II.

His Help thou much dost need, Poor filly feeble Worm! Without his gracious aid indeed, Thou nothing can'ft perform.

III.

O, may'ft thou imitate
Thy antient Name-Sake's Ways;
Then tho' thou be in low Estate,
To Heav'n God will thee raise!

IV.

Poor Lazarus in Rags,
And putrifying Wounds
Laid at the rich Man's Gates to beg
The Leavings of his Hounds.

V.

Tho' he could not obtain
One fympathizing Word,
But haughty Frowns and vile Difdain
From that luxurious Lord:

VI.

Yet when to God he pray'd, He heard his faithful Cries, And fent his Angels fafe to guide His Soul above the Skies!

VII.

While with an angry Frown
(As facred Scriptures tell)
He cast that Epicur'an down
Into the lowest Hell!

VIII.

O, may'st thou Warning take!
Now in thy Days of Youth,
Do thou the Ways of Vice forsake,
And chuse the Paths of Truth.

IX.

Then will the LORD thee raife Above the Stary Sky, To fee his Face, and fing his Praife, Thro' all Eternity.

XXVII. A general Exhortation to my Four SONS.

I.

COME, O my dear beloved Sons, Obey your Father's Voice: All mortal Vanities renounce, And make a wifer Choice.

II.

For 'tis your endless Happiness
Alone that I intend,
Which makes me kindly you Address,
Thus like a faithful Friend.

III.

Come then, my little Children dear, And hearken to my Voice: Now make it in your Youth appear, That Virtue is your Choice,

IV.

O, live in Love and Unity; Your angry Passions quell; And still in true Humility, Each other strive t' excell.

V.

Oh! how delightful 'tis to fee, Children with one Accord, All in united Bands agree To love and fear the LORD!

VI.

This would afford me more Delight
Than if this World were mine,
To fee my Children all Unite,
And with true Virtue shine.

VII

And think how much this will redound To your own Happiness, If ye in Faith and Love abound, And ev'ry Christian Grace:

VIII.

Whatever ye on Earth possess, Riches or Poverty;

The LORD your happy Souls will blefs, And ev'ry Want supply.

IX,

Then happy ye, in Life and Death, And thro' Eternity, If ye purfue this holy Path That leads to Joys on high?

X. Come

X.

Come then, my dear beloved Sons, This holy Track purfue; So shall ye be such happy Ones, Here and hereaster too.

XI.

Then early feek your Maker's Grace, And pardon thro' CHRIST's Blood, That ye complete in Righteoufness May stand before your God.

XIL

Then happy, happy, shall ye be, When CHRIST to Earth descends, To judge the World, and to set free The Bodies of his Friends!

XIII.

Then shall ye join the Saints on high, And Crowns of Glory wear; Yea reign with CHRIST eternally, Secure from ev'ry Snare!

XIV

Oh! the bright Triumphs of that Day, When CHRIST again shall come, To raise his Saints in bright Array, And safe conduct them Home!

XV.

O! think what fweet transporting Joys This will to Saints afford, To join the Armies of the Skies, With CHRIST their dearest LORD!

XVI.

But know that nothing that's unclean Before God's holy Eye, Shall ever be admitted in To that Society.

XVII.

The Scriptures plainly doth exclude,
The Wanton, and Profane;
Thieves, Liars, Murd'rers, and the Proud,
Shall never Heav'n obtain!

XVIII.

Except they're wash'd in Jesu's Blood, And fanctify'd by Grace, They cannot stand before a God Of perfect Holiness,

XIX.

O then, my Sons, I pray take heed To keep your Garments clean; And beg to be entirely freed From each prevailing Sin.

XX.

Avoid all wicked Company,
With Diligence and Care;
And keep a conftant watchful Eye
On ev'ry hurtful Snare.

XXI.

Carnal Delights may now appear,
With fair inviting Smiles;
But still remember and beware
Of Satan's crafty Wiles.

XXII. Fair

XXII,

Fair Baits he'll lay before your Eyes, To draw you to his Gin; And whofoe'r believes his Lies, Are furely caught therein.

XXIII.

But fee that boldly ye refift
His base deceitful Charms:
Draw near to God and he'll assist,
And guard you with his Arms.

XXIV.

Depend not then on your own Strength, But on a Saviour trust; So shall he bring you safe at length To dwell among the Just.

XXV.

Let Briars and Thorns befet their Way, And Darkness veil the Sky; Still they are safe, and only they, That on the LORD rely.

XXVI.

Thus have I fet before your Eyes
The Way to Mansions fair,
Where you may find th' immortal Prize,
And 'scape the Tempter's Snare.

XXVII.

Now if ye will not hear my Voice, But chuse the Road to Hell; Then ye must take your woful Choice, And there forever dwell.

XXVIII.

The YOUTH's Prayer for Wisdom, Or the Word of GOD the best Guide: From Psalm exix. 9.

1.

HOW shall the Youth secure his Way, From Error's gloomy Path? How find the Road to endless Day, And shun eternal Death?

II.

Thy Word, O LORD, with Light and Pow'r, Directs our doubtful Way; And fafe conducts us to the Shore Of everlasting Day.

III.

Thy Word, O LORD, tho' often try'd, Still void of Dross appears: Not all the Books on Earth beside, Such happy Truth declares.

IV.

Here I am brought to understand
The dire Defert of Sin;
And how I may at thy Right-Hand
Drink endless Pleasures in.

V

But, LORD, without thy Spirit's Aid, The Letters dead appear: Nor Threats nor Promifes there made, Excite my Hope or Fear. VI.

But when thy Spirit with thy Word Celestial Truth reveals, It's like a sharp two Elged Sword, It wounds, and also heals,

VII.

It opens our beclouded Eyes,
And makes the Blind to fee:
Makes Rich the Poor, the Simple Wife,
And fets the Captives free.

VIII.

Not Honey unto hungry Souls
Such sweetness can afford,
As when true Faith with Joy beholds,
The Treasures in thy Word.

IX.

LORD, let thy Spirit then direct, My ever doubtful Feet; Then shall I with all eue Respect Esteem thy Precepts sweet.

X.

Thy Law and Gospel then shall be, My study Day and Night, When thou hast op'd mine Eyes to see Those Treasures with Delight.

On May the 20th N. S. 1753.

THIS Day to Thirty-two arriv'd, But ah, how carelefs have I liv'd! How have I fpent my precious Time? In Vanity my choicest Prime! And now the Bloom of Youth is gone, And Age is now a hast'ning on; Ere long, I know, I must appear Before my MAKER's awful Bar: But, LORD, alas! what have I done, Thy Love t'obtain, thy Wrath to shun? A base Transgressor I have been, A Slave to Satan and to Sin. LORD! should'st thou for thine injur'd Grace Contend, I fall before thy Face! Guilty, and felf-condemn'd I own, Deferving thy Eternal Frown. But LORD, I humbly would implore, For JESU's Sake, wipe out my Score, And wash my Soul in that rich Flood Of Water pure, and crimfon Blood, That sprang from his dear wounded Side, When he for Sinners freely died: Then shall I stand before thy Face, A Miracle of Sov'reign Grace; Thy matchless Love I'll then adore, For ever on the Heav'nly Shore.

XXX.

CHRIST a Light to the GENTILES; Or, a Song of Praise for the Gospel. Isaiah, xlii. 6, 7.

I.

OH! how illustrious was the Day, When JESUS CHRIST appear'd, And chas'd the gloomy Nightaway, And all the Shadows clear'd.

11.

We Gentiles in this British Isle, In Error's Gloom did lie, 'Till Jesus deign'd on us to fmile; And brought Salvation nigh.

III.

O! how we worship'd Wood and Stone, The Work of our own Hands, Before the Saviour Christ was known, Within these British Lands.

IV.

But now we're taught the glorious Way, That leads us fafe to Heav'n; And Christ our dreadful Debt to pay, His precious Blood hath giv'n.

V.

O Britons! then with all your Tongues, His matchless Love adore; And let your ever grateful Songs, Rebound from Shore to Shore.

I 2

VI.

JESUS, to Thee, our Songs of Praife, With thankful Hearts we bring; We'll celebrate thy matchless Grace, And thy Salvation sing.

VII

All Praise to Thee, incarnate God, Eternally be giv'n, Who with thine own most precious Blood, Hath made our Peace with Heav'n.

VIII.

Faint are our Praises here below,
But when to Heav'n we rife,
Our Souls enflam'd with Love shall flow,
In endless Extasses.

XXXI. Prayer for the Enlargement of CHRIST's Kingdom upon Earth. Mat. vi. 10.

Thy Kingdom come.

I.

Make all the Nations fee
The Pow'r and Glory of thy Word,
And bow to CHRIST the Knee.

II.

Pity the Nations, LORD, that lie In Error's gloomy Shade; And let the Day-spring from on High, Around their Tents be spread.

III. Fain

III.

Fain would we fee thy Gospel Grace, Through all the Earth display'd; And ev'ry Soul of Adam's Race, Thy faithful Subjects made.

IV.

Shall not thy Gospel as the Sun,
Through all the Nations shine?
All bow to CHRIST thy Son and own,
His Sov'reign Pow'r divine?

V

O let them be his Subjects now, By legal Threats purfu'd! And to his Gospel Scepter bow; By Sov'reign Grace subdu'd.

VI.

When Gentiles, Greeks and Jews Shall turn to thee with one Accord, Unable to Refuse.

VII.

Gird on thy Sword upon thy Thigh,
O thou most mighty Prince!
And ride forth now Victoriously,
The Nations to convince.

VIII.

Snatch thou the Prey from Satan's Jaws, By Sov'reign Pow'r divine: Now vindicate thy Righteous Caufe, And be the Glory Thine.

1 3

XXXII. A

XXXII.

A Song of Praise to GOD for National Protection.

Ī.

GREAT GOD of Hosts, to Thee we owe,
Our Life and safe Abode,
For all above, and all below
Are govern'd by thy Nod.

II.

We Britons in this Northern Isle,
Tho' but a little Band,
Sit fafe beneath thy gracious Smile;
Defended by thy Hand.

111.

LORD, 'tis by thine Almighty Arm,
That we in fafety dwell;
Secure from all the threaten'd Harm,
Of haughty Rome and Hell.

IV.

And should we this attribute LORD,
To any Thing but Thee,
How salse, ungrateful, and absurd,
Would this our Conduct be?

V.

But LORD, we own thy pow'rful Hand; Thy Goodness we adore, And still to bless our sinful Land, We earnestly implore.

Remove our Guilt, reform our Ine, Make Wars and Tumults ceafe. On us, LORD, let thy Presence smile. And give us endless Peace.

To be our Guard, continue Thou, And let us ne'r forget, That all we have, to thee we owe, As an Eternal Debt.

XXXIII.

The straight Way to HEAVEN. From feveral Scriptures.

"TAKE up thy Crofs and follow me (The dear Redeemer faith)

" If you would my Disciples be, " And chuse the Heav'nly Path.

"Whofo will fuffer shame and Loss, "Yea, part with all for me;

" With Faith and Patience bear the Cros,

" Shall my Disciples be.

III.

" But whofo is a sham'd of me " Before the Sons of Men;

" Of him will I ashamed be,

"When I return again.

IV.

"And he who counteth House or Lands,
"Or Friends, or Life too dear,

"To part with, when my Cause demands, Shall have in me no share.

V.

"But those who part with all they have,
"For me, with willing Mind,

"Shall better Things on Earth receive,
"And Life Eternal find."

VI.

Who then will freely venture all For the REDEEMER's fake?
Come now obedient at his Call,
And endless Life partake.

VII.

Who will the fweets of Sense let go,
With it's alluring Charms,
And cast their naked Souls into
The dear REDEEMER's Arms?

VIII.

Alas, O LORD, in vain we ask One Soul of Alam's Race, To venture on fo hard a Task, Without renewing Grace.

IX.

But, LORD, fpeak thou one pow'rful Word, And by thy Grace divine, Each Idol Lust that we ador'd, We'll chearfully refign.

XXXIV. The

XXXIV. The P O W E R Sovereign Grace.

I.

ONG have I obstinately stood Against thy Gospel Call; But now by Sov'reign Grace fubdu'd, LORD, at thy Feet I fall.

TT.

The Preacher with laborious Skill, Hath try'd and try'd again, To conquer this my stubborn Will, With Reasons strong, in vain.

III.

Sinai's fierce Thunders oft I've heard. Like Trumpets founding loud; But little did my Soul regard, 'Till Grace my Heart fubdu'd.

IV

Not all the Terrors of the Law Could e'er my Will fubdue, Till Grace my frozen Heart did thaw, And form'd my Soul anew.

Of nat'ral Powers let others boaft, And Self acquired Skill; And fay that Man hath never loft The Freedom of his Will.

VI.

Of nat'ral Strength I'll boast no more, Or any Will of mine: Thy Love in CHRIST, LORD, I adore, And sov'reign Grace divine.

XXXV. An ELEGY on the Death Of a Christian Friend.

L OR D, we must own thy Sentence just, That doth command us back to Dust; For ever be the Thought abhor'd, That would attempt a murm'ring Word, Against thy righteous Hand O LORD!

Yet LORD, when thou thy Summons fends, And tak'st away our dearest Friends, Suffer us humbly thus to vent Our Grief, their Absence to lament.

Nature, O LORD, cannot forbear
To mourn a faithful Friend fo dear;
A Friend indeed it is we mourn,
Whose Conduct here, did well adorn
Each Station of the human Life,
A Neighbour, Mother, and a Wife;
A Christian, humble and sincere,
Who strove to keep her Conscience clear:
A tender sympathizing Friend,
Who freely would Assistance lend
To all in a distressive Hour,
So far as it was in her Pow'r.

Her very Soul was fill'd with Love Infus'd by the celestial Dove :... No Rancour broil'd within her Breast, For Love each clam'rous Thought supprest; Fair Picture of the Saints above. Whose whole Delight is Praise and Love. All who her Conversation knew Must own this Character is true. O, who can then forbear a Groan When fuch a faithful Friend is gone? Nature must tremble at the Stroke When fuch endearing Bonds are broke; Yet, O my Friends with Patience bear; Let Prudence stop the falling Tear; Nor let an unbecoming Flood Provoke a wife disposing GoD. Remember still with humble Awe, Death came by breaking of God's Law: Then let us not count him fevere When he removes our Friends most dear; For all have fin'd, we plainly know, And Death's the smallest Debt we owe To God, whose holy Law we broke, And did refuse his gentle Yoak. But, O, the Goodness of the LORD That hath our dying Hopes restor'd, Death is no real Punishment To any true and faithful Saint, 'Tis but the Door that lets them in, Where everlasting Joys begin.

Then let us bless our SAVIOUR GOD, That pav'd the dark and gloomy Road, And made the Punishment to prove The Way to endless Joys above.

Cease then, my Friends, each dull Complaint, Nor let your drooping Spirits faint, Let Faith and Hope thus ease your Pain,

- "The Time is short that doth remain
- " Ere we shall joyful meet again!
- "O happy Time when we shall meet
- "In endless Joys divinely sweet!
- " Death then no more shall cut the Chain,
- " Nor shall we ever part again.
- "O with what Pleasure and Surprize
- " Shall we (with Saints above the Skies)
- " Join in eternal Extafies!
- "This World is but a Wilderness;
- " Heav'n is our proper resting Place;
- "There, there the Weary are at Rest,
- " Nor Guilt nor Fear does them molest!
- "There do they fing and never ceafe,
- " Nor faint nor tire in Realms of Peace:
- " Nay, there their Pleasures far excell
- "The Pow'r of Thoughts or Words to tell!
- " And there we hope our Friend is gone
- " To these eternal Joys unknown!
- " Come, let us then our Grief forbear,
- " For this we have no Cause to fear:
- " But let us with the utmost Care
- "To follow her, our felves prepare;

" Then

"Then shall we quickly too aspire, " And join that bleft immortal Choir." Let this, my Friends, your Spirits chear, And banish ev'ry gloomy Tear: Give all your Sorrows to the Wind, The LORD is gracious, just, and kind; Then wait with Patience for the Hour When he your Comforts shall restore, Then Grief shall interpose no more.

Her E P I T A P H.

HERE we commit unto thy Trust, O Grave! these dear Remains of Dust, Till the Arch-Angel from the Skies Shall shout and bid the Dead arise; Then must thou ope thy Prison Door, And this dear Captive thence restore.

XXXVI. The Blessing of the LORD is in the House of the Righteous. Prov. iii. 33.

Happy, happy, Families, Where true Religion dwells! This, all corrupt and carnal Joys Abundantly excells !

11.

The Bleffing of the LORD alway Is in the facred House, Where they with constant Fervour pay Their Night and Morning Vows.

K

III. Their

III.

Their Night and Morning Sacrifice (Of Prayer and of Praife) Meet kind Acceptance in his Eyes, And he approves their Ways.

IV.

All who obey his just Commands, He in this World will bless; And ev'ry Labour of their Hands, He'll crown with kind success.

V.

Their Children like fair Olive-Plants, He fets around their Board, Like a young Age of rifing Saints To love and fear the LORD.

VI.

But some perhaps may here object,
"How can these Words be true?
"Don't oft the Righteous suffer Lack

"Worse than the Wicked do.?

VII.

" Do not the Wicked oftentimes
" Against their Maker spurn,

"And flourish ev'n amidst their Crimes,
"While Saints in Secret mourn?"

VIII.

To this I answer, This is true,
For wise and holy Ends,
The LORD permits Afflictions too,
Sometimes to seize his Friends.

IX. While

IX.

While he permits the Sons of Pride In mighty Pomp to shine; Tho' they his faithful Saints deride, And mock at things divine.

X.

Yet is the LORD both just and wife, Yea, holy good and kind: This all the Faithful with their Eyes Shall fee, and truly find.

XI.

Tho' Clouds and Darkness vail his Way:
His Foot-steps are unknown;
Yet Truth and Justice constantly
Surround his glorious Throne.

XII

Each bitter Drop his Saints here taste
Is sweeten'd with his Love:
And, O, the blest immortal Feast,
Reserv'd for them above!

XIII.

His Rod and Staff are their strong Stay Thro' this dark Wilderness: His Smiles drive all their Fears away, In ev'ry new Distress.

XIV

But on the Heads of haughty Worms, He'll pour Destruction down; Ev'n Fire and Brimstone, surious Storms, And endless Woes unknown.

XV.

The higher here on Earth they rife, And still the more they swell; The greater shall be their Surprize; The lower fink in Hell!

XVI.

Then wait with Patience, O ye Saints, Nor fear the Tyrant's Rage; The LORD hears all your just Complaints, And will for you engage.

XVII.

Ye are his Fav'rites and his Choice, Fear not what Men can do; He'll turn your Sorrows into Joys, And all your Foes subdue.

XVIII.

Commit your Way unto the LORD, And humbly wait his Will; He'll faithfully perform his Word, And your Defires fulfill.





XXXVII. The Goodness of GOD recorded; or, a Song of Praise to GOD for a plentiful Crop and a fine Harvest, after a very long and frosty Spring, and wet Summer-1754.

I.

COME, let us raise a sacred Song To God, our Sov'reign King: This well becomes each British Tongue, And British Heart to sing.

II.

Britain is fure a fav'rite Isle, Which God the Lord hath blest, And made his Countenance to smile, On her above the rest.

III.

Tho' in the Spring he feem'd to frown,
And we began to mourn,
And think that he was weary grown,
Nor would his Love return.

IV.

But foon he fent refreshing Drops
Upon the rugged Ground,
And made the Earth with plenteous Crops,
Of precious Grain abound!

K 3

V.

Then didst thou, LORD, the Clouds restrain
From their accustom'd showers,
'Till we had well secur'd the Grain,
From their destructive Powers.

VI.

O! what a Debt of Thanks and Praise We owe to Thee, our God, For all the Mercies in our Days, Thou hast on us bestow'd.

VII.

But on our base Ingratitude
Let's humbly now reflect,
And think how we to praise our God,
Most shamefully neglect.

VIII.

Our Souls, our Bodies, Health and Food, And ev'ry Thing we have, We owe to thee, our gracious God, Whose bounteous Hand them gave.

IX.

LORD, let thy Goodness melt our Hearts-For our Ingratitude,
And make us see our black Deserts,
From Thee, our gracious GOD!

X.

O give us Grace that we may mourn For all our Follies past; And humbly now to thee return, Our gracious God, at last.

XI.

O God, let thy rich Bleffing crown

Each Gift thy Hand beftows,

That we with thankful Hearts may own,

From whence each Mercy flows.

XII.

Then shall we leave upon Record,
Thy goodness in our Days;
That ev'ry Age may trust thy Word,
And grateful speak thy Praise.

XXXVIII.

The convinced S I N N E R S Reflection and Refolution.

I.

I S not the Time already past,
Sufficient to suffice
My base corrupted Carnal Taste,
And my voluptuous Eyes?

II.

Have I not Satan's Servant been,
And long at his Command
Perform'd the drudgery of Sin,
With willing Heart and Hand?

III.

Long have I walk'd in the broad Path,
That leads to endless Woe;
And shall I in this Road to Death,
Still thus unthinking go?

IV.

Is it not Time yet to begin
To think upon my Ways,
To turn from ev'ry darling Sin,
And make no more delays?

V.

What hath God's Patience fo long stay'd, And shall I at it spurn; While Grace (in all it's Charms display'd) Invites me to return?

VI.

LORD! shall I still thy Grace withstand?
Thy wholesom Counsels shun?
Rebell against thy kind Command,
And haste to be undone?

VII.

No! LORD, my hard and frozen Heart,
'To melt does now begin:
Thro' Grace I now resolve to part
With ev'ry darling Sin.

VIII.

By thine almighty Grace subdu'd,
Here at thy Feet I lie,
Deploring my Ingratitude,
And former Enmity!

IX.

I now adore thy matchless Grace, That op'd my fluggish Eyes, And let me see my dang'rous Case, And where my Resuge lies.

X. And

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 105

X.

And wilt thou, LORD, a Wretch receive, So vile a Wretch as me, Who hath been long to Sin a Slave,

A Rebel unto Thee?

XI.

Yet LORD, I find it in thy Word,
That whofoe'er believes,
Repents, and turns to thee the LORD,
Thy gracious Arm receives.

XII.

To this rich Promife I lay Claim,
O God of boundless Grace!
With contrite Heart, and humble Shame,
My Guilt I now confess!

XIII.

I now refolye thro' Grace divine,

I'll yield to Sin no more;

But now to thee myfelf refign,

No other God adore.

XIV.

In my own Strength to stand,
My Lusts will foon revive again,
If thou withdraw thy Hand.

XV.

Yet is thy Grace sufficient, LORD,

Therefore I trust in thee;

Let it (according to thy Word)

Sufficient be for me.

XXXIX. The

XXXIX.

The FALL and RECOVERY of MAN.

1.

HAPPY was our first Parents Case Ere Sin defil'd their Frame! In Paradise God did them place, To dress and keep the same.

II.

With his own Image they were blest, Sov'reign o'er all below; Each Fish and Fowl, and ev'ry Beast, Did to their Scepter bow.

III.

All Things delightful to their Taste, In plenty there did flow: Yea, choice of Fruits for their Repast, Did in that Garden grow.

IV

Free Liberty they had to eat,
Of ev'ry Tree fave one:
And pow'r to live in that bleft State,
While it they let alone.

V.

On this Condition did they stand,

For them and all their Race;

Would they obey but this Command,

Nor Life nor Joy should cease.

VI. But

VI.

But if they did prefume to taste
Of that forbidden Tree,

Death should them instantly arrest,
And fill with Misery.

VII

Satan (with his malicious Mind)
Their happy State espied;
And these rich Pleasures of Mankind,
He greviously envied.

VIII.

Thus fill'd with Envy at their State,
The Serpent he employs;
And taught him with his base Deceit,
To tempt with unknown Joys.

IX.

Then prefently the Serpent goes,
With Satan in him hid,
And craftily did then propose
The Fruit that God forbid.

X

That this furprizing Food,
Would open their beclouded Eyes
And make them wife as GOD.

XI.

Then prompted with ambitious Views, To make their Blifs compleat; No longer could they then refuse To taste the guilded Bait.

XII. But

XII.

But, ah! how foon (tho' too too late) Their Folly they did fee!

They faw the Serpent's base Deceit, And their own Mifery.

XIII.

Terror appear'd on ev'ry Side, And in their deep Distress,

They Fig-leaf-Cov'rings made to hide Their shameful Nakedness.

XIV.

The LORD came down (with angry Brow) T' avenge his injur'd Grace;

"Adam, (he called) where art thou?

" Why hidest thou thy Face ?

XV.

What, hast thou eaten of that Tree " The which I did command,

"Thou shouldst not eat thereof (faid he)

" Nor touch it with thy Hand?"

XVI.

Adam no longer could withdraw From God's alfeeing Eye; Tho' he had broke his holy Law, From him he could not fly.

XVII.

Poor Adam then came trembling out, And thus replied he,

" The Woman took of the same Fruit, " And also gave to me."

XVIII, " Eve.

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 109

XVIII.

" Eve, (then the great JEHOVAH faid) "What's this that thou hast done?

"Thy Husband, and thyfelf betray'd, " To Death and Woes unknown!"

XIX.

" The Serpent LORD, (replied she) " Did me indeed deceive;

" He took of this forbidden Tree, " And unto me did give."

XX

The LORD then to the Serpent faid, " Because thou hast done this,

" A Curse shall rest upon thy Head, " Bove every Beast that is.

XXI.

" Upon thy Belly shalt thou go, " And Dust shall be thy Meat:

" And thou shalt be abhored too. " For this thy base Deceit.

XXII.

" And I'll put Enmity betwixt " The Woman's Seed and thee:

And thou shalt be with Envy vext " At my fublime Decree.

XXIII.

" The Woman she shall have a Son, " That on thy Neck shall tread:

" He shall destroy what thou hast done, " And bruife thy cruel Head.

XXIV.

"Thy Malice he shall only feel, "In a distressive Hour,

"Biting with Envy at his Heel,

"While he destroys thy Pow'r."

XXV.

Thus was the Covenant of Grace
At first reveal'd to Man:

And Hope restor'd to Adam's Race, In this surprizing Plan.

XXVI,

The LORD then to the Woman faid, "Since thus thou didft transgress,

"Thy Troubles shall be multiplied;
"Thy Sorrows shall encrease.

XXVII.

" In Frailty shalt thou Seed conceive,
"With Pain thy Children bear:

"Thy Husband Rule o'er thee shall have,
"And thou his Pow'r shalt fear."

XXVIII.

And unto Adam too he faid,

" Woe shall attend thy Life;

" Because thou hast me disobey'd,

"And harken'd to thy Wife. XXIX.

" The Ground is curfed for thy Sake,

44 And henceforth shall it bear

It Thiftes and Thorns, and I will make

15 Thee earn thy Bread with Care."

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 111

XXX.

From Paradise then drove he them,

(That sweet delightful Place)

To till the Ground from whence they came,

With Toil that ne'et should cease.

XXXI.

Instead of Eden's Garden fair,
They in the Wilderness
Must spend their Lives in Sorrow there,
And toil with sweat of Face.

XXXII.

Thus did their dreadful Woes come in Like an o'erflowing Tide; They felt the dire Effects of Sin, Soon as they difobey'd.

XXXIII.

But, O, the goodness of the LORD!

How boundless is his Grace!

He sent a Saviour, and restor'd

Our guilty fallen Race.

XXXIV.

He fpake and bid four Thousand Years
Their hasty Course roll on,
And lo, the Saviour (CHRIST) appears,
The Woman's promis'd Son!

XXXV.

He, who from all Eternity
Was God's beloved Son;
Is fent in Man's frail Flesh to die,
And for their Guilt t' atone!

XXXVI.

Behold the great Meffiah comes, With Meekness in his Face!

And Man's frail Nature he affumes, And fuffers in their Place!

XXXVII.

Angels beheld his matchless Birth, With Wonder and Surprize, And down to spread the News on Earth,

XXXVIII.

Thus did the great Messiak come, Vile Rebels to fet free: Born of an humble Virgin's Womb, Of mean and low Degree!

They gladly left the Skies!

XXXIX.

And on these Terms he doth redeem,
All them that do believe,
Repent, and humbly come to him,
His Graces to receive.

XL.

Such he reftores to higher Blifs
Than Man was in before!
O Man! aftonish'd be at this,
And his rich Love adore.

XLI.

The vilest Sinner he forgives,
Who heartily repents;
And on his holy Name believes,
And to him shews his Wants.

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 113

XLII.

He tenders his Salvation free,
That all may taste the same:
To Sinner's of what e'er Degree,
Halt, Maimed, Blind or Lame!

XLIII.

Yea, 10, he fends his Servants forth
To Hedges and High-Ways,
T' invite all Sinners on the Earth
To come and taste his Grace.*

XLIV.

Thus hath he left without Excuse,
All the Rebellious Race,
Who obdinately do abuse,
The Riches of his Grace.

REMARKS.

I.

Thus may we fee the happy State,

Man at the first was in:

And how all Troubles then took Date,

Just at the Birth of Sin!

II.

Thus may we fee the matchless Grace, And goodness of the LORD, That pitied Man's rebellious Race, And Heav'nly Hopes restor'd.

* Luke, XIV. 23.

III.

Well might the Angel-minds admire, At this furprizing Scene, To fee their LORD in Man's attire, And dwell in Flesh With Men!

IV.

Here we may fee the happy Cafe
That faithful Souls are in,
Who do partake of this rich Grace,
And are redeem'd from Sin!

V.

They are redeem'd from Satan's Chains, And dreadful Slavery: Heirs of the best that there remains For happy Souls on high.

VI.

And here we fee the wretched State,
That Sinners yet are in,
Who still continue obstinate,
The willing Slaves of Sin!

VII.

Th' old Serpent's Vassals still they are; Deceiv'd with flatt'ring Lies: They walk upon a dreadful Snare, While he blindfolds their Eyes.

VIII.

Upon the brink of endless Woe, With heedless Feet they run: Ah, will ye thus contented go, And haste to be undone? IX.

Will Fear not drive, nor Love you draw, Nor Jesu's lovely Charms Make your hard frozen Hearts to thaw,

And flee into his Arms?

X.

Hark how he calls to Sinners chief,
That are with Sin opprest,
Come unto me, and find Relief;
I give the Weary Rest.†

XI.

This Call (if flighted) will one Day Make you with Terror quake, When you must quit this Stage of Clay For Hell's infernal Lake!

XII.

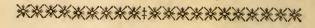
But LORD, our Arguments (alas!)
Are all in vain to draw,
'Till thou exert thy pow'rful Grace,
The Sinner's Heart to thaw.

XIII.

But, LORD! one Word of Sov'reign Grace; One pow'rful Word of thine, Will make the stoutest Rebel cease, And all his Arms resign.

4 Math. xi. 28, 29;

116 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.



XXXIV.

ONTHE

Four last Things, (viz.)

DEATH, JUDGMENT, HEAVEN, and HELL.

I. DEATH.

I.

To, DEATH the King of Terror rides
Triumphant thro' the World unfeen!
The Monster Sin, 'tis him provides
With all his dreadful Magazine.

II.

Upon his pale, or fable Steed, He rides with a refiftless sway: His awful Summons strikes with Dread, And ev'ry Mortal must obey!

III.

O! the innumerable Darts
With which his pregnant Quiver's fill'd!
These he impartially imparts,
And none are from his Stroke conceal'd.

IV

Nor Rich, nor Poor, nor Old, nor Young, From these his satal Darts can sly:
The High and Low, the Weak and Strong, Without Distinction round him lie.

V.

But why hath DEATH fuch potent Force, And why fo fierce his Arrows fly? SIN brought in DEATH, and fo by Courfe As all have Sinn'd fo all must die!

VI.

But was this all the Punishment That bold rebellious Worms must feel; Then they in Sin might rest content, Nor fear his satal Shafts of Steel.

VII.

The Drunkard then his Cups might quaff; The Glutton too his Palate please, And the Profane might swear and laugh: The Indolent might take his Ease.

VIII.

Since all must die, they could but die; If DEATH did them annihilate, Then might they leave this World with Joy, For DEATH would pay their total Debt.

IX.

Or peevish Souls when tir'd of Life, And Disappointments on them light, With Hemp or Steel might end the Strife, And bid this World of Cares Good-night.

X.

But, Oh! the shocking awful Scene, That after DEATH will straight ensue! Vengeance will seize the Guilty then, And pierce their Souls with Terror through.

XI.

Down in the black infernal Den Where Devils and the Damned lie, Thefe must take up their Lodging then, And that thio' all Eternity!

XII.

Then DEATH is fure an awful Scene, However Fools may jeer and fcoff, And please themselves with Fancies vain, And shake the sear of dying off.

XIII.

But, O! the dreadful mad Mistake That fuch fool-hardy Souls will find, When plung'd into th' *infernal* Lake As foon as mortal Life's resign'd!

XIV.

Such is the woeful Lot of those Who obstinate 'gainst God rebell; When DEATH their nat'ral Eyes doth close, Their Souls must ope their Eyes in Hell!

XV.

Oh! Danger not to be exprest, To live in Love, or league with Sin, Each Day expos'd to DEATH'S Arrest When endless Torments will begin.

† Luke xvi. 23.

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 119

XVI

My Soul! and canst thou thus remain Contented here, and take thine Ease, Whilst thus expos'd to endless Pain As soon as DEATH thy Fless shall seize?

O dreadful Thought! LORD, I adore Thy Mercy infinitely great, That did not cut me off before, But let me fee my wretched State!

XVIII

LORD! hadft thou on a legal Score
With Justice strict upon me fell,
DEATH might have feiz'd me long before,
And fent my guilty Soul to Hell!

XIX

But, O! forever be ador'd
Thy matchless Love, and sov'reign Grace,
That Hopes of Mercy are restor'd,
By Christ, to Adam's fallen Race!

XX

Since CHRIST did Human-Fless affume, And died to conquer DEATH and Hell, And rose to make his Foll'wers Room That they with him in Heav'n may dwell!

XXI

Peace then, ye Saints; bid Fears be gone, Since Christ for you hath conquer'd DEATH, He'll also raise you near his Throne, And make you Conqu'rers too thro' Faith.

Then

120 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

XXII

Then fear not Hell nor ghastly DEATH, Nor Tribulations here to come; Believe in Christ with steady Faith, His Arm shall safe conduct you Home.

POSTSCRIPT.

A Short ELEGY on the Death of Mr. George Grove, an Infant,

Who departed this Life November the 23d 1754. humbly Dedicated to his surviving Parents, Mr. FRANCIS, and Mrs. MARY GROVE, by their most humble Servant, J. M.

PEACE O my Friends, let not Excess Of Grief your tender Souls deprefs, Tho' a dear Babe, with lovely Charms Is fnatched from your tender Arms; Yet let this Thought your Spirits chear, And stop the overflowing Tear; Since God in Wisdom saw it best To take him to eternal Rest Ere he advanc'd to riper Years To be expos'd to fatal Snares; Think then how gracious and how kind The Lord is, tho' we (Mortals blind) Can't trace the unknown Path he keeps Thro' Clouds of Darkness, mighty Deeps! Who knows what unfeen Dangers lay Before this Infant in the Way

Which God forefaw, and thought it best To take him to a Place of Rest!
How weak, alass, is human Sense
To trace the Depths of Providence!
Let's then with humble Minds adore
Those Mystries which we can't explore;
And render to the Lord the Praise
That's due to all his Works and Ways!
Thus let your Sorrows be supprest,
And ease the Troubles of your Breast:
This is the only Way to find
Comfort to chear a troubled Mind.

***** **************

II. JUDGMENT.

I.

BEHOLD the Day! the awful Day
Is hasting on apace,
When Heaven and Earth shall pass away
Before the Judge's Face!

II.

When CHRIST the Sov'reign Judge shall come
And in the Clouds appear,
All Mankind then their final Doom,
With Grief or Joy shall hear.

In glorious Pomp and bright Array, Shall he that Day appear: The Earth shall tremble at his Sway, And shaking of his Spear. 122 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, Part I.]

IV.

Legions of Angels then shall Rand Around his Judgment Seat; Attending on his great Command, As Ministers of State.

V.

The great Arch Angel then he'll fend,
His dreadful Trump to found:
The noise of which each Tomb shall rend,
And shake the folid Ground!

VI.

The Dead shall open then their Eyes, At that surprizing Sound! And come forth to the great Assize, And stand upon the Ground.

VII

Not one forgotten or unknown, Shall then in fecret lie, But all shall come forth, ev'ry one Before the Judge's Eye.

VIII.

Those burnt with Fire, and those devour'd By Fish or Fowls that flie; Each Atom shall be then restor'd With perfect Symmetry.

IX.

He'll give his Angels then Command To bring his Children forth, Out of each far and distant Land, From East, West, South and North,

Thefe

These will he set on his Right-Hand, As Shepherds part their Sheep: The Wicked on his Left shall stand. And proper Distance keep.

XI.

And ev'ry Eye shall then behold The Glory of the LORD: Those that him bought, he that him fold, And all that him abhor'd.

XII.

Tho' when to fave the World he came He was of them despis'd: They shall behold him now with Shame, And horribly furpriz'd!

XIII.

O! with what trembling Hearts and Eyes (Before his a wful Bar) Shall stand his bitter Enemies. And dread the unequal War!

XIV.

Then he in Judgment shall proceed; The Books shall open'd be, And ev'ry Criminal (with dread) Shall his Indictment fee.

XV.

Conscience shall witness to their Face How they in former Times Slighted the gracious Calls of Grace, And hug'd their darling Crimes. M 2

But

But first to those on his Right-Hand. The Judge shall then proclaim,

" Well done, ye Faithful; my Command "Ye kept, and own'd my Name.

XVII

" Come, ye Beloved, and possess " The Kingdom long prepar'd

" For you, ere Time began its Race: " 'Tis your divine Reward.

XVIII

"Ye lov'd my Name, believ'd my Word, " And wish'd my Cause success:

"Your Alms you freely did afford "To mine, when in Distress.

XIX

"Thefe I accept as done to me, " And will the same Reward:

" To Crowns ye shall exalted be, " And reign with me your LORD."

Oh! with what Pleasure and Surprize Will they this Sentence hear!

To Heav'nly Mansions then they'll rife, Triumphing thro' the Air.

XXI

But, O, how will the guilty Croud (That on the Left shall stand) Tremble to hear the Judge aloud Pronounce with stern Command,

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 125

"Dpart from me, ye wicked Race,

" To everlasting Fire :

"Ye who refus'd to feek my Face, " And pleas'd your base Desire.

" In Luxury ye spent your Store; " My Favours ye abus'd;

While ye the Hungry at your Door,

"Your wasting Crumbs refus'd.

XXIV

" Now this from me is your Defert, "Go and forever dwell

"With Devils, ye shall feel the Smart

" Of quenchless Flames in Hell."

XXV

Then prefently shall they retire, And into Hell be hurl'd;

While Storms of Brimstone (all on Fire) Shall then confume the World!

XXVI

To Rocks and Mountains then they'll call. To fall on them to hide; But their Petitions then will all Be utterly deny'd!

XXVII

What dreadful Terrors then shall feize On these rebellious Souls! No dainty Dishes there to please,

Nor Conscience drowning Bowls!

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XXVIII

But endless Torments will begin To seize on them that Day: And for the short Delights of Sin They dearly then must pay!

XXIX

O Sinners! then without Delay, A friendly Caution take;

And to prepare for that great Day, Each darling Sin forfake!

 $\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$

The Joys and Terrors of that Day, Do all our Thoughts furpass!

LORD! make us Wife that now we may Improve our Day of Grace.

XXXI

That we before thy Face may stand, On that tremendous Day,

Among the Sheep on thy Right-Hand, And cloth'd with white Array.

XXXII

Whatever elfe, LORD, thou deny'ft,
O! let us this obtain!
That we may praise thy Love in CHRIST
In an eternal Strain.

HEAVEN

Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 127

III. HEAVEN.

1.

HEAV'N! O the fweet delightful Place!
How it revives each pious Mind,
To think when here prepar'd by Grace,
They there shall endless Pleasures find!

II.

When Faith and Hope have fixt their Eyes On these celestial Joys above; All earthly Glories they despise, And count unworthy of their Love!

III.

Here Faith beholds the flaughter'd LAMB, Standing amidst his FATHER's Throne; And Hope rejoices in his Name, That doth for all her Guilt atone!

IV

Yea, pious Souls by Faith behold The glorious *City* of their God, Whose Streets are pav'd with purest Gold, And there they hope for their Abode.

V.

The Architecture's fo divine, The glorious Building fo complete, 'Tis far beyond a Human Mind It's matchless Beauties to relate! 128 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Part I.

VI.

The brightest Things beneath the Skies Are Metaphors too mean and base, To form Ideas to our Eyes, Of that transcendant glorious Place.

VII.

But holy Faith can there behold, Beauties more glorious and refin'd, Than the most pure refined Gold, And precious Stones of ev'ry Kind!

VIII.

Tho' precious Stones, and purest Gold, Are Metaphors to set it forth; And tichest Things of earthly Mold, Yet all too mean to speak its Worth.

IX.

But to the carnal earthly Mind, Thefe Things appear but dull and dry; As Pearls when cast before the Swine, No Beauty there can they espy.

X.

But what does holy Souls delight Is not the Walls of precious Stone, Nor Golden Streets, but the fweet fight Of God upon his glorious Throne!

XI.

'Tis there the great JEHOVAH reigns, Whose Beams create eternal Noon: His Light the radiant Sun out shines Far more than Phabus doth the Moon.

Likewife

XII.

Likewise the happy Company, That round his spacious Throne adore The Glory of his Majesty, His Wissom, Justice, and his Pow'r.

XIII.

His glorious Ministers of State
That round at proper distance stand,
And humbly on his Orders wait
To execute each great Command!
XIV.

Those Myriads of Angels bright, Who chearfully perform his Will, With utmost Vigor and Delight, Nor Pain nor Weariness e'er feel!

XV.

Beside the bright celestial Throng Of Souls redeem'd by JESU's Blood; How they adore with Heart and Tongue The matchless Glories of their God.

XVI.

Thus Faith (by Revelation taught)
With Joy beholds the Things unfeen:
But when our Feet shall there be brought,
What endless Pleasures will begin!

XVII.

Here darkly we as thro' a Glass Behold the Glory of the LORD; But when we see him Face to Face What matchless Joys will it afford?

This

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XVIII.

This, this furpasses ev'ry Thought, And fills our Souls with sweet Desire; O! when shall we be thither brought To join the bright celestial Choir!

XIX.

Since Faith affords so much Delight, What must the suil Fruition be, When we the Beatistic Sight In everlasting Light shall see!

XX

O happy entertaining Thought!
May this excite us to prepare;
That we may in due Time be brought
To these eternal Mansions fair.

XXI.

In order hereto let us then
Forfake each foolish vain Delight;
And bravely quit ourselves like Men,
The holy Christian-War to fight.

XXII.

Let's oft on Contemplation's Wings To these celestial Mansions rise, And view by Faith the glorious Things Above these ruinable Skies.

XXIII.

Then shall we on all earthly Things Look down with holy sweet Disdain! Despise the Crowns of earthly Kings, As empty Trifles poor and mean.

XXIV. Then

XXIV.

Then shall we see far brighter Things
Laid up for us above the Skies:
Then shall we long for Angel's Wings
To bear us where our Treasure lies.



IV. H E L L.

I.

HELL! O the dark Abyse of Woe, Where God's tremendous Vengeance reigns? There the Impenitent must know The Weight of his eternal Chains!

II.

Far from the Beams of heav'nly Light, The dark infernal Region lies; And adding Horror to the Night, Sulphureous Vapours constant rife!

III.

There Satan the first Traytor lies, With all his black rebellious Crew: How Justice dash'd 'em from the Skies, And down to Hell did them pursue!

IV.

Confin'd in that prodigious Lake They lie beneath God's dreadful Rod! And ev'ry Sinner there must take His Part, who slights the Calls of God.

V. And

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v.

And O the matchless Pains they feel! Their bitter Groans, their deep Distress O'ertops the brightest Poet's Skill Their boundless Horror to express!

VI.

With Hunger, 10, their Bowels pine, With Thirst their Throats are all on Flames! And 10, instead of Bread or Wine, Their only Food's sulphureous Streams!

VII.

Their Torments for Variety, Are Heat and Cold in dire Extreams; Now frozen stiff perhaps they lie, Anon in dreadful raging Flames!

VIII.

They feel the bitter Pangs of Death, Yet never can their Souls expire: Upheld by God's almighty Breath, Which still maintains the quenchless Fire.

IX.

And what adds Horror to their Grief, Is everlasting black Despair! No glim'ring Hopes of a Relief Can ever be expected there.

X.

But endless Torments Night and Day, And Woe and Grief in ev'ry Form: And on their Vitals there must prey Conscience, that dire immortal Worm! Sacred to Christian Devotion and Piety. 133

XI.

O how they long and wish for Death, And graw their everlashing Chains: Cure God that still maintairs their Breath, Which still augments their dreadful Pains!

XII.

Likewise to aggravate their Woe, Out of their Dungeon Heav'n they 'spy & And pious Souls, that here below Despis'd their vain pernicious Joy.

XIII.

Those they abhor'd with bitter Spite, And us'd with Cruelty and Scorn: Now these they see array'd in White, And glorious Crowns their Heads adorn!

XIV.

O! how 'twill grieve their Hearts to fee Those whom they hated, rais'd on high, While they for evermore must be Confin'd in hellish Flames to lie.

XV,

While Conscience rends the gauling Wound, Reminding them of former Times, How they despis'd the Gospel Sound, And hug'd their dear beloved Crimes.

XVI.

While hellish Fiends do them upbraid With all their past Iniquities:
And Grief and Woe from every side,
Join to augment their Miseries!

N

there

XVII.

There, not one pitying Eye is found, To footh their Grief or dry their Tears; But endless Terrors them furround, And everlasting gloomy Fears.

134

XVIII.

The Atheist there no more believes That there's no Sin-revenging GoD: His Pow'r and Justice he perceives, And groans beneath his dreadful Rod.

XIX.

The Drunkard there no more does Laugh, And cheer his Heart with Beer or Wine: There's not a Cup for him to quaff, To chase the Sorrows of his Mind.

XX

The Glutton with luxurious Meat, Can't please his raging keen Desire: He there can nothing find to eat, But Rocks of Brimstone all on Fire!

XXI.

The Worldling there can't hug his Gold, Nor fmile to fee his Heaps increase, For which he Soul and Body fold, To everlasting dire Distress.

XXII.

The base lascivious Wretches there Can't gratify their lewd Desires;
But groan they must in black Despair,
V here Life, nor Misery expires.

XXIII.

And how the Swearers there do roar,
Bound with immortal Fetters strong;
And curse themselves for evermore,
With Flames of Lightning on each Tongue.

XXIV.

The Lyars too shall also know,
And own the Truth of God's own Word,
When plung'd into the Gulph of Woe,
For ever banish'd from the LORD*.

XXV.

And the Voluptuous also there
Shall find no entertaining Games:
No Music to delight the Ear,
But dreadful Groans, and hid'ous Screams!

XXVI.

Yea, ev'ry Sinner there shall find All their Delights for ever fled: While Conscience gnaws their troubl'd Mind, And Flames of Brimstone form their Bed.

XXVII.

O! dreadful State of endless Grief, In everlasting Flames to lie; To long for *Death* to bring Relief, Yet *Death* for ever from them sly!

XXVIII.

LORD! I adore thy matchless Grace That hast not cast my guilty Soul Into that black and dismal Place Where fiery Billows constant roul! * Rev. xxx. 8.

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XXIX.

Had it not been for JESU's fake My Soul might long ere now been there, Roaring amidst that dreadful Lake, In everlasting black Despair.

XXX.

LORD! that I may these Horrors shun, O let me now obtain thy Grace!
And clothe my naked Soul upon
With Jesu's persect Righteousness.



EPITAPHS.

I. On Mr. JOHN SIMONS, An Acrostic.

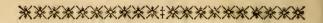
JEST not at Death; for who can fave,
Or refcue from the gloomy Grave?
Here, lo, I lie, cut down tho' Young,
Nor will the Reader's Days be long:
Swift do your fleeting Moments fly,
In haste comes on Eternity!
Mortals, then ere it be too late,
O think upon your future State;
Now, is the only Time you have,
Soon you'll be filent in the Grave.

Infant before mention'd.

GRAVE! to thy cold and grasping Arms, Entrust we these delightful Charms
Of precious Dust; 'till Christ shall say, Resign, O Grave, thy conquer'd Prey.
Gladly this Insant then shall rise, E vade thy Arms and climb the Skies!
Grieve not ye tender Parents dear!
Rejoice in Hope; dull Thoughts sorbear:
Othink how this dear Babe shall rise
Victoriously, and mount the Skies,
Employ'd in heavenly Extasses!

N a

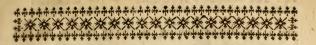
138 DIVINE MISCELLANTES, [Part I.



III. On Mr. Joseph Barber, an Infant, who departed this Life, Nov. 19. 1755.

JUST nip't amidst his op'ning Bloom,
O here the lovely Infant lies!
Secur'd from all the Ills to come,
E re the tempest'ous Billows rise.
P eace then, ye Parents, hope at least,
H is Soul is safe among the Blest.
But think, ye young, and thoughtless Tribe,
A nd bid each vain Delight adieu:
Remember, none pale Death can bribe,
Behold he stands prepar'd for you.
Endeavour then with all your Pow'rs
Rightly t' improve your present Hours.

The END of the FIRST PART.



Divine Miscellanies;

OR,

SACRED POEMS.

PART II.

Sacred to Practical Virtue and Holiness.

The Author's APOLOGY to the CLERGY of the Church of England.

Reverend Gentlemen,

H E following EPISTLE being directed to your Church by Way of Exhortation, Admonition and Instruction,
it may be looked upon by you as an
arrogant Attempt; and you may (perhaps) say,
"Who is this meddle some Fellow, that makes
this bold Attempt, to offer such an Epistle to the
Church of England? Sure it is one that has more
Affurance than good Manners!" But pardon me
Gentlemen, if such a Query, or Accusation
should be made concerning the unworthy Author,

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thor; let the following Account fuffice for the former, as the following APOLOGY may probably do for the latter. viz,

To fatisfy the curious Enquirer I give the following Account of myfelf, as,

FIRST I am a Stranger. Secondly I am a Layman, and that of the lowest Rank. Thirdly I profess myself a Protestant, and a sincere Lover of all true Christians, who love our LORD JESUS CHRIST in Sincerity, and bear his Image, whether in the Church of England or not. And this I offer for the principal Reason, why I have taken upon me to publish the three sollowing Epistles. But I proceed no farther in this Account of myself; what I have already said on this Head, may appear despicable to some, and superstuous to others.

But to proceed in my Apology according to Promise, I shall (with all due Reverence and Submission to you and your facred Office) lay down the following Reasons in Answer to such Objections as I expect to be made against the first Epistle, as first, if it be objected that I have gone out of my own Province, (by my own Confession of being a Lay-Man) and have usurpt upon yours,

In answer to this, abundance of Scriptures I might quote for my Defence, but I shall trouble

you but with this one, viz. Luke ix. 49, 50. And John answered and said, Master, we saw one easting out Devils in thy Name; and we forbad bim, because he followeth not with us. And Jesus said unto him, forbid him not: for he that is not against us, is for us. Now I refer it to your candid Judgments, whether or not I am against you. I think it will appear plain that I am on your Side. And whether it is lawful, and expedient for Laymen thus to exhort, admonish, and instruct, I appeal to Scripture, Reason, and History; and these I find on my Side. Instances of this in abundance might be produc'd, were it as needful as it is easy; but I think it is entirely needless to use any more Arguments to prove it fince I know of none that deny it. But if it should be objected again, They were, or ought to have been, better qualified for this Work than thou art?

This I own; yet notwithstanding, it is certainly every Ones Duty to do what he can in this Way: And we are told, That God accepteth a willing Mind, according to what a Man bath, and not according to what he hath not.

But if it should be again objected, That the variety of excellent Books already extant, and the Sermons daily delivered from the Pulpit, seem to render such weak Attempts as this useless.

In answer to such an Objection as this (should it be made,) I own that there are abundance of excellent Books extant, as also many excellent Discourses daily delivered from the Pulpit; and were the Cure actually effected thereby, it would render all other Attempts of this Kind needless: But daily Experience doth too plainly testify that the Contagion of Profaness is still raging amongst us; and that, notwithstanding all these excellent Antidotes against it.

Can it then be thought unnecessary for any one to do what they can to prevent this violent stream of Wickedness, that is like to deluge the World again?

But it may perhaps be objected again, Why is this Fpistle directed to the Church of England? Are there no Breakers of these Commands but us?

In answer to this I reply, it is Matter of Lamentation to every serious thinking Mind, that there are so many of every Profession of Christians amongst us, who do so little regard these Holy Commandments of God, tho' they all profess that they believe it is their Duty to observe them: Nor do I accuse the Church of England with this more than others: But one would think that the Members of the Church of England should be more circumspect in the discharge of this Du-

y than any other, upon account of this excellent Order. Yet not with standing this, and all other Motives in your Constitution against the violating of the Laws of God, it is too evident that it is little regarded by many. For I have in my own Observation, seen and heard many who profess themselves Members of this National Church, that will even dare to jest at Death, make a mock at Hell; yea, and laugh at the most important Truths in the Word of God, and make them but Matters of Sport and Merriment; and even in their Mirth, (as well as in their Passion) will call to their Maker for Dampation on their own and others Souls! These Things (I say) I have been Eye and Ear Witness to. But I suppose that you of the facred Function may be intire Strangers to fuch horrid Conversation, because I think the very Presence of a Reverend Divine, would deter fuch Wretches from fuch intolerable Conversation. This is the principal Reason why I have made this Address to the Church of England; and in my Opinion it is a very just one: For who can fee their Fellow Creatures thus runing headlong into Destruction, and not pity them? And it is poor Charity (I think) to pity and make no Attempts to affift, especially when there is any Appearance of doing any good! As if a Man were a drowning, and another that faw him would not try to help him: This would appear very hard Hearted indeed! And are not thofe

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those in a sar more dangerous Condition which I have just mentioned? Therefore I am perswaded that this is my Duty, let the Issue be what it will; And thro' the Grace of God affisting me, I am resolved to do it, tho' the Success should be never so small.

It is true I have had but small Success, when I have reproved some of these; especially the Swearers. Some of them (as I said before) I have sound entirely Atheistical, breaking all Bounds, They will not scarce form an Excuse, but are resolved to go on without either Fear or Thought.

Others I have found of another Degree, who plead Excuses: Some will plead, They believe it is no Harm, because they think none; they wish no Body any Ill, tho' they thus speak. Others, That they never swear but when in a Passion, and then they cannot help it. Others again will plead That those that refrain swearing are sly, and will cheat and lie, tho' they will not swear! Others will plead Excuse from the Practice of those who are in higher Stations: Nay, they will even affirm That you, their Ministers will do so, as well as any of 'em, and therefore they think they are partly tollerated. But how true or false this Accusation is, I pretend not to determine, (being a Stranger) but I have endeavoured to answer, and confute this, and all fuch vain Excuses that I

have met with from fuch notorious Offenders, in the following EPISTLE; and have also endeavoured (to the utmost of my Power) to exhort them to true Repentance, both by Threatnings and Promises from the Word of God; and I could find no better Argument to plead than that excellent Response which you have in your Order of reading these holy Commandments.

But let none think that this is any Ways intended to reproach, either you, the REVEREND CLERGY, or the Laity of the CHURCH of England; or to cavil at any of your facred Constitution. No, GENTLEMEN, far be it from me, for I here declare before that GoD, who feeth the Secrets of all Hearts, and before whom we must all shortly appear, that I have no such unworthy View or Design.

And I appeal to him, who is the Searcher of all Hearts, whether Love to the Souls of my fellow Creatures, and a Defire to promote his Glory was not my principal Defign: And if it please him, who is the FATHER of Lights, and the Author and Giver of every good and perfect Gift, to give a Bleffing to this weak Performance, and make it instrumental to his own Glory, in converting one Soul from the Error of his Ways, I shall count myself abundantly recompensed for all my Pains, however this may be despised by Men.

Now

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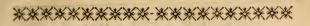
Now, Reverend GENTLEMEN, I humbly lay this at your Feet, desiring your Approbation no farther than Truth and Justice will admit: And to conclude at present, I heartily wish all your faithful Labours may be crowned with abundant Success: And may the Spirit of Christ guide you into all Truth, and make you the happy Instruments in his Hand, to convince, and convert many Souls to himself; and may the Church of England (now militant) shine more and more with Truth and Purity, 'till she become a Part of the Church Triumphant above, this is the earnest Desire and servent Prayer of,

Reverend GENTLEMEN,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

J. M.





EPISTLE I.

The INTRODUCTION.

WHEN ye, my Friends, approach the facred Place,

Jointly to feek the GOD of Jacob's Face, 'There ye attend to hear the holy Law, 'That flruck the trembling world with humble awe, When great JEHOVAH did himfelf come down To write this Law upon the stubborn Stone, How easily the stubborn Stones receiv'd Each facred Stroke, JEHOVAH there engrav'd! But, ah, how hard it is to write this Law, On Men's hard frozen Hearts, that will not thaw By all the melting Flames of heav'nly Love, Sent to this sinful Nation from above!

Now each great Precept of this holy Law, Let us review with Fear and humble Awe, And well examine our own Heart with Care, To fee if these Commands are written there: And if they are, let's thankfully adore God's matchless Goodness, and infinite Power: But if they're not, let's give him then no Rest, 'Till by his Grace they're on our Hearts imprest.

2 A

APRACTICAL

PARAPHRASE

ONTHE

Ten Commandments:

EXODUS XX.

Humbly addres' d to the Church of England

T.

I AM the LORD thy GOD (JEHOVAH said)
Who hath redeem'd thee by my powerful Aid
From Egypt's Bondage, and hath set thee free;
Therefore thou shalt have no more GODs but me.

Ye cry for Mercy with apparent Awe, OLORD, incline our Hearts to keep this Law!

Now when we feek our Maker's gracious Aid, To guide us in his holy Paths to tread, We ought with Care, and holy Zeal to fee That our whole Hearts do with our Lips agree; Else we before our Maker shall be found Like tinkling Brass, a vain and empty Sound.

Examine then with holy jealous Care, When ye to GOD prefent this humble Pray'r,

" Am

" Am I refolved now (with all my Heart) Freely from ev'ry Idol-Lust to part, That doth in any Opposition stand Against my Maker in this great Command? Is he my GoD, and he my Choice alone, And TESUS CHRIST his great co-equal Son, Together with the fweet celestial Dove, Are these the Objects of my Faith and Love? Do I believe this glorious Mystery Of the eternal glorious Trinity, In Essence One, and yet in Persons Three? And that they're not divided nor confus'd? And are their Names by me with rev'rence us'd And if I do, what Reason can I give Why I this dazzling Mystery believe? Is it because I have it by Tradition? Or as it is a Scripture Proposition? Well, if I count this holy Doctrine true (That Atheists bold, nor Infidels e'er knew) Tho' I cannot this Mystery explore, Do I this God unfeignedly adore, And daily long to know and love him more? Is he the Centre chief of my Defires; The only Object that my Soul admires? And do I long to fee his glorious Face, And be a Miracle of fov'reign Grace, To dwell for ever in his kind Embrace? And do I long his glorious Name to praife In everlasting fweet celestial Lays?

"Or do I rather make this World my Trust?
And this my God, a Heap of glit'ring Dust?
Do I indulge some dear beloved Sin?
Search, LORD, and make thy Tabernacle clean,
For lo, I know thy quick All-piercing Eye
Sees ev'ry Secret that doth in me lie!"

Now thus commune with your own Heart and fee If your Petitions and Defires agree. Such ferious Self-Enquiry is the Way That leads to Regions of eternal Day.



II.

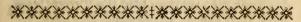
THOU shalt no Kind of graven Image frame,
Of the Celestial or Terrestrial Name:
Thou shalt not bow to any such thy Knee,
Tho' with a vain Pretence to worship me;
But only in mine own appointed Way,
To me, thy GOD, thy humble Homage pay;
For I the LORD thy GOD have jealous Eyes,
And visit oft the gross Iniquities
Of Parents on their future rising Race,
Who break my Laws, and trample on my Grace;
But shower my Mercies often from above,
On thousands, who my righteous Precepts love.

Ye cry for Mercy with apparent Awe, O LORD, incline our Hearts to keep this Law!

Examine

Sacred to Practical Virtue and Holinefs. 151

Examine then with Care if ye live in The practice of this GOD provoking Sin: Whether or not ye do too much adore Those facred Altars, which ye bow before. I judge you not; only let Conscience speak, And say if ye this holy Precept break.



III

THOU shalt not take my holy Name in vain, Nor dare my glorious Attributes profane; For I, the LORD, will not them guiltless hold, Whoever dare be thus profanely bold.

Ye cry for Mercy with apparent Awe,
O LORD, incline our Hearts to keep this Law!

Now fuffer me a friendly Word to speak
To such as do this holy Precept break,
The first are those who without Fear or Awe,
Partly thro' Ignorance do break this Law,
By taking God's most holy Name in vain,
In a meer heedless and unthinking Strain;
And in their common Talk, or Mirth they'll say,
"OGOD! OCHRIST! God bless me! oft say
they:

And many more fuch vain unthinking Words, Their common Talk and common Mirth affords; Yet think this is no Harm: O gross Mistake! Doth this not plainly God's Commandment break?

His

His Name must be rever'd with humble Awe, By ev'ry one that would obey his Law. Remember this in all your Conversation, For 'tis no vain nor needless Exhortation.

The fecond Sort to whom I now would fpeak. Are those who yet more bold this Precept break, With bitter Oaths, and dreadful Imprecations, The Product of their mad unruly Paffions. But think (I pray) when ye this Prayer make, Ye, who fo freely this Commandment break. O think (I fay) how vain your Breath is fpent To cry for Mercy, and yet not repent! To cry for Grace, your frozen Hearts to thaw. And to incline them to obey this Law: And is not this your Maker's Name to mock, And turn all your Dovotion to a Joke? For if repeating pious Forms be all, Ye Christian Worship, ignorantly call, A Parrot then may be a Christian too, And pray as fervent and devout as you. O dreadful Impudence! confider well If this be not the ready Road to Hell.

But thus I've reason'd sev'ral Times with you, And some have own'd that what I said was true; But some have said, "We often strive in vain Such hasty Words intirely to refrain, For when provok'd our Passions so prevail That all our best Endeavours often sail." Sacred to Practical Virtue and Holiness, 153

To fuch I answer, your Endeavours all Are none (I doubt) or else but very small, When ye so freely for Damnation call.

Oh! did you know but what Damnation is, Your Hearts would tremble at such Words as this! O dreadful State, forevermore to dwell Down in the black insernal Lake of Hell! In Fire and Brimstone, black sulphurious Streams, And envious Devils seeding still the Flames! This is their Food, and for their Music too, They've endless Wailings and immortal Woe! Then let this shocking Word no more be nam'd, To wish yourselves, or any other damn'd.

Some will at Trifles cry, God's Blood and Wounds!

O dreadful Words how shocking are their Sounds, If Christ did suffer Wounds, and shed his Blood, To purchase Pardon with that precious Flood For Rebels, who had broke his Father's Law, One well might think each frozen Heart should thaw:

For without this all Mankind must have fell Down to th' infernal Lake where Devils dwell! But can you hope for Pardon thro' his Blood, Who thus ungratefully affront your God? O gross Presumption! speedily repent, Else nothing will your endless Woe prevent.

But fome will fay, "Ah, this is no fuch Crime As you would reprefent it in your Rhyme; Elfe blam'd?

Else wife and learned Men would stand in Awe, And not fo freely dare to break this Law; For ev'n our Rev'rend Clergy oft we fee Will curfe and fwear, and drink as fast as we: Yea, any common Vice that can be nam'd Will they commit: Then why should we be

Altho' (tis true) they sometimes teach this Way, Ye must not do like us, but as we say, But furely if they thought it were so bad, They never would presume to be so mad: Therefore we'll take our Chance, for we shall fpeed

No worfe than Thousands, who do thus proceed: For tho' fome will not fwear they'll bafely lie, And that is worfe." This is their common Cry.

To this I answer, Ah! prefumptuous Fools! What think you then that this GoD's Anger cools? And that because your Company is great That this GoD's flaming Vengeance will abate, O gross Mistake! what, have ye never read What wretched Crouds the fatal Broadway tread, That leads to endless Woe, and dire Despair, Whilst Life's strait Path that leads to Mansions fair,

Hath only here and there a Traveller? *

The num'rous Heaps in Hell yield no Relief, But fadly aggravate each others Grief; And And those especially, who oft have been Tempters, and Part'nets in each others Sin. Did Numbers 'bate God's Wrath in any Ways To the old World in Righteous Noah's Days, When only Eight in all the World were found That feat'd the LORD, and all the Rest were drown'd ?

Or Sodom, where were found but only Three That wou'd believe, and from GoD's Vengeance flee 2

On all the Cities of that wretched Plain, Fierce Storms of Fire and Brimstone God did rain, Because Transgressors were so num'rous grown, They urged him to pour his Vengeance down. *

Then flatter not yourfelves that Numbers great Will any Ways GoD's flaming Wrath abate: Plead then no more, "This is fo common grown And us'd by fome who wear the facred Gown." Whatever Patrons ye pretend to plead, These will at last stand you in little Stead. Again ye plead, "This Crime it is but small, And doth not for fuch heavy Judgments call."

O gross Mistake! ye Swearers, blush for Shame, When ye prophane your Maker's holy Name, When ye before his awful Bar must Stand To answer for your breaking his Command, Where will ye then find out your found Excuses To screen you from his Wrath for such Abuses? Will this ferve Turn to fay that Thousands more Did so as well as you, both Rich, and Poor?

* Gen. xix. 24, 25

Or that your Rev'rend Clergy did the fame,
Therefore ye thought ye were not much to blame?
Or that ye thought the Crime it was but fmall,
Tho' ye did often for Damnation call,
Ye thought no Harm, and wish'd No-body ill
When these sad Words your wicked Mouths did
fill?

May we not then suppose the Judge to say To you at the great awful Judgment Day,

"Come forth, ye Rebels, now ye shall receive
What ye so often from my Hands did crave;
Ye did (instead of searing my great Name)
With Oaths and Imprecations me blaspheme,
Yet say ye thought it but a trifling Crime,
Because my Patience waited so long Time;
And that because it was so common grown,
Therefore ye thought that I would never frown,
Ah! stupid Fools, whose Reason Lust hath
choak'd,

Thought ye I was a God that would be mock'd? Such gross Mistakes shall now be all reveal'd, Altho' my Justice hath been long conceal'd, Ye now shall feel the Fury of my Rod, And know that I am the Almighty God. Depart from me, ye Wicked and profane, Who did not fear, but took my Name in vain; And if you think the Numbers that have been Partakers with you in this heinous Sin Will now afford you any kind Relief, Or in the least abate your endless Grief, "Go

Go then and fee what Comfort ye can take With Many fuch in the infernal Lake."

Think now, ye Swearers, how ye then will dare
To plead fuch Reasons at your Maker's Bar:
Such Arguments (you'll find) will all be vain,
And only aggravate your endless Pain.
O Swearers then, consider and repent,
And so avert this dreadful Punishment.
To think this Sin is small is meer Delusion,
And this at last you'll find to your Consustions.
This Sin hath sev'ral heinous Aggravations,
As you may see in these short Observations.

'Tis breaking the first Table of the Law
(And this I think should strike each Heart with
Which doth peculiarly to God pertain, [Awe,
"Thou shalt not take my holy Name in vain."

Secondly, there's no Profit ye can plead That e'er could tempt you herein to proceed, But vile Prefumption, Pride, or wilful Spite, That made you thus to fin against the Light.

Thirdly, it is most base Ingratitude,
Thus to provoke a God so kind and good,
Who gave ye Tongues to bless his holy Name,
If thus you use them to profane the same.

Fourthly, 'tis also gross Hypocrify,
When for his Grace ye humbly seem to Cry,
T'incline your Hearts to keep this holy Law,
With great Appearances of humble Awe.

Fifthly, ye teach the rifing Generation To do so to, without Consideration.

This is the Reason why so many do,
This dang'rous Track so eagerly pursue.
This makes the burden'd Earth with Groans
complain

To bear a Load of Wretches fo profane, Who boldly take it's Maker's Name in vain.*

Thus far I've spoke only to you who swear With small Remorse, and yet do not forbear, But or thro' Custom, or sometimes thro' Passion Practice this Sin, or some perhaps for Fashion, O shameful Practice in a Christian Nation.

But I'd almost forgot one prime Objection,
Which ye retort with so much keen Reflection,
To wit, That those who willnot Swear will Lie,
And that is worse. To which I here reply,

I shall not stay to contradict this Charge,
Because I don't intend here to enlarge;
But now consider, if this Charge were true,
It would not be the least Excuse for you!

Lyars I don't pretend to justify,
Them I intend to speak to by and by:
But next consider this (I pray) likewise,
If ye ben't guilty too of telling Lies;
And if you be (as I have Cause to sear
Most of you are, who are so apt to swear)
Then think how vain this Argument ye use,
Ye only hereby do yourselves accuse.
Consider then and let your Conscience speak,
Whether or not both these Commands ye break!

^{*} Rem. viii, 22. 1 See the 9th Commandment.

Nay, is not this a base malicious Spite
Against the Men who strive to walk upright?
Because they cannot run with you to Sin,
Therefore ye cry, "They're Hypocrites within!"
Thus ye usurp upon your Maker's Part,
Whose Right alone it is to judge the Heart:
Man's Eye the outward Part can only judge,
God only knows what in the Heart doth lodge.
Censorious judging then avoid with Care,
For all must stand before their Maker's Bar,
And shall impartially be judged there.

Now the last Sort to whom I here would speak
Are those who yet more bold this Precept break;
Who boldly and presumptuously rebell,
As if they were in haste to plunge in Hell!
But stay a little whilst my Words ye hear,
Will nothing stop you in your mad Career?
Are ye so stout, and so Hell-hardy bold
As thus to think ye ne'er can be controul'd?
Ah! stupid Fools! How long d'ye think 'twill
hold?

Can't he (d'ye think) 'gainst whom ye now rebell,

Soon blaft your Pride, and all your Stoutness

And dash you down into the lowest Hell?

O think on this before it is too late,

Ere Death hath ended your probation State!

Consider now how ye can bear to dwell

With endless Burnings in the Lake of Hell?*

* Isa. xxxiii. 14.

P 2

Where Fire and Brimstone, black Sulphurious Streams,

Still add fresh Fuel to the raging Flames!
Then Conscience too (that never dying Worm)
Will gnaw your Hearts in the most wosul Form.
Then will ye curse yourselves for wretched Fools.
That did despise all Wisdom's choicest Rules!
And gnaw your burning Tongues with endless Pain With which ye did your Maker's Name profane!
Consider this, ye that forget the LORD,
Before he draws his awful glitt'ring Sword;
For if his Anger once begin to glow,
He'll dash you down to everlasting Woe.

But some perhaps will at my Counsel spurn,
And my Advice only to Laughter turn,
Because th' old Serpent crastily doth teach 'em,
That God's avenging Rod shall never reach 'em†
And thus they build their Hopes on flat'ring Lies,
Alas! when will the wretched Fools be wife.
Are ye so strong to bear the dreadful Load,
The Vengeance of a pure Sin-hating God?
Well; ye may Laugh, and Mock, and Sneer,
and Scoff.

And put the thoughts of Death and Judgment off; But they will come, perhaps ere you're aware, And you'll stand speechless at your Maker's Bar.

But yet would ye but heartily repent, There's Hopes you might this endless Woe prevent;

† Gen. iii, 4.

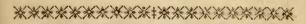
But if ye don't while yet 'tis call'd, To Day,
All Hopes will be forever fled away.
Delay not then one Day ere you begin
To turn to God, and leave each darling Sin,
Left Death o'ertake you! quickly it will come,
And then you're fixt for your eternal Doom:
Then, then there is no Hopes of Pardon there!
Nothing remains but Terror and Defpair!
Whilst Life remains there's Hope if ye repent,
Ye may escape this endless Punishment,
But after Death, no Hope remains at all,
For none can then your dreadful Doom recal,

Now if this friendly Counsel ye despise, And still against the Light will shut your Eyes, Here I must leave you your own Souls to

murder,

I've faid enough, fo I proceed no further, But beg that GoD' by his almighty Pow'r, May turn your Hearts, and work th' effectual: Cure.

Here I conclude what I intend to fay To you, who do this Precept disobey: God grant that it may have some good Effect On all, who do this holy Law reject.



IV

REMEMBER still the sacred Sabbath-Day,
To keep it Holy to the LORD alway.

P 3

On six Days of the Week shall Work be done, All that is just and right beneath the Sun: But lo, the Seventh's a Day of holy Rest, Whereon shall labour neither Man nor Beast: For on six Days the LORD made Heav'n and Earth;

To Sea and all therein he then gave Birth;
But on the Sev'nth he from his Works did rest,
Wherefore the Lord the holy Sabbath blest,
And hallow'd it, that Man might do the same,
In Honour of his great CRE ATOR's Name.

Ye cry for Mercy with apparent Awe, O LORD, incline our Hearts to keep this Law!

* But do ye think, my Friends, this is enough, Just whilst ye are beneath the sacred Roof, To cry for Mercy, and for Grace t'incline Your Hearts to keep this holy Law divine; Then straight return to sinful Vanity, And is not this most gross Hypocrify? But now that none may this Commandment break Thro' Ignorance, or out of blind Mistake, I'll here describe how many different Ways Men may profane the holy Sabbath Days.

^{*} Note, I don't enter here into any Dispute about keeping the first, or seventh Day of the Week; for I contess myself to be of the same Opinion with the CHURCH of ENGLAND in this; and am satisfied from Scripture the first Day of the Week is the Christian-Sabbath, though not mention'd here.

Now those who spend the Day in idle Sloth, And those, who do what is sorbidden both, In Thought, or Word, or Deed; in Work, or Play, All these are Breakers of the Sabbath-Day. And whatsoever Station Men live in, This is a very God-provoking Sin:

Yet is it aggravated more or less In ev'ry one according to their Place.

Now suffer me a friendly Word to speak To all, who do this holy Precept break.

O tremble then, ye Men of high Degree, Who by your Pow'r, or lawlefs Liberty
Make Men transgress, or by your base Example
Make many on this holy Precept trample.
Your's is a high Degree of Aggravation,
And brings Destruction on a finful Nation.
Sad Proofs of this the Scripture doth afford,
And dreadful Threat'nings also from the LORD,
Against all those who break this holy Law;
Let this strike ev'ry Human-Heart with Awe.
Examine then those idle Country-Wakes,
A Custom which, this holy Precept breaks!
Tho' this curs'd Seed it seems at first was fown
By a strict Order from the English Throne.*

^{* (}Viz.) The Book of Sports, first publish'd by King JAMES I. And republish'd again by King CHARLES I. (suppos'd by the Influence of Archbishop Laud.) Wherein was contained a free Liberty for all manner of Sports and Pastimes on the Lord's Days in the Afternoon. And every Church Minister was obliged to read it in the Church on the Lord's Day, or else to lose their Places. See the History of the King's of England.

Strange Act indeed! What then were Men too Holy,

That they must thus be forced into Folly?
They're not so now (I think) if none withstand it
They'll Sin enough tho' they be not commanded!
Yet they were thought (it seems) too Holy then
That they were forc'd the Sabbath to profane!
Audacious Rulers sure! inspir'd from Hell
That made them thus in Wickedness excell:
That nothing less would please their vicious
Taste,

Than thus to have JEHOVAH's Laws supprest! Like Feroboam who did in Vice excell, And caused Israel also to rebell. 'Twas not enough (it feems) for them to Sin, But they by Force must needs draw others in! But thanks to God our gracious Rulers now Do no fuch base immoral Laws allow: Yet this curs'd Seed hath took fo deep a Root That to this Day 'tis scarcely rooted out: And yet our Civil Laws no Man can blame, But those who ought to execute the same. Ye Officers, who are in Pow'r and Place, Why do ye not fuch Wickedness suppress? Constables and Church-Wardens, why do you Such base unlawful Wickedness allow? Ye know you are by folemn Oaths ordain'd To fee the Sabbath be no ways profan'd*.

^{*} See their Oaths at the Vifitation.

Ye ought t'inspect the Men of ev'ry Trade, Nor let it be a Day of Traffick made: To fearch each tipling House where Drunkards When they should to GoD's holy House repair, Survey the Streets and Fields where many play, And fee that none profane the Sabbath-Day. This is your Duty; but if ye neglect, What can ye from the LORD of HOSTS expect, But certain fearful looking for of Wrath, And everlasting Mis'ry after Death?

Confider this, and plead not Ignorance, For that I'm fure must be but vain Pretence.

Ye who are Parents I would next address, Who also do this holy Law transgress; And fet your Offspring base Examples too, That they may after the same Manner do. Some of you by your boundless Toleration Do oft corrupt the rifing Generation; Parents I've heard upon the Sabbath-Day Say to their Children, "Go your Ways to play." Nay, this is here fo very common grown That few will at this finful Custom frown, But rather think it is an harmless Thing, And so this great Command away they fling, This great Command of GoD the fov'reign King!

O gross Mistake! or rather willful Error! How will ye stand before the awful Terror Of the great Judge, when he to Earth descends To judge his Foes, and recompence his Friends?

Such

Such are his Friends, who love and stand in Awe, And such his Foes, who disregard his Law; But who can be thought fitter Heirs of Hell, Than those who teach their Offspring to rebell? Consider this, ye Parents, now in Time, And no more think this is a trisling Crime: Are ye not charg'd by God's most holy Word, To train your Children up to fear the Lord?*

And shew them what great Things he's done for you,

That they may trust, and love, and fear him too?†
Consider this, ye that forget the LORD, ‡
And disregard the *Precepts* of his *Word*,
Before he rouze for you his dreadful Ire,
And dash you down to everlasting Fire.

Ye who are Masters, I would next advise,
That ye your Pow'r discreetly exercise,
O'er all who your domestic Servants are,
Their Souls are under your paternal Care.
Suffer them not by either Work or Play,
E'er to prophane, the holy Sabbath-Day.
If this ye do, the LORD will surely bless,
And give each Labour of your Hands Success,
And make your Comforts daily to encrease:
But if ye this neglect, think how you must
Give an Account of what was in your Trust,
To the great awful Judge supreme and just!

Ye Children too, who are in youthful Days, Spend not your Sabbaths now in idle Plays.

^{*} Eph. vi. 4. † Deut. vi. 72 pfal. 1. 22. Confider

Confider now, if ye your Subbaths spend In holy Duties, God will be your Friend. But if you spend them now in Vanity, The LORD will be your dreadful Enemy!

And now I humbly would myself address,
To all, who do this holy Law transgress,
In Thought, or Word, or Deed, or idle Sloth,
Think ye the LORD will not with you be wrath?
Then read these Texts of Scripture here below,
And then consider if these Things be so.

Again confider, if it does afford You no Delight to ferve and praise the LORD, Then how unfit ye are for Heav'n above, Where all their Work is only Praife and Love. Think how displeasing Heaven would be to you. Were ye but now admitted thereunto! Just so 'twould please a stupid Ass to bring, Him to the Palace of fome noble King, Where choicest Music of all Sorts are play'd, And curious Complements are also paid; His braying Throat would all the Music spoil, And all the sweetest Harmony defile. Ev'n fo 'twould please an unregen'rate Mind Were it in Heav'n, it could no Pleasure find, No more than Diamonds, or a golden Mine, Would please the Fancy of a loathsome Swine. But don't deceive yourselves, none thus unfitted Shall ever be within Heav'n's Gates admitted.

^{*} Nch xiii. 13. Exod. xxxi. 14, 15. Numb. xv. 36. Jer. xvii. 27.

Ifa. lviii. 13. Ezek. xx. 12---17.

Thofe

Those who on Earth do not a Sabbath love, Shall ne'er enjoy th' eternal Rest above. If ye find no Delight in holy Duty, Ye have no real Mark of Heav'n about ye: And if Death seize you whilst ye thus remain Your Past must be eternal Woe and Pain. Here I conclude what I propos'd to say To all Profaners of the Sabbath-Day. LORD, grant that it may meet with good Success, On all who do this holy Law transgress.

Thus the first Table of the Law is plain, Which doth peculiarly to God pertain: And now the Second also doth ensue, Which shews what Duties unto Men are due.



V.

HONOUR thy Father and thy Mother too, That thou on Earth mayst many Days review

Ye cry for Mercy with apparent Awe, O LORD incline our Hearts to keep this Law.

Now that we may the better understand The large Extensiveness of this Command, Let's now consider this Command extends To all the World and its remotest Ends; Superiors and Inseriors of ev'ry Kind, Unto their proper Duties this doth bind: And Equals too, that they should do the same To such as they'd have others do to them.

This is the large Extent of this Command,
As Scripture gives us plain to understand.
And now let each (according to their Places)
Examine well themselves in all these Cases.
Parents and Children is the first Relation
Which I exhort to Self-Examination.

Now 'tis the Inferior's Place first to begin, T' examine if they dutiful have been. Ye Children, then examine now I pray, And see if ye your Parents well obey.

CHILDREN.

A M I a Child under my Parents Care?

Do I fubmit to them with Love and Fear?

Do I ftill Honour them with due Respect,
Nor their Commands, or good advice reject?

And when they chide, or are sometimes severe,
Do I with Patience, and Submission bear?

When they reprove, or sharply me correct
Do I submit with humble due Respect?

Or when their Tenderness makes them sorbear

The Rod oft'times when I deserve severe,
And they my Faults do but with softness chide,
When from my Duty I have turn'd aside:
Does this still melt my Heart, whilst I with fear,
And silial Love their friendly Counsels hear;

Because I find it in God's holy Word,

Children obey your Parents in the Lord?*"

Now those who are such dear beloved Ones,

The Lord doth chuse for Daughters and for

Sons.

Learn well your Duty here, while Liferemains, And God in Heav'n will well reward your Pains.

But those, who are quite of another Sort, And do but at their Parents Words make Sport, And wilfully against them still rebell, These are (no doubt) the stubborn Heirs of Hell! And if they do not speedily repent, They furely will be quickly thither sent.

And ye, who are arriv'd at riper Age
Before your *Parents* leave the dusky Stage,
See that ye use them still with kind Respect,
And their Necessities no wife neglect;
But daily help them with your earthly Store,
If Providence hath put it in your Pow'r,
And Need require before their Warsare's o'er.

This is contained in the fifth Command,
As Christ hath given us to understand. †
And whilst your Duty, thus you plainly see,
Woe to you if you disobedient be;
For surely if this Duty ye neglect,
The Lord at last will also you reject:
But if ye thus perform it faithfully,
He'll never let you Losers be thereby.

110012

PARENTS.

ET Parents next examine thus their Hearts, And fee if they with Prudence act their Parts. " Am I a Parent? Do I then take Care To know when to correct, and when to spare? Do I with Prudence, not with Fondness Love, With Care my Children's little Faults reprove? With sharper Strokes correct their larger Crimes, Shewing the Dang'rousness of Sin betimes! Do I (according to GoD's holy Word) Teach them betimes to know and fear the LORD: Setting a good Example in their fight, That they in Virtue's Ways may take Delight; And do I with, and for them daily pray, That Go D would guide them in his perfect Way, And fo prepare them for his beav'nly Blifs. Where endless Toy and perfect Pleasure is ? Do I likewise with honest prudent Care Provide them Food to eat, and Clothes to wear, According as my Station will afford, By the kind Providence of God the LORD? And do I them impartially Respect, Not loving fome, while others I neglect? And when true Virtue doth a diff'rence make, Do I distinguish some for Virtue's fake?

Now, have my Children prov'd to me ungrateful, (A Principle which is of all most hateful)

Conscience, pray tell me, is the Fault mine own

By some imprudent Conduct I have shewn?

Have I been too indulgent, or fevere,
Or have I us'd these Means with prudent Care,
The Rod, Advice, and humble servent Pray'r?
Speak Conscience now, and give thy Verdict in,
And shew me truly where my Fault hath been."

O happy Parents, if your Conscience tell. Ye have in all these Things behaved well: But if your Conscience herein you accuse, See that you now more prudent Methods use.

Husbands and Wives is now the next Relation I hat's here to try by Self-Examination.

WIVES.

"A M I a Wife? Then do I still fubmit Myfelf unto my Husband as is fit ?* And do I make GoD's Word my constant Guide. Fearing from that bright Rule to turn afide; Knowing I am an Emblem of the Church, Where no Deceit or Wickedness should lurch? Is my Adorning not vain outward Drefs, But Faith and Love and ev'ry Christian Grace? Do I each vain and foolish Fashion hate, Wearing my Raiment, modeft, clean and neat, According as my Station may afford, With all Humility before the LORD? Do I my Body faithfully preferve In Chastity, nor from my Husband swerve? Or do I goffip after idle News, While I neglect the Bufiness of my House? * Eph v 22

Conscience, now speak and freely tell thy Tale,

For unto thee I humbly here appeal."

O happy Wives, if thus your Conversation Be order'd with all holy Observation! For thus the holy Women did of old, Which to this Day is to their Honour told.* Thus shall your Price be of more value far Than all the Gems that in the Indies are! Ye need not then adorn yourfelves with Gold, For ye are of a much diviner mold.

HUSBANDS.

" A M I a Husband? Do I then demean Myself with Prudence, as I ought herein? Are Wives an Emblem of the Church, then I An Emblem am of CHRIST the LORD on high! And do I then still strive to imitate This glorious Pattern, void of all Deceit? Do I my Wife unfeignedly respect, As CHRIST the Church? Or do I still neglect Some special Duties which to me belong? LORD, fearch my Heart, and shew me what is wrong.

Am I still loving, faithful, just, and kind, And always of a fympathizing Mind? And do I likewife honeftly provide Things to supply her Wants on ev'ry Side? And do I strive that we at last may be Joyful Companions thro' Eternity?

* I Peter iii 5, 6

Is this the Point to which I daily steer
With all my Might, with Heart and Mind sincere?
Let Conscience now the Matter fair decide,
And shew me where I've from my Duty stray'd."

O happy Husbands, if ye thus purfue
The Paths of Duty, faithfully and true!
Husbands and Wives who thus perform their Parts,
Shall always have true Comfort in their Hearts.
O happy Families where e'er fuch meet,
Their Lives must nee.'s be most exceeding sweet!
And whatsoever they on Earth possess
The Lord will them with heav'nly Comforts bless.
And now let this excite each wedded Pair
To strive that they may of these Comforts share.

Masters and Servants I would next advise, Thus to commune with your own Hearts likewise.

SERVANTS.

Y E Servants then, this is your proper Task,
Eirst to begin, your Consciences to ask,
Am I a Servant? Do I then pursue
My Master's Business faithfully and true;
Not only when my Master standeth by
(As if I only aim'd to please his Eye)
But do I faithfully perform each Part
As to the Lord, with Singleness of Heart:
Not grudgingly, and with unwilling Mind
But chearfully with all my Will resign'd,
Ev'n tho' my Master's froward and unkind:

"Knowing

Knowing I have a Master, ev'n the LORD
Who will my faithful Service well reward? "*
O happy Servants, if ye thus behave,
Ye of the LORD shall Wages good receive;
If thus ye faithfully ferve CHRIST the LORD,
A Crown of Glory shall be your Reward.
But those who are purloining and unjust,
Dishonest and unfaithful to their Trust,
These also shall receive their due Reward,
Ev'n Wrath and Vengeance from the Righteous
(LORD. #

MASTERS.

MASTERS, now my Advice is next to you, That ye examine in this Manner too.

"H ATH Providence advanced me to be
A Master having Servants under me?
Then do I to my Servants also give
Such Things as I would willingly receive,
If Providence divine had chang'd the Case,
And I had been now in my Servant's Place?
For have I not a Master too on high,
Before whose holy, quick, All-piercing Eye,
My Thoughts, my Words, and all my Actions lie
Who will without respect of Persons judge
The haughty Master, and the lab'ring Drudge?
And, O my Soul, what tho' I here possess
A large Estate; yet still I must consess
I'm but a Steward; and I know like way
That soon will come the awful reckoning Day,
* Eph. vi. 5-19. Col. iii 24. † Col. iii. 25. When

When I must give Account, of what I've done With all that I possest beneath the Sun! Then if I have my Mafter's Goods abus'd, Or any of them indifcreetly us'd, How shall I stand before my fov'reign's Face, If he should doom me to that dreadful Place Of everlasting Misery and Pain, Where his just Vengeance doth forever reign? Well, do I then to ev'ry one impart Their full Reward, with chearfulness of Heart! Do I likewife (as knowing 'tis my Duty) * Take care of all the Souls that are about me? Do I as carefully my Servants check When they do any of GoD's Precepts break As if they did their proper Work neglect? Conscience now speak, and tell me plain and true. Whether or not my Duty thus I do; For this I know thou wilt speak Truth at last, When I before God's Bar am quit or cast; Therefore it is my grand Concern to know Whether thou wilt accuse me there or no."

O happy Masters, who with Zeal pursue Those holy Paths the antient Patriarchs knew! But those, who walk in the contrary Road, Shall also have their just Reward from God. †

Rulers and Subjects is the next grand Case That's proper now to mention in this Place.

^{*} Gen. xviii 12. † Col. iii. 25. James v. 1-5.

SUBJECTS.

"HATH Providence allotted me to be
A Subject under Mens Authority?
And am I then a faithful loyal Friend
Unto the civil Pow'r, by which I'm fcreen'd
From all the Malice of my vicious Foes,
Who would my rightful Liberties oppose?
For were it not for civil Laws and Pow'r,
The Wicked would the Righteous quite devour.
These civil Pow'rs are all of God ordain'd
That Justice may be on the Earth maintain'd:
Then whoso dare presume to speak a Word
Against these Pow'rs, doth speak against the
LORD,

Who hath ordained them on Earth to guard, His People fafe from the Oppressor's Sword. * Then do I duly fend my Pray'r on high, For Kings and all plac'd in Authority; † That God may 'stablish this our British Throne, And make it pure and gracious like his own? Do I likewise (whatever others do) Full Tribute pay to whomsoever due? ‡

Now were the civil Pow'r to grow fevere; In temp'ral Things, would I with Patience bear? But if they would my Confcience also bind, Do I resolve (thro' Grace) with humble Mind, And holy Courage, still to stand my Ground, When Persecutors would my Hopes consound?

^{*} Rom. xiii. 1 -- 5. 11 Tim. ii. 2. 1 Rom. xiii. 8.

But, O! what Cause have we to bless the Lord, Who doth such Liberties to us afford!

Makes our successive Princes just and kind,
And gives our Fears, and Dangers to the Wind!

Let Sons of Hell and Rome their Lies still forge,
Sill do I pray, God bless our fovereign George,
With Length of Days, Prosperity and Peace,
True Wisdom, Faith, and every christian Grace:
And when he lays his earthly Scepter down,
May he in Heav'n receive a glorious Crown?"

Thus let each Subject strictly search his Heart, To see if he performs a loyal Part, Toward those Ministers, God hath ordain'd, To see that Truth, and Justice be maintain'd. This is the Duty of each sev'ral one, That lives beneath our gracious British Throne.

But now to make my promis'd Task compleat, I must address our sov'reign Pow'rs of State; Tho' some may think 'tis Arrogance in me, To speak to Men of such sublime Degree, But that I may keep by Truth's sacred Side, The holy Scriptures shall be here my Guide; Therefore I hope none will the same decry, But such as Scripture's sacred Truth deny.

RULERS.

N O W let our gracious Sov'reign thus appeal To God, and Conscience with a holy Zeal; "Hath God repos'd in me this facred Trust To rule a People num'rous as the Dust?

Do

Do I like Solomon fincerely pray, LORD, give me Wisdom to direct my Way! I ask not Riches, nor for Length of Days, Nor for the Necks of my proud Enemies, But for true Wisdom to direct my Way, That I the Scepter righteoully may fway? * Do I like David (his good Sire likewife) Sill fet the LORD my GOD before mine Eves Knowing that he continually doth stand As an Inspector still at my right Hand? † Do I likewise with him myself behave So that no wicked Thing to me shall cleave? \$ The fland'ring Tongue, the wicked froward Proud and malicious do I make depart? [Heart, And do I fet mine Eyes upon the Just? In such alone do I repose my Trust? God's holy Word have I hid in my Heart, Refolving from its Rules ne'er to depart?" * Thus hath (I hope) our gracious Sov'reign done

Thus hath (I hope) our gracious Sov'reign done Like holy *David*, and wife *Solomon*; Therefore let ev'ry Subject then impart, True Love to him with faithful loyal Heart.

MINISTERS of STATE and MAGISTRATES.

YE States-Men too, in whom he hath put Trust, Search now your Hearts if ye do right and just And Magistrates of ev'ry Rank Likewise, Search now your Hearts with fair impartial Eyes,

^{*} II Chron. 1, 9, 10. † Pf. xvi, 1. † Pf. ci, 2---5. * cxix. 11.
And

And in this Manner ye may also try
If Conscience will you sairly justify.
"Hath God by his kind Providence ordain'd
Me here to see that Justice be maintain'd?
Then do I with a true and upright Heart
My legal Pow'r, with faithfulness exert?
Or have I taken Bribes to blind the Eye,
And pass'd the Rich, tho' base Transgressor by?
Or have I help'd to frame pernicious Laws
T' oppress the poor, ev'n in their righteous Cause,
Car I with holy Job to God appeal,
That he would all my secret Crimes reveal?" *

O happy Statesmen! yea thrice happy sure, Whose Consciences like Job's are ever pure! And happy also is the Magistrate, Whose Heart like Job's abhoreth all Deceit.

CLERGY and Laity, I'd next advise Thus to examine your own Hearts likewise, To see that ye do each perform his Part, With holy Zeal, and Uprightness of Heart.

LAITY.

NOW in this Manner ye your Hearts may fearch, Ye who are Members of th'establish'd Church, "Do I myself with Decency behave Toward my Pastor, modestly and grave? Do I with constant Diligence attend Upon his Ministry, my life t'amend? Do I with Love his Admonitions hear?
His just Reproofs with humble Patience bear?
Do I esteem him for his Office highly,
And not as those who do reproach him slyly?
If he is faulty do I humbly mourn,
And not as those who do to Laughter turn
All his Missteps, and thence a License take
That they more freely God's Commands may
break?

Ah! shameful Practice! common in this Nation, Which furely will bring endless Condemnation. Do I toward his Living give my Part With willing Mind, and Chearfulness of Heart?"

Thus having done let Conscience fairly shews. Whether or not your Duty thus ye do:
And if your Conscience does you plainly tell.
You have those Duties all performed well.
Ye may rejoice; but if it does accuse,
Repent, amend, ere ye the Season lose.

CLERGY.

YE Rev'rend Clergy, next confider well,
And unto Conscience make a fair Appeal,
To see if ye likewise perform your Part
Toward your People with an upright Heart.
But you may think (perhaps) I'm here too bold,
And like the Scribes and Pharisees of old,
With frowning Brow ye may retort me thus,
"Pray who art thou, that thou instructest us?

A base unworthy Layman poor and mean, And now to teach thy Teachers dost begin? * 'Tis not thy Place to speak but only hear, Therefore thy farther Arrogance forbear.'

To this I answer, (tho' it be not nice)
A Fool may give a wise Man good Advice:
If mine be such, then pray the same receive,
And this is all of you I humbly crave;
But if its soolish, trivial and vain,
When I have spoke I'll not reply again.

Now this I humbly offer, if you please, To try yourselves with Questions such as these,

" Have I obtain'd this Honour of the LORD, To be a Preacher of his holy Word? Do I with constant Labours Day and Night Study to know my Master's Will aright? Or do I often spend my Nights and Days In idle Pastimes, and voluptuous Plays? Am I a bright Example to my Flock? Or do I make Religion but a Toke? Do I with holy Zeal my People warn, Exhorting them to mind their great Concern: Shewing the dreadful Danger they are in, While they remain in love or league with Sin? Or do I run with them to mad Excess Of vicious Riot, Games and Drunkenness? Hath Providence alloted me a Place Whereby I do abundant Wealth posses,

And do I much thereof continually To charitable Uses well apply? Or do I rather love to take mine Eafe. And spend it all in vile luxurious Ways; Hireing a Curate for a very Trifle, While I my Conscience daily strive to stifle? But know I not, Conscience will speak the Truth Ere long, tho' I at present stop its Mouth? Am I exalted to an Office high Over my Brethren in Authority? Then do I mind my Master CHRIST's Command Which he did give his Twelve to understand? * Do I still imitate the great Saint Paul, Who was a bright Example for us all?" Let Conscience answer now each short Enquiry, According as the Circumstances vary, And if your Confciences you justify, Then you have Caufe of inward Peace and Toy; But if they do against you Witness bear, Then ye may know that ye have Caufe to fear Now if this Counfel's good, I pray receive it,

Now if this Counfel's good, I pray receive it, Tho' I confess 'twas but a Fool that gave it: But if 'tis Arrogance, I'll own my Crime, If in just Balances you'll weigh my Rhyme, And then let Truth the Matter sair decide, Truth's facred Censure humbly I'll abide.

I own I've fpoke my Mind both blunt and plain, But Evil be to them, who Evil mean.

Now each Superior and Inferior Case, Which I propos'd to mention in this Place, I have gone thro', and hope I've none offended, But if I have 'twas no wife here intended.

Now Equals of all Ranks, I next advise
To fearch your Hearts with fair impartial Eyes,
And see that ye unto each other do
Just as you'd have your Neighbours do by your.
This is CHRIST's golden Rule; * and 'tis a
Shame

That any one, who bears the Christian Name Should this neglect, or difregard the same. 'Tis not enough to render Love for Love, If ye would CHRIST's sincere Disciples prove, But ye must also render good for ill, If ye would be his happy Fav'rites still. †

Now whoso strives not thus to walk at least, They are but almost Christians at the best, And vainly bear the holy Christian Name While thus they walk contrary to the same.

Thus have I briefly fpoke (tho' blunt and plain)
To all those Cases in a homely Strain:
And now let all a friendly Warning take,
And no more wilfully this Precept break;
For as I also heretosore have said,
If we implore our Maker's heav'nly Aid
To guide us in his holy Paths to tread,

* Math. vii. 12. † Math. v. 44---47:

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And yet indulge a wilful Lust within, Our fervent Pray'rs are thereby turn'd to Sin. *

And now I hasten to the Sixth Command, Which next in order doth before us stand.

THE Sixth Commandment is, Thou shalt not kill: Or, Human-Blood nowife unjustly spill.

Ye'cry for Mercy with apparent Awe,
O LORD, incline our Hearts to keep this Law!

To break this Law is of a dreadful Nature, To kill ourselves, or our dear fellow Creature! And whofoe'er does any Thing that tends Hereto, against this Law of God offends: Then if we would obey this Law with Care. We must avoid each open hurtful Snare, Whereby the precious Life may be in Danger. Whether our own, our Neighbour's, or a Stranger. Thus did our SAVIOUR CHRIST this Law ex-Exhorting all from Anger to refrain; And shews that Anger, and all hasty Wrath (Tho' that may not procure immediate Death) Yet this (he shews) is a most dang'rous Crime, And shall be punish'd by the Julge sublime. And whoso doth his Brother ridicule With spiteful Hatred, ev'n to call him Fool. Shall be in danger of Hell's quenchless Fire + Where miserable Life can ne'er expire.

^{*} See the first Command t Matth. v. 21, 22.

R 3

Thus hath he shewn that ev'n the slightest Stain Of this black Sin will doom to endless Pain. But if fuch spiteful Words condemn to Hell, As here our SAVIOUR doth us plainly tell. What dreadful Danger then must they be in. Who with their Hands commit this bloody Sin? Who cruelly themselves, or others kill; What endless Anguish must they one Day feel? O! shameful Thing that any such are found, Or ever heard of here on Christian Ground! Yet fuch here are, ev'n in this fav'rite Land, Who wilfully dare break this great Command. Yea fuch here are, who to the Church belong, That break this Law, with Refolution strong. And they are fuch as I shall here describe, Who yet I doubt belong to Satan's Tribe. Then fuffer me a little to reflect On fuch who do this holy Law reject.

First, those who wrestle, or at Cudgels play, Tho they may not themselves or others flay, Yet by this foolish, vain, and vicious Sport, Oft cut their own, and others Lives off short.

With haughty Hearts they boast of strength and Skill,

And glory when each other's Blood they spill! But think how foon this Strength and Skill ye Tboast ? Will all be humbl'd, and forever loft! Alas! 'tis but a Puff of airy Breath, That in a Moment will expire at Death! Lo, the proud Sinner, who of Strength did boaft Now in the Grave, and all his Glory loft! Tuft

Just in the Prime of all his boasted Strength, Death tript his Heels and laid him all at Length! His brawny Limbs now bound in Death's cold His Spirit groaning in eternal Pain! [Chain, Fain would he now a faithful Message fend To shew your Folly and your dang'rous End, Or could he now permitted be to come, And warn his Brethren whom he left at home. Now to be wife, and fpeedily repent, And so escape this dreadful Punishment Which he endures; that they might not increase His boundless Torment, endless Wretchedness; But, ah! in vain for this to GoD he cries, The smallest Boon to him he now denies! While Life remain'd the Gospel Sound he heard, The which he did not in the least regard, But after vain voluptuous Sports he hie'd, And so was cut off in his flowery Pride. Now in the black infernal Pit he lies, And toward Heav'n in vain he lifts his Eyes! His former Folly now he mourns in vain, That, only aggravates his Grief and Pain. While Life remain'd he thought that he was ftrong,

And Death would never feize on him fo young; And fo put off Repentance till too late, Now Death hath ended his probation State; And plung'd him down ev'n to the Gulph of Woe Where he nor End, nor Eafe shall ever know!

Confider this, ye vain voluptuous Youth, And now give Ear unto the Word of Truth,

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Which tells you tho' ye walk in vain Delight,
And do what feems most pleasing in your fight,
And taste of all the Sweets of carnal Mirth
That ever can be tasted here on Earth,
Yet know for all GOD will to Judgment bring
you,

And your own Conscience bitterly will sting you!*
O think on this and be not in such Haste
Your precious Lives so lavishly to waste!
Death will come soon enough: do ye take Care
Lest it should seize you ere you are aware!
O! then repent while Lise doth yet remain,
For after Death Repentance will be vain.

Drunkards and Gluttons I would next advise
Now to confider this Command likewise:
Tho some of you (perhaps) may here mistake,
And think ye do not this Commandment break,
But if you well examine 'twill appear
That ye are also very guilty here.
Doth not Intemp'ranee ev'n the Senses slay,
And drive the Man, and Reason quite away,
And only leave a stupid Beast in Place,
Where once a Man of Sense and Reason was?
And then when Sense and Reason both are
gone,

They break not only this Command alone, But (Confcience then asleep) they stick at none! Nay, doth not this the Body also kill

Nay, doth not this the Body also kill In spite of all the best Physician's Skill?

* Eccles. xi. 9.

Yea

Yea, kills it not the Soul eternally,
Tho' (true it is) the Soul can never die
Yet it configns it to eternal Wrath,
Which is in Scripture call'd the fecond Death?*
If this ben't Murder, then what is, pray tell
Which Soul and Body murders both in Hell?
Thus with your Cups, and your luxurious Dishes
Ye kill yourselves to please your carnal Wishes!
Consider this, I pray you and be wise,
Ere Death hath sealed up your mortal Eyes,
And you're consign'd eternally to dwell
With raging Devils in the Lake of Hell!

Remember now your Brother, who did long For one poor Drop to cool his flaming Tongue; Tho' that (I think) would little eafe his Pain, Yet could he not that Favour fmall obtain! No, not one Drop shook from the Finger's End Of Lazarus, the LORD to him would fend! Tho' 'twas but Water too that he did crave, Yet could he not one single Drop receive! †

Confider this, ye who in flowing Bowls
Of richest Liquors drown your precious Souls:
Think how 'twill be, when ye must leave your
Mirth.

And all those Pleasures ye enjoy on Earth,
To be cast down in burning Flames to dwell
Forever in the dreadful Lake of Hell!
There no luxurious Dishes will be found,
But Fire and Brimstone blazing all around!
*Rev. xx. 6. † Luke xvi. 23---26.

Instead of Meats and Drinks, sulphurious Streams; Instead of Music, dreadful Groans and Screams!

Confider this, ye who in Plenty rowl,
Yet have no Pity for a starving Soul:
Ye who are blind and deaf to all the Cries
Of your poor Brethren in Extremities,
When all their Wants are laid before your Eyes:
Think how this will your boundless Mis ries swell
When ye (like Dires) ope' your Eyes in Hell,
And see the Poor in Heav'n, who here were
starv'd,

Nor could they with your wasting Crumbs be

To fee them there, with CHRIST their LORD renown'd,

And with immortal Joy and Glory crown'd, While ye are howling with the damn'd in Hell, O think (1 pray) how this your Grief will fwell! Twill then be just that ye no Pity find, When ye to others Wants were deaf and blind.

Confider this, and now your Lives amend, Ere God does you to these dire Torments send.

VII.

THE Sev'nth Command doth next before us Which is, Commit thou no Adultery. (lie,

Ye cry for Mercy with apparent Awe, O Lord, incline our Hearts to keep this Law. But now to make this Precept yet more plain, Christ in his Sermon doth the same explain, And shews that Whoso looks with luftful Eyes Upon a Woman, guilty is likewise Of breaking this Commandment in his Heart, Tho' he be clear in ev'ry outward Part. *

Othen take Care how ye your Thoughts let loofe, And guard your Eyes, those Windows of the house, For oftentimes these Windows have let in A strong Temptation to commit this Sin.

Likewise the great and good Apostle Paul Shews that our Actions do not only call For strong Restraint; but that each Word in Place, Should always be with Comliness and Grace, If we pretend to bear the Christian Name, Else our Prosession's but an idle Dream.

Confider this, ye whose lacivious Tongues
Are fill'd with loathsom Words, and filthy Songs.
This also doth reprove a Number great
Whose odious Words are shameful to repeat.

There is a Custom (and a base one too)
Which many in this sinful Land pursue:
In Autumn, when they in the fruitful Field
Gather the Fruits, the LORD makes it to yield,
They then without Remorse a License take
To let their Tongues this holy Precept break,
And say, "It is no Harm, 'tis Harvest now
We now may let our Tongues at Random go."

^{*} Math. v. 28. † Col. iv. 6. Eph. v. 3, 4,

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Ah! vile Ingratitude! do you requite
The LORD with fuch base Insolence, and slight
The Favours of your Maker's bounteous Love?
Don't your own Consciences for this reprove?
Should not each Mouth with grateful Praise be
fill'd

To him, who makes the Earth her Product yield? O then confider what Ingratitude
This is ye offer to your Maker God,
Who does to you both Life and Breath beftow,
And all ye have to his rich Grace ye owe!
How will ye answer this before his Face,
Who thus abuse the Riches of his Grace?
There's no Excuse that any here can plead;
'Tis plain they willfully did thus proceed.

Such base lascivious Talk doth ill become Any who do the Christian Name assume. Consider this, and speedily repent, Ere you be to eternal Torments sent.

Now fince fuch Thoughts and Words are thus What must it be to those who do indeed [forbid Such base unseemly Wickedness commit, As they're asraid should be expos'd to Light?

This is the Product of the former two,
When many no fuch Thing intend to do:
But thus we fee when Lust conceived hath
It brings forth Sin, and then Sin brings forth
And that not temp'ral, but eternal too, [Death!
E'vn everlasting Misery and Woe!

Confider

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Confider this with fear and humble Awe,
All ye who dare to violate this Law,
Tho' ye be hid from ev'ry mortal Eye,
Th' all-feeing God doth all your deeds efpy:
Yea, and one Day will bring them all to Light,
Altho' committed in the darkest Night!
Innumerable Eyes shall then behold
Each secret Crime which ye have done of old;
Whilst you're excluded from the Mansions sair:
For nothing that's unclean can enter there. *

O then confider, and repent in Time, And take not this to be a trifling Crime: 'Tis fuch a Crime as without true Repentance Will make you fall beneath that dreadful Sentence Of " Hence depart! go and forever dwell With Devils in th' infernal Lake of Hell." † This is no Jest, whate'er ye now may think, Whilst ye perfist you're tot'ring on the Brink Of everlasting Mifery and Pain, From whence Redemption none can e're obtain. O then be wife, and hate fuch Vanity, If you'd escape eternal Misery, And e're enjoy the Mansions fair on high! O let this Thought your luftful Passions bind: This holy Thought that was in Joseph's Mind, How shall I This vile Wickedness commit, And fin against my God before whose Sight The Mid-night Shade is as the Noon-day-light? Forbid it, LORD! nor let me ever dare To fin against Thee who art ev'ry Where! \$

O happy Joseph who could thus repell That bold Temptation with fuch Faith and Zeal! He chose to suffer for his Innocence, Rather than yield to vile Concupisence. LORD! let this Faith ev'n as a Bridle bind Th' unruly Lusts of me and all Mankind.

VIII.

THE Eighth Command let's next confider well,

Which is in theie brief Words, Thou shalt not steal.

Ye cry for Mercy with apparent Awe, O LORD, incline our Hearts to keep this Law!

CONSIDER now, ye who this Prayer make, Whether ye knowingly this Precept break, Or if ye do with Heart and Mind fincere Obey this Law, with Diligence and Care.

But now that none may this Commandment break Thro' Ignorance, or wilful blind Mistake, I'll here lay down some gen'ral Rules to know Whether ye break this holy Law or no. Then first, they break this Law, who by Excess

Then first, they break this Law, who by Excess Waste the good Things God lent you to possess, And squader them away without Discretion; Those rob themselves and the next Generation.

Confider this, ye Spendthrifts, who destroy, And waste the Things God lent you to enjoy.

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Ye are not Masters of these Things, but must Account for all committed to your Trust, Whether ye have these Things discreetly us'd,

Or any of them wasted and abus'd.

Now when ye fpend on base voluptuous Lust The Things which were committed to your Trust, Confider what Account you foon must give To that great GoD from whom ye did receive. And O, how many in this World have been Brought to great Want by this voluptuous Sin! Those who do after Vanity pursue, Those who do after Vanity pursue,

Shall ere they die have Cause the same to rue,* Nor only they, but their dear Offspring too. Ye Misers, too (the opposite extreme) Ye are the next here culpable of blame: Ye fteal from Back and Belly, GoD and Man, And rake and pilfer what, and where you can. Ye worst of Felous, O, how will ye dare To Rand before your Maker's awful Bar! And think how foon ye must be summon'd there. Third, those who deal unjustly by their Neighbour,

Or pinch the Poor for their Industr'ous Labour.

And, ev'ry Way of salse deceitful Dealing

Doth violate this Law as well as Stealing:

For whoso gives not ev'ry one their Due

Breaks this great Law, the Seriptures plainly

shew. †

^{*} Prov. xxvii. 19. † Rom. xiii. 7.

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Fourth, those to whom the LORD hath fent great Store,

Yet have no Bowels to affift the Poor, Nor Good to do with what they here posses; These also do this holy Law transgress. They're unjust Stewards, and they quickly must Give an Account of what was in their Trust.

And fifthly those who clip the Sabbath-Day: Those steal from GoD and take his right away.

Now by these Hints you easily may know Whether ye break this holy Law or no.

Now think on this when ye this Prayer make, And no more wilfully this Precept break, Else this will be a heinous Aggravation To all your Guilt, and to your Condemnation.

Here I conclude what I propos'd to speak To such as do this Eight-Commandment break.



IX:

A G A I N S T thy Neighbour no falfe Witness bear, But speak the Truth with Heart and Mind sincere.

Ye cry for Mercy with apparent Awe, O LORD, incline our Hearts to keep this Law!

CONSIDER this, ye Sland'rers, who defame With vicious Lies your honest Neighbour's Name;

Or vindicate a wrongful Accufation To take away another's Reputation: Yea, ev'n the precious Life sometimes likewise Is took away through base malicious Lies. O then confider this prodigious Crime, And now repent while ye have Life and Time I Elfe dreadful will your Condemnation be, Ev'n endless Woe, and boundless Misery. And ye who do by Falshood and Deceit Strive to encrease your Substance and Estate: Confider now the Folly of this Sin, And what prodigious Danger ye are in! Ye Soul and Body fell for earthly Gain, And thus ye purchase endless Woe and Pain. O, foolish Bargain, thus your Souls to fell For filthy Drofs, and plunge yourfelves to Hell!

O, now consider which ye worst deceive, Yourselves, or them whom thus ye now bereave, When ye with flat'ring Lies, and false Deceit, The Credulous and honest Hearted cheat!

O! mad Mistake if thus ye hope for Gain, For it will prove eternal Woe and Pain!

If ye get Riches by a lying Tongue,

Ye surely do yourselves the greatest Wrong. *

Now when ye offer up this humble Pray'r,. Confider that ye shortly must appear Before the God of Truth, whose holy Eye Hates and abhors Guile and Hypocrify! And Liars all, and such as Lying love, Shall be excluded from his Courts above;

* Jer, xvii. 11. Prov. xxi 6.

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And must their everlasting Portion take
With Devils in the black infernal Lake! ‡
Consider this, ye Liars now I pray
Before you feel the Truth of what I say,
And no more act the crasty Serpent's Part,
Who siist began this base deceitful Art
O think what Mischief his first Lies did do,
The which we have abundant Cause to rue.

O! then be wife, and live and act like Men, And no more act th' old Serpent's Part again. Now let the last great Precept of this Law Our humble serious Meditations draw.

X.

SEE that thou covet not thy Neighbour's House. Neither his Wise (his dear beloved Spouse.) Servants, nor Beasts which do to him belong, Thou shalt not seek to get by Fraud or Wrong: Or whatsoever is thy Neighbour's Right, Thou shalt not covet, envy, grudge, or spice.

Te pray that GOD his Mercy would impart, And write these wholsom Laws on ev'ry Heart.

Now fusfer me a little to express
Their Folly, who against this Law Transgress.
Now those (I think) who this last Precept break
Can scarcely do it out of blind Mistake,

t Rev. xxi. 27.

Since

Since full Contentment's all that it requires,
All it forbids is covetous Defires:
Therefore (I think) 'twill be of little Ufe
For any one herein to plead Excufe:
For who can fay (upon this earthly Clod)
They have lefs Good than they deferve from God?
Since all that's Good is forfeited by Sin,
What Room is left for any to repine? [mote
There's none on this Side Hell but what have
Than they deferve, howe'er diffrest and poor!
Peace then, O finful Man, no more repine,
For what thou hast is not by Merit thine.

Confider then, O Man, with humble Heart,
How great thy Crime if discontent thou art!
O, heinous Crime to murmer and repine
Against the Hand of Providence divine!
For whatsoever God on Man bestows
'Tis his free Gift: Not what to Man he owes.
But yet this Sin hath distrent Aggravations:
As Providence hath fixt our distrent Stations.

Those then to whom kind Providence hath lent Sufficiency, and yet they're not content, Because they see that some have more then they, This takes their Satisfaction quite away. [share These will (no doubt) of the same Vengeance Which drove the Leader from the heav'nly Down to the Lake of everlasting Fire! [Sphere (Hell was his Lot, to rule was his Desire.) Except they do unseignedly repent, They'll surely share of the same Punishment.

Their

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Their base ambitious covetous Defire . Is still infatiate, striving to aspire. " Where I (fay they) in fuch a ones Condition, This would prevent forever mine Ambition. I would defire no more than just to be In fuch a happy State as He, or She That's just above me in the next Degree." But do you think that this would eafe your Pain. Could ye but this ambitious Wish obtain? Ah! gro! Mistake! this covetous Defire Is still infatiate, like the raging Fire! And still the more it has, the more 'twill crave. Like the infernal Pit, or gaping Grave! For could it but this one Degree obtain, Then for the next as eagerly 'twould ftrain! And fo on till it reacht the highest Sphere, This base Ambition never would forbear. Well then, ambitious Soul, couldst thou obtain The highest Sphere e'er yet obtain'd by Man, What Satisfaction think'st thou it would bring Wast thou o'er all the World anointed King? Thou then (perhaps) might be a Slave, yet more Than ev'n the whining Beggar at thy Door.

When all the World did stoop to Alexander, Did his Ambition rest, and cease to wander? No! only more insatiate than before, Because he could not find one Empire more, For him to conquer: This provok'd his Tears, As by the Hist'ry of those Times appears. Tho' all were Subjects, this no Comfort gave, While he to wild Ambition was a Slave.

Fear

Fear then vain Mortals, each ambitious View, This is the Track that the old Serpent drew, Who first against his Maker did rebel, For which he justly was cast down to Hell! So still the farther ye pursue this Road, The farther still ye are estrang'd from God. O then sorbear; no more this Track pursue, Lest the same Vengeance also seize on you.

This also spoils whatever ye posses,
If ye this base ambitious Lust cares:
But if ye would at Happiness arrive,
And for the same industr'ously would strive,
The following Lines (if carefully ye mind)
Will shew you where this Happiness to find.

Godlines's with Contentment is the Gain *
That will reward you for your Toil and Pain.
Tho' this is Meat the World knows nothing of,
And therefore at it they but sneer and scoff:
To these celestial Joys, alas, they're blind,
Till heav'nly Light breaks in upon their Mind;
But when from Prejudice the Mind is clear'd
No earthly Joys may be with this compar'd!
Those earthly Heros who divide the Spoil,
Have no such Joys to recompence their Toil!

But fome perhaps may this Objection make, "What is this Godliness of which you speak, And which you say will bring so great Reward, That earthly Joys can't be with it compar'd?"

To this I answer, if you fain would know What is, and whence true Godlines's doth flow,

It is a Principle of Grace divine, [shine Which makes the Soul with heav'nly Lustre It makes the Soul to love and fear the Lord, Hope, and believe, and rest upon his Word. It is a Duty all Men owe to God: It also slows from his Love shed abroad In Man's degen'rate Heart, by Pow'r divine, And makes him in his Maker's Image shine. It is a Principle of living Faith That well believes what e'er Jehovah saith. It penetrates above the utmost Sky, And there beholds infinite Treasures lie. This is (I say) what makes Men truly bless'd: They're only rich who are of this possest.

O then forbear pursuing empty Toys, For that is what true Happiness destroys; But be content with what ye here possess, This is the Way to make your Joys encrease.

But here the Poor perhaps may thus reply, I Amidst their Wants and hard Extremity, Hard We covet no such high and losty Things, As Thrones and Scepters, Crowns of earthly Kings,

Nor large Estates, or ought of losty Stature, But only Things to satisfy stail Nature: Had we but Food and Raiment we should be As well content as those of high Degree; But who can be content while thus they lack Food for the Belly, Clothing for the Back?"

To this I answer, It must be confest, Such Wants as these may humbly be exprest, And if you have not by your Indifcretions
Broughtthis upon yourfelves, and your Relations,
With humble Mind ye then may feek Relief,
To mitigate your Mifery and Grief.
To your Superiors then yourfelves fubmit
With all Humility (as is most sit)
Reveal your Wants, and let them plainly know
What hard Extremities ye undergo;
Desiring them ev'n for Christ Jesu's Sake,
That they would on you some Compassion take,
And help you with what God to them hath lent,
And what they give you, therewith be content.
Grudge not at them, nor blame God's Providence

That hath alloted you such Circumstance. But some perhaps may here reply again, "To ask the Rich is almost now in vain, For they are grown so cruel and so hard, That they our Miseries will not regard, But pinch us in our Wages, tho' we serve Them faithfully, they'll makes us pine and starve.

And who can be content while thus they're us'd Like Slaves or Beafts, inhumanly abus'd?"

To this I answer, True, their Crime is great, Who use their Fellow Creatures at such rate; But still remember that the Time's not long Ere God will justly recompence each Wrong. And this hard Lot of yours perhaps may be To try your Faith and Patience, and to see

If you will still rely upon the LORD, And trust each faithful Promise in his Word; For certainly the LORD will ne'er deceive Them who his Word unfeignedly believe

Know then, true Faith and Patience is the best Relief for all that are on Earth opprest. Wait then (I fay) with Patience on the LORD, Nor fear but he your Troubles will Regard, And also give a large and free Reward. And tho' you cannot earthly Wealth obtain. Yet feek the LORD, nor shall ye feek in vain, If him ye feek aright with all your Heart, Much better Things he will to you impart. If ye are fuch as feek for better Things Than worldy Pelf, with its deceitful Wings, Then never fear but ye at last shall find Riches that are both folid and refin'd, And fit to chear a blest immortal Mind.

But ye who have by your own Folly brought Want on yourfelves, ye have but what ye fought; Ye have no Room nor Reason to complain, Nor grudge at those who wifely did refrain, And honestly did worldly Wealth obtain. Confider then, and heartily repent That you've abus'd what GoD unto you lent, And brought upon yourselves this Punishment. O then repent, left ye should also miss Of Heav'n at last and everlasting Bliss. For know that if ye murmer and repine, Ye only hereby aggravate your Sin.

A Serious REFLECTION upon the Whole.

THUS far have I confider'd each Command, According as they here in order stand; If any serious Christian I've offended, I've widely mist of what I here intended.

Now let us all with Care our Hearts inspect, And humbly mourn for ev'ry sad Defect; And no more wilfully thus dare proceed To break the least, but carefully take heed, For breaking one we guilty are of all, * And each doth for eternal vengeance call. † O dreadful Thought! tremble, my Soul, and sear, For thou deserv'st this Punishment severe!

But some perhaps may here object and say, "Who then shall stand at the great Judgment-day, For where is one that is entirely free,
And never broke these Laws in no Degree?"

To this I answer, No Man since the Fall,
Save Christ alone, could ever keep them all;
And if the Lord had dealt with us severe,
None could have at his righteous Bar been clear;
Yet hath his wond'rous Mercy interpos'd,
And for our help a Saviour hath propos'd;
A costly Saviour! our black Guilt t' attone,
No less than Christ, his dear eternal Son,
That whosoever shall on him believe,
They shall not perish, but of him receive

^{*} Jamesii. 10. † Gal. iii. 10.

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A full Redemption from the fiery Law. * O Sinners! this your frozen Hearts should thaw. For all were doom'd to everlafting Woe. Had not CHRIST JESUS condescended fo: Nor is strict Justice in the least made void. But fully pleas'd, and Mercy magnify'd. The true Believer's Guilt on him was laid, For them, lo, he a Sacrifice was made! See how he bends beneath this griev'ous Load, The Sin of Man, and Vengeance of a GoD! When he attoned for their heinous Guilt, His Flesh was tore! his precious Blood was spilt! The spiteful Scoffs of Men he humbly bore. And Wrath of GoD: Justice could ask no more. A spotless Victim he for them did die. That they might reign with him eternally, O matchless Mercy! Love beyond Degree ! Angels before did ne'er fuch Wonders fee! But if the Angels when they hereon gaz'd Were fill'd with Rapture; wond'rously amaz'd, What cause have we, poor Mortals, to adore This Scene of Love unparallel'd before? G Sinners, view this Scene with melting Eyes, With all your Souls this precious Saviour prize! For tho' you have the worst of Sinners been, If you are brought to know the state you're in, And flee to CHRIST by Faith, and true Repen-

He will from you remove the dreadful Sentence That is denounced by the fiery Law, On ev'ry one that's guilty of a Flaw.

tance.

John iii, 16.

Tho' that condemns to everlasting Fire All those who keep it not full and entire, Yet those who flee to CHRIST to find Relief, In him find Comfort to afwage their Grief, And calm the Tumult of their gloomy Fears, And stop the Torrent of their flowing Tears. His Love is boundless: Infinite his Pow'r : He faves true Penitents at the last Hour.

But some perhaps may here presume to fay, " If there is Pardon found for fuch as they, Who've well nigh spentall their whole Lives in And only at the last they did begin To cry for Mercy, and did then repent, When they their Prime had all in Pleasure spent. Why then should we check all our fond Desires, And quench fo foon Youth's dear delightful Fires?

Why may we not in Youth indulge our Pleafure, Then in old Age we may repent at Leifure?

Religion's but a dull and tasteless Thing, Therefore in Youth we'll take a pleafant Swing."

To this I answer, Ah! deluded Youth! Alas! Alas! did ye but know in Truth The dreadful mad Mistake that ye are in, To hope for Pleafure whilst you're Slaves to Sin : Pleasure in Sin! alas! 'tis but a Dream Stream Which when awake will make your Woes ex-O could I clear but your beclouded Eyes. And shew you where the Source of Pleasure lies,

This gross Deceit would strike you with Surprize :

Thefe

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These salse Delights would vanish then as soon As a dim Candle in the brightest Noon.
Oh, did you know but the amazing Odds
Of Pleasure in these two contrary Roads,
To wit, the Way of Faith and Holiness,
And that of carnal Pleasure and Excess,
You'd say the Joys of Faith are truly sweet,
But carnal Joys are nothing but Deceit.

Some think the Pleasure only is at last,
And that Religion yeilds no sweet Repast:
O gross Mistake! Religion here does yield
More true Delight than if this World were fill'd
With all the dear Delights of carnal Mirth
That ever yet were tasted on the Earth.
Those who have tasted both will freely own
That this is Truth: Yea, tho' there were no

Crown

Prepar'd for those, who faithful ferve the LORD, The Joys of Faith yield here a full Reward.

Wife Solomon, who large Experience had,
Says, In the Midst of Mirth the Heart is sad.*
But in the Midst of Mourning, Grief and Tears,
True Joy breaks in and the dull Spirit cheers.
Grief (with the Faithful) may endure a Night,
But lo, true Joy returns by Morning-Light.†
I dare to fay the ancient Martyrs found
More Pleasure when the Flames did them surround.

Or when they hung on Gibbets rack'd with Pain, Than Sonfualists could ever yet obtain,

^{*} Prov. xiv. 13. 1 Pfal. xxx. 5.

Ev'n in the brightest Scenes of carnal Mirth That ever they have, here enjoy'd on Earth.

But if on Earth, such heav'nly Pleasures flow, From Faith and Hope, to Pilgrims here below, What must the Quintessence of Pleasure be To such in Heav'n when from all Trouble free? This far surmounts our Reason to conceive, Or ev'n our Faith it's Vastness to believe: [best Faith then must yield, and Sense shall then know Those bounless Joys that cann't be here exprest.

Now if the Joys of Faith (those lovely Charms) Will not yet draw you to a Saviour's Arms, Consider now the Danger you are in, Whilst ye remain the willing Slaves of Sin. If still against the Flames of Love ye spurn, Whom they won't melt the Flames of Wrathwill

burn.

Oh! 'tis a dang'rous Path in which you go, You're on the Brink of everlasting Woe! The stender Thread of Life is all the String On which your dear immortal Spirts swing! This stender Thread alone doth bear you up, Whilst Satan's stat'ring Lies supports your Hopez But think how easy this frail Thread is broke, By ev'ry unseen accidental Stroke! Unthought of and unseen Deaths Arrows sty, None knows who first they'll hit or who pass by! The blooming Youth amidst his stowry Prime, As oft they take as those worn out with Time: View but Golgotha, and you may espy Thousands of ev'ry Size and Rank do lie.

T

Again

Again confider this, If you were fure
That your frail Lives would many Years endure,
But know you then when thus your Lives you've
In Vanity, that ye shall then repent, [spent
And then amend your Lives and so receive,
A Pardon free ere ye this World shall leave,
And then your Heads lay quietly in the Grave?
O gross Deceit! Thus Satan leads you on
Till all your vain delusive Hopes are gone;
Then will he plunge you into black Despair,
When all your Hopes are vanished in the Air.

O then confider and no more presume,
But now be wiser for the Time to come,
Repentance is God's Gist, let all Men know,
And as he pleases he does it bestow.*

Esau, who sought it carefully with Tears,
Obtain'd it not, as by God's Word appears.†
Though rarely some have this obtain'd at last,
But, ah, how sew till Life and Time is past.
Then, then they may repent, but ah, in vain;
Repentance will but aggravate their Pain!
Yet they sorever must repent and grieve,
That they so madly did themselves deceive.
Thus have I shewn you where your Danger

lies,
And how you may obtain th' immortal Prize;
Yea, Life and Death I've fet before your Eyes!
Oh! then be wife, and chuse the heav'nly Path,
And shun the Road that leads to endless Death.

^{*} Acts xi, 18. † Heb. xii, 19.

Sacred to Practical Virtue and Holiness, 211

But some perhaps may fay, " I do believe, Therefore I hope God will my Faults forgive; For why the Gofpel Covenant we fee Is this, Believe and thou halt faved be. * Why do you then cry up the holy Law, And o'er our Hearts the vail of Moses draw? What would you lead us back to Sinai's Flames, When we are come to Sion's milder Beams? We are not now under the legal Terms: We now embrace the Golpel in our Arms Which screen us from the Law's black threat-'ning Storms."

To this I answer, don't you here mistake, And so presume GoD's holy Laws to break: Those moral Precepts sent by Moses's Hand Ordained were thro' ev'ry Age to stand. † The Gospel never was defign'd to give Men Liberty immoral Lives to live. Let this strike each presumptuous Soul with awe, The Gospel still is guarded by the Law. 1 Those who presume to break the Law, abuse The Gospel, and its holy Terms refuse; And those who do abuse it must fall under [der. Far greater Vengeance than black Sinai's Thun-Tho' that made ev'n the folid Earth to shake, And stubborn Hearts of Men and Beasts to quake! Yet, a much fiercer Storm of Vengeance flies To blast the Worms, who Gospel Grace despise! \$

^{*}Mark, xvi. 16. Acts xvi. 31. † Matth. xv. 17, 18. 1 Rom. vi. 15. 23 † Heb. x 28 31,

Yet lo, the Gospel tenders Pardon free
To Penitents of high and low Degree,
Who do by Faith to that sweet Resuge stee!
But take this Caution, true Faith ne'er is found
Where true Repentance hath not plough'd the
Ground:

But where Repentance well hath plough'd it up, There, new Obedience is the fruitful Crop.

The Devils they believe and tremble too, *
But fee that better Faith be found in you,
Else you'll have Cause its fruitlessness to rue.

True Faith indeed leads up to Heav'n above But still remember That it works by Love. † True Faith (like Oyl) makes all the Wheels

to go

In Duty's Path, with fweet Delight, and lo, Still Fruits of new Obedience from it flow.

Tho' Works (tis true) will never justify,
If we with Confidence on them rely,
Yet Works (I say) must here our Souls prepare,
Ere we are fitted for the Mansions fair,
For nothing that's unclean can enter there.
Here I conclude, and join with you my Part,
LORD, write these Laws on every human Heart.

* James ii, 19, † Gal, v, 6, 1 Rev, xxi, 27,

The END of the first EPISTLE.



EPISTLE II.

THE

Christian Warfare:

OR, A SERIOUS

EXHORTATION

To VIRTUE and PIETY.

Humbly address'd to the Protestant DISSENTERS

The Author's Apology, to the DISSENTING MINISTERS.

Reverend Gentlemen,

A VING in the foregoing EPISTLE made a ferious Address to your Brethren of the establish'd Church, I thought it might not be improper nor unseasonable to make one also to you on another Subject: Knowing it is the Duty of all Men (and especially all who profess the facred Name of Christians) to have a Regard for the Welsare of each other. And tho' it is our Unhappiness (who profess Christianity) that we are not all agreed in our Thoughts, about some Things in our

most holy Religion; nor do I expect that ever we shall in this fallible State: Yet this we may and ought to do, (or elfe let us forever deny the facred Name of Christians) viz, to love one another; for this our great LORD and MASTER hath given for a distinguishing Character to know his Disciples by, John xiii. 3c. By this shall all Men know that ye are my Disciples, if ye have Love one to another. Again we are exhorted to love, Not in Word, neither in Tongue, but in Deed, and in Truth. 1 JOHN iii. 18. And our LORD hath fummed up the whole moral Law in this one Word, Love. MATTH. xxii-37, 38, 39. Again the great Apostle St. PAUL fays, Love worketh no Ill to his Neighbour: Therefore Love is the fulfiling of the Law. Rom. xiii. 10:

Now I think these Precepts render it the Duty of every one to do what good Offices they can for each other. And in order thereto, I have made the following bold (tho' weak) Attempt. And tho' it may appear mean and despicable in the Eyes of some in this polite Age, yet by the Blessing of God it may be made useful to others. And be it known to you all, it is the Fruit of Love, let it be look'd upon as it will in the World: And Solomon (who was the wifest Man) tells us, Prov. xxvii. 5. Open Rebuke is better than serret Love. Therefore may I say, Silver and Gold have I none; but such as I have give I unto you. But here I am sensible that I may sall under

your Censures for going out of my own Province; and for my mean Qualifications for this great Work. Some of you may perhaps say,

"Since Providence hath put thee in a lower Station of Life, and thou art not endued with those Qualifications of Human-learning that are requisite for this great Work of instructing o- thers; thou oughtest therefore to be quiet and do thine own Business, and not attempt to teach others when thou hast more Need to be taught. If the Blind lead the Blind both shall fall into the Ditch."

To this I answer (with all due Reverence and Submission) I acknowledge my mean Qaulifications, my Blindness, and all my Disadvantages for this Undertaking; yet notwithstanding, if my Words be (as I hope they are) according to Truth and Soberness, I may therefore hope to be excus'd by all the candid and faithful Ministers of CHRIST. And farther, with all Humility, I shall offer the following Texts of Scripture to your Confideration, wherein I think it is not only allowed, but also commanded for Laymen, or common Christians, (as well as Ministers) to exhort, reprove, admonish, and instruct one another; for Instance, HEB. iii. 13 .- Exhort one another daily while it is called, to Day; lest any of you be hardened through the Deceitfulness of Sin. CHAP. x. 24. 25.—Let us consider one another, to provoke unto Love, and to good Works:-Ex-

borting one another: And so much the more, as ye fee the Day approaching. JAMES v. 19, 20. Brethren, if any of you do err from the Truth, and one convert him; Let him know, that he which converteth the Sinner from the Error of kis Way, shall save a Soul from Death, and shall bide a Multitude of Sins. Col. iii. 16. Let the Word of CHRIST dwell in you richly in all Wisdom; teaching and admonishing one another in Psalms, and Hymns, and spiritual Songs.

Now these and many more might be produced to justify the Exhortations of Laymen in general But for my own Sufficiency for this great Work, I have but little to fay. I must confess I am but a very weak Instrument, being unacquainted with the original Languages in which the holy Scriptures were written: But if the present Translation may not be fafely depended upon; then as good it were banish'd out of the World. And if I have afferted any Thing here contradictory thereto, or inconfistent with the Oracles of Truth; let me be weighed in an even Balance. and let facred Truth pass its just Sentence. Tho' I must confess that my Performance doth not shine with such Lustre as if it had come from a learned Pen: Yet I am confident that every wife and candid Reader will foon perceive the Honesty of my Design: And that plain Truth is my only Aim; and that without meddling with controverted Points of Divinity, which often tend

to gender Strife rather than Edification. And as I have avoided all controverted Points of Divinity, the Reader will also find that I have as carefully avoided all Controversy about lesser Matters which we are not all agreed about, and which are not absolutely necessary to Salvation; for my Desire is to profit all, and offend none.

But you may be ready to charge me with Pride, and Arrogance in thefe bold Attempts, and think that I am defirous of vain Glory. To which I shall now reply, I dare not pretend to justify myfelf before GoD; for if I say that I have no Sin I shall deceive myself, and the Truth would not be found in me : But this I know, that I only must answer for it. (i. e.) I mean the Danger is to myfelf: But I remember still that he that had but one Talent committed to his Charge, and improved it not, was condemned for an unprofitable Servant: And therefore if it please the LORD (who hath given me this weak Talent) to accept of this fmall Improvement of it, I am abundantly fatisfied, however it may be despised by Men. But I am fully perfuaded that it is my Duty to do what in me lies to excite every one (as well as myfelf) to confider their Ways, and amend their Lives: For can it be thought unnecessary at this Time, when there appears so many black Symptoms of approaching Apostacy, amongst Men of every Profession, Rank, Sect, and Age; (viz.) Pride, Covetousness, Malice, Spite,

Envy, Contention, Schism, Heresy, Prophaness, Lukewarmness, Formality, and Sloth? Do not all these, and many more such Sins shamefully abound in this Land of Light and Liberty? and what can we then expect for such Ingratitude (without a speedy Resormation) but to be lest to fall into a total Apostacy here, and a certain searful looking for of Judgment hereaster, and siery Indignation, which shall devour the Adversaries? Hath not this been the Lot of other Nations? And why not of this? Is it not then high Time for all that bear the Name of Christians to bestir themselves, and to do what they can to prevent their own, and others Destruction?

This is then the Design of this bold (tho' weak)

Attempt, and the earnest defire of,

REVEREND GENTLEMEN.

Your hearty Well-wisher, in CHRIST,

and most humble Servant

J. M.

The

The INTRODUCTION.

NOW, ye my Friends, who from the CHURCH diffent,

And are not with her facred Rules content:
Her Rites and Ceremonies feem abfurd
To you, and not according to God's Word;
And therefore (having gracious Liberty)
Ye worship God in your peculiar Way.
To blame your Practice herein, or commend,
Is not the Business that I here intend,
But to exhort you to consider well,
And see that ye in Holiness excell;
Else your dissenting from the common Croud
Will but proclaim your heinous Guilt aloud.

And fince 'tis fo that ye do not submit
To Men's Inventions, which ye think unfit
For Christian Worship; therefore ye resuse
Conformity, and seperate Meetings chuse.
Consider then, and make a solemn Pause,
'Till you've examin'd well the real Cause
Why ye do from th' establish'd Church diffent,
And are not with her facred Rites content.

Diffention is nowife to be defended,
If it may be with Honesty amended:
But if you can't with Conscience safe conform,
A quiet Diffention is no real Harm.

But here are many Things laid to your Charge, The which if true, your Fault is very large;

Your.

The INTRODUCTION.

Your Brethren oftentimes upon you fix
The Names of felf-conceited Schismatics,
Blind Biggots, Hypocrites and many more
Such heinous Crimes they heap upon your Score.

Confider then, befide your Maker's Eye,
How many more into your Conduct pry
Who on each Stumble, or Mif-step you take,
Will very readily their Silence break,
And say, 'Ah, there's your Saints that seem to be
'So much preciser, and more pure than we!

' Are thefe the Men who stand in Awe of Sin?

'They're all alike, meer Hypocrites within!'
Now let each one examine well his Heart,

Now let each one examine well his Heart,
And fee if this be truly his Defert.
The Controverfy I can not decide, [wide;
Nor would I try to make the Breach more
God only knows who shall the Test abide.
To raise Disputes I nowise here intend,
But to advise you as a faithful Friend:
To flatter or to banter I disdain,
Yet will I speak my Mind both blunt and plain.

And this I know if ye these Names deserve, Ye widely from your own Prosession swerve. But still remember, distrent Modes and Names, And all the jaring opposite Extreams Of Judgment, which make here a mighty Sound, Will lighter than the empty Chaff be sound, When Christ the Judge shall come in staming Fire.

How will the Hypocrite's vain Hopes expire?

The INTRODUCTION.

Like Clouds of Smoak before the driving Wind They'll leave their vain expected Blifs behind! But those in whom true Faith and Love are found,

Shall then be with immortal Glory crown'd, And reign with CHRIST through all Eternity, Whilst Hypocrites in quenchless Flames shalllie.

O then take Care to keep your Garments clean, Having a Conscience always pure within; Then need ye not the World's Reproaches sear, Nor be asham'd when Men revile you here, The Bolt shall on the Shooter's Head rebound, And smite him with an everlasting Wound.

If falfly you're accus'd you may rejoice,
And lift your Hearts to God with thankful Voice
That ye are counted worthy to partake,
Shame and Reproach for your Redeemer's Sake,*
For great is the Reward which for the giv'n
To you (faith Christ) referved fafe in Heav'n.
For so serv'd they the Prophets all of Old,
And all the Faithful, who the Truth did hold.

Rejoice (faith he) and be exceeding glad,
For I on Earth no better Usage had ‡.
Fear not (faith he) my little chosen Flock,
Nor let your Hearts with gloomy Fears be broke,
For 'tis your heav'nly Father's Will to give
To you the Kingdom, who on me believe ||.

But let none take this Confolation wrong,
This doth to none but faithful Souls belong;
* Adsiv, 41, † Mat, v; 11, 12, † Chap, x, 24, || Luke, xii, 32,
U 3.
Those

The INTRODUCTION.

Those who pursue the Paths of Virtue still In sweet Obedience to their Maker's Will.

The Followers of the LAMB where'er he goes, Tho' all the Hosts of Earth and Hell oppose:

Resolv'd thro' Grace they will this Track pursue,

Not fearing all that Earth and Hell can do. Thefe are the happy Souls that shall be crown'd With CHRIST their LORD; eternally renow'd.

But let this precious Truth be ne'er forgot, That Persecution is the common Lot Of all that walk in this true narrow Way, Which leads to Realms of everlasting Day: Yea, all the faithful Foll'wers of the LORD Were ever by a spiteful World abhor'd. *

* 2 Tim, iii, 12.





SECTION I.

The Nature of the Christian Warfare.

THE Christian Life is all a Wasfare here,
And ev'ry true and faithful Volunteer
Counts not this World, nor Life itself too dear
To part with at their heav'nly Captain's Call:
They for his Sake can freely give up all.

But those that would inlist themselves herein,
'Tis proper for them first ere they begin
Now to sit down and fairly count the Cost,
Lest Courage fail when they shall want it
most,

And they recant and let the Prize be lost. *
Consider then what great and mighty Foes,
Ye in this holy Warfare must oppose;
Satan, the World, the Flesh with ev'ry Lust;
These must be conquer'd and laid in the Dust;
And when you've conquer'd these you shall be crown'd,

And for illust'rous Champions renown'd. †
These are the Foes with which ye now must
fight,

If you would reach the glorious Realms of Light, But if you think these are no num'rous Throng, Yet know they're crasty, violent and strong:

^{*} Luke xiv. 31. † Rev. iii. 21.

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For, Satan first, with his deceitful Charms,
Will strive to cheat you in a thousand Forms;
He'll feed your Hopes (perhaps) with airy
Dreams,

And bid you not to fear, your happy Names
Are written in the Book of Life above,
And nothing can them ever thence remove.
And then (perhaps) when he hath led you on
In bold Prefumption, till your Hopes are gone,
Like Clouds of Smoak diffolv'd in fleeting Air,
He'll plunge you in the Gulph of black Defpair.

'Tis certain these are his deceitful Schemes, To lead his Vassals on in wide Extreams
Of killing Fears, or else presumptuous Dreams
He tells the Youth, "You need not yet begin
To turn to God and leave your darling Sin:
'Tis Time enough for that a great While hence;
Therefore in Youth taste ye the Sweets of Sense.
Devotion's only sit for antient Years,
When Baldness, or the hoary Head appears;
And then a few repenting Tears and Cries
Will for your youthful Vanities suffice."

With what Delight the Youth does listen here! Such Language suits his young voluptuous Ear. But, ah, little does the Wretch believe That all his Crast is only to deceive. His Words are softer than the very Oil, While he does such unthinking Fools beguile.

Then to the Azed with a Frown he turns, Who now perceives his wretched State and mourns, "'Tis all in vain now to begin to pray,
For the hast lost the Blessing by Delay.
Thy Prayers now will not thy Doom prevent,
But aggravate thy Sin and Punishment."
Thus like a crasty Fowler is he set
To draw the Simple to his satal Net,
And when he cannot with his slatt'ring Lies,
Then he some new and salfe Suggestion tries.
A Thousand base malicious Arts he uses
To tempt to Sin, then for the same accuses.

Te Hypocrites (faith he) your Cries are vain, God's gracious Audience ye can ne'er obtain. Then he upbraids them for their various Blots, And tells them these are not God's Children's

Spots.

Thus like a Lion doth he gape and roar,
And daily feeketh whom he may devour.*
But, Thanks to God, this Tyrant strives in vain
To stretch an Inch the Limits of his Chain.
The great JEHOVAH hath him at his Beck,
And mars his Purpose with a humbling Check
Then sear him not, but still on God depend,
For he's the only never sailing Friend.

But now the fecond Captain, with his Band Appears, and will your holy Courfe withstand, To wit, the World, its Forces will combine, And with the former Fiend against you join, And strive to stifle ev'ry Spark divine!

Your old Companions, they will taunt and jeer, And some will on you frown, and some will sneer.

Then Poverty (perhaps) will overtake you,
And all your former Friends will then for fake you.
Then Perfecution will (perhaps) arife, [prize
Which strikes poor tim'rous Souls with fad surThen you'll be drove (perhaps) from House and
Daily expecting worser Things to come. [Home
Your nearest Relatives (perhaps) may be
The keenest Instruments to make you slee;
Whilst none will lend their Aid to bear the Cross,
Which brings with it such Trouble, Shame, and
Loss.

And Life itfelf, and ev'ry Thing that's dear Is now in Danger, plainly doth appear. This firikes the Coward with furprizing Fear. In great Perplexity, now doth he ftand, And Doubts and Fears appear on ev'ry Hand.

And then comes in the third audacious Foe, More dang'rous far than both the former two: He gives the deepest Wounds, and keenest Smart, To wit, the base deceitful wicked Heart. * This comes with all its base corrupted Train, And makes the bravest Soldiers to complain, And often doubt that all their Hopes are vain: For when they've thought the Vict'ry was complete,

And all their Lusts were trod beneath their Feet, Their Faith has rais'd them to Mount Pisa's Top, And they've been fill'd with sweet celestial Hope Sacred to Practical Virtue and Holinefs, 227

Then have they view'd the Heav'nly Landscape o'er,

And thought they were just at the happy Shore. Each lordly Lust they bravely could disdain, And thought to them they'd never yield again; But, ah, how soon this base fallacious Foe Hath given them a dreadful Overthrow! These dead and bury'd Lusts revive again, And fill their Souls with Horror, Grief and Pain: They thought they were just at the heav'nly Shore,

And these vile Traytors would rebel no more, Then they began to think themselves secure, And all their Lusts were driven out o' Door; But, ah, how soon they new Avenues find To enter in and to disturb the Mind! Their vicious Powers do soon revive and swell, And drag them down, ev'n to the Gates of Hell,

Now if the bravest Soldiers meet such Foils, And Sin their best Experience oft beguiles: If such domestic Foes still lurk within, Consider then, ye who would now begin To list yourselves for Soldiers in this War, With what domestic Foes you're call'd to jar.

Now I shall here endeavour to describe. The chief Ringleaders of the cursed Tribe.

The first is Pride, a most pernicious Foe, Which always brings the haughty Sinner low. *

^{*} Prov. xxix. 23, xvi, 18.

This commonly goes foremost in the Van. And was the very first Sin that began, And brought Destruction on the Race of Man. Then Avarice brings up the fatal Rear, Pride's base voluptuous Breaches to repair: Now tho' these are contrary to each other. Yet do they commonly refide together: But, O what base Disharmony they make, They cause the Pillers of the House to shake! Yet still they live like brauling Man and Wife. Which always dwell in Enmity and Strife. These are the Parents too of all the rest Vile Lusts that dwell in Man's corrupted Breast. To count their Offspring, O who can pretend, For they in Legions constantly ascend Out of the base deceitful Heart within, And bring the Soul in Bondage oft to Sin. Malice, and Envy, Rage, and fland'ring Spire, Murder, Adult'ry, Theft, and vain Delight; Prophanenels too, of ev'ry vicious Kind, That dwells fo much in Man's corrupted Mind; Yea, all Rebellions 'gainst both GoD and Man, Proceed from these two Captains of the Clan. All these are Children of this cursed Pair: Whose very Breath pollutes the wholsom Air. These, you must fight against with all your Might,

Tho' ye before in them took great Delight; And this (perhaps) you'll find more hard to do, Than to encounter both the former two; For, O how hard a Thing it is to fight
Against the Object of our Hearts Delight!
Yet, tho' as dear as a Right-hand or Eye,
They must be now cut off and thrown away,
If in this holy Army you'd inlist,
To be the faithful Soldiers of CHRIST:
For he accepts of none but such as part
Freely with ev'ry Idol of the Heart:
Therefore with all your might you must oppose
These diabolical and darling Foes,
If ye would wear the bright celestial Crown
Of everlasting Glory and Renown.

SECTION II.

The CHRISTIAN ARMOUR.

Ерн. vi. r4-18.

PERHAPS your Courage now begins to fail.
And you're afraid you never shall prevail
Against these great Goliahs, which do stand
T' oppose your Way with monst'rous Swords in
Hand:

But come chear up, and never yield to fear, Lo, here is Strength, and Help for ever near. But still remember ye must never trust In your own Strength, which is but feeble Dust, But let your Hope and Confidence be laid Upon your great CREATOR's gracious Aid.

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And if ye would be Christian Soldiers brave, Know that ye must the Christian Armour have, That ye may stand fast in the evil Day, And all the Pow'rs of Earth and Hell dismay. See then that ye put on this Holy Dress, Girt round with Truth; your Breast-Plate

Righteousness: Your Feet well shod with Gospel Preparation, That we may tread the Path of God's Salvation. But above all take Faith, that powerful Shield, That ye may stand undaunted in the Field, And quench the fiery Darts and crafty Wiles Of Satan and the World, which oft beguiles Unguarded Souls by either Frowns or Smiles. And when you've made this proper Preparation, Take also Hope, the Helmet of Salvation: And take the Spirit's harp two-edged Sword, Which is the great JEHOV AH's holy Word: This will (with holy Skill) cut down your Foes, All that would dare your holy Course oppose. Then cast the Anchor Hope within the Veil. And never once let gloomy Doubts prevail. Then daily pray, and make your Supplication To your great Captain for complete Salvation: Imploring still the great JEHOVAH'S Aid, To guide you in his holy Paths to tread. But fix your Hopes, and Confidence upon Your great REDEEMER's Righteousness alone.

Ye Christian Soldiers, thus yourselves prepare, And take these Weapons for the Holy-War; Then boldly fight in your Redeemer's Name, And never yield to finful Fear or Shame: Nor shall ve only fight, but overcome Those Beasts of Prey that round the Forest roam Satan shall flee, and tremble too with Fear, At shaking of your Captain's glitt'ring Spear. The World shall own, with Envy, Grief, and Shame.

Your glorious Conquest in Immanuel's Name. Your Lusts shall vanish; yea, and ye shall be Illustrious Conqu'rors o'er the potent Three. So shall ye win the bright immortal Prize, Laid up for you with CHRIST above the Skies.

SECTION III.

An ALARM; or, general Call to all Sinners, to come and inlift themselves in the Christian Warfare, to fight under CHRIST's Banner: With the Benefits accruing to them who accept, and the Danger they are in who refuse the Gospel Call.

NOW, whosoe'er will lend obedient Ears, This Day I do beat up for Volunteers, In my great heavenly Captain Jesu's Name, I call to Weak, and Strong, to Blind, and Lame, To Rich and Poor, of ev'ry Sex and Size, To Sinners of all Sorts beneath the Skies ;

With

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With Gospel License, I extend the Call, Without Distinction, freely to you all.
To ev'ry Creature of the Human Race,
Lo, Christ sends forth his Messages of Grace.*

All who are willing now themselves t'inlist
To be the faithful Soldiers of CHRIST,
Come now obedient to his gracious Call,
Lo, he is ready to receive you all;
And ye shall find Rest to your weary Souls,
Yea, endless Peace where Grief nor Trouble
rouls:

But let this Truth fink in your Hearts and Ears, That he accepts of none but Volunteers. But whofo will lay down their hostile Arms, And hearken to his Gospels winning Charms And come obedient to his gracious Call, His Arms are open to receive you all. The best of Wages too ye shall receive, And the best Entertainment ye can have, Yea, Bread of Life to feed your hungry Souls, Water of Life, and Wine in flowing Bowls. Tho' empty Fools may mock, and jeer, and fcoff. Lo, here is Food the World knows nothing of. The best of Liv'ry too shall be your Dress, Ev'n the white Robe of JEsu's Righteousnes! The Prize at last, a bright immortal Crown Of everlasting Glory and Renown. Here's all th' Encouragement ye can defire: Yea, here's Salvation from eternal Fire!

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But this know also, None of these are due By any Merit, or Defert from you: 'Tis all the free, and gracious Gift of GoD, And purchas'd by a dear Redeemer's Blood! Come then, all ye, who have been Slaves to Sin, And think what Self-deceivers ye have been! CHRIST's Yoak is easy, and his Burden light; His Ways are Pleafure, and his Work Delight. Who then will come and put his Armour on, And bid each base beloved Lust begone? What fay'st thou, Soul, who art with fin opprest) And know'ft no Way to eafe thy troubl'd Breaft This War will iffue in eternal Rest. Come then, and put this holy Armour on, And freely bid thy darling Lusts begone: Come boldly fight, and tread thefe Monsters down,

So shalt thou win this bright immortal Crown. But know the fearful, and the Unbelievers, All Hypocrites, and foolish Self-deceivers, And all who are in love or league with Sin, And are not willing to inlish herein, These must at last their endless Portion take With Devils in the dark infernal Lake; Where, Fire and Brimstone is their choicest Fare And ev'ry Comfort is abandon'd there; For all the Music, and the Mirth they know, Are endless Wailings, and immortal Woe! *

What fay ye then, ye Sinners of all Kinds? Shall Satan still delude your carnal Minds?

* Rev. xxi. 8.

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Will ye not yet quit your rebellious Arms, And yield unto this glorious Captain's Charms! What are your Eyes still fix'd on earthly Toys, And blind to all thefe bright celestial Toys? Are ye refolv'd, whatever others do, That ye will still this dang'rous Track purfue? O! dreadful Madness, if ye still refist These gracious Tenders, made to you by Christ: But know, if thus ye obstinate remain, You're on the Brink of everlasting Pain. O! think how foolish is your Approbation, To chuse Destruction, and resuse Salvation To live in Bondage when you may be free Is fure the greatest Folly that can be ! Yet such the stupid Folly is of those, Who do not with CHRIST's gracious Gospel close. They're Slaves to Satan, and his cruel Will They drudge and labour daily to fulfil! To ferve and please him, they no Pains do spare, Yet feed on Husks, instead of wholsome Fare. But all who faithfully ferve CHRIST the LORD A Crown of Glory is their fure Reward. * Their LORD is Truth itself, nor can deceive; Thrice happy they who do on him believe.

* Rev. ii. 10.



SPECIAL

ADDRESSES

To four SORTS, (viz.)

I. To Youth, II. The Middle-aged, III. The Aged, IV. The Deferters, or Backsliders.

I. To YOUTH.

WELL, what fay ye, ye lovely blooming Youth?

Will ye give Ear unto the Words of Truth?
Will ye give Ear to CHRIST's fweet charming
Voice,

And make him now your only Love and Choice? If ye are willing, now's the only Time To close with him, while in your youthful Prime, Come then begin your young delightful Days With the sweet Work of Prayer and of Praise: And let the Word of God be your Delight, And Meditation both by Day and Night.

Confider well th' Advantage ye will have If ye do now CHRIST'S Gospel Grace receive. 'Tis easy Work if ye in Youth begin, To get the Vict'ry o'er your darling Sin: 236 DIVINE MISCELLANIES [Part II.

'Tis like a Tree that's tender, green and young, Whose Roots are not yet fast'ned in so strong: 'Tis easier Work (I say) to root it out, Than when 'tis once grown stubborn, old and E'vn so it is with those who young begin [stout. To sight against the vicious Powers of Sin: But those who this delay till asterward, The Roots of Sin grow many, strong and hard.

Repentance is not easily obtain'd, When Men have long in Wickedness remain'd. But lovely Youths, in whose most tender Years, A strict Regard to Piety appears, Tfind Shall taste those Sweets, and those rich Treasures To which the World is ignorant and blind! * O think how fweet and pleasant it will be, When in old Age ye shall look back and fee That ye in Youth began to feek the LORD, And found much Sweetness in his holy Word: What matchless Joys will this to you afford! Or if you are cut off in youthful Days, Death only will to higher Pleasures raise; And wast you safe above the lefty Skies, To be Possessors of eternal Joys. But those who do this needful Work delay Are oftentimes in Anger fnatch'd away, And plung'd into the dreadful Lake of Hell, Where Hypocrites, and vile Apostates dwell.

O then, ye lovely Youths, begin betimes To feek the LORD, and leave your darling Crimes No earthly Joys can be with this compar'd To love and fear, obey and pleafe the LORD!

* Rev. ii. 17---- Matth, xiii. 44.

What Honour like to this can ye obtain, To be enroll'd amongst the glorious Train Of faithful Saints, array'd in Robes of white, And reign with CHRIST in everlasting Light! Come then, ye lovely YouTHs, nor more delay, But now accept CHRIST's gracious Call to Day: His Yoak is easy, and his Burden light; All his Commands are holy, just, and right: In keeping them there's Profit, and Delight. Depend upon it, ye shall ne'er repent That ye so early yielded your Confent. But if ye do the Gospel-call refuse, Ye then the Road to endiess Ruin chuse. O then confider, in your youthful Prime, That Now is the most sweet accepted Time! If this ye lofe, ye never more may have Another Call, 'till call'd into the Grave! For the' you may be now in youthful Bloom, Death may as fpeedily upon you come As on those Heads worn out with num'rous Years, In whose pale Looks e'vn Death itself appears!

Again confider, should your Days be long, Still your corrupt Affections grow more strong: If ye continue still to live in Sin, The harder Work you'll find it to begin To turn to God; your vain Delights to leave, If ye in Youth do not his Grace receive. Believe not then the base Deceiver's Tongue, That would persuade you still, You are too young To hist yourselves in this great War to sight, And to forfake each youthful dear Delight.

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O! dreadful Madness if ye this believe, For this is Satan's Flatt'ry to deceive; And to delude you to his fatal Snare, [pair] And plunge you in the Gulph of black Def-When Death, pale Death shall in your Faces Consider then what Danger you are in, [stare! While yo remain the wretched Slaves of Sin; If ye refuse the Gospel's gracious Terms, Think how you'll bear to meet a GoD in Arms! In Arms of Vengeance to destroy his Foes, Who did his Law and Gospel both oppose! Before him then will burn devouring Fire; And where shall then his guilty Foes retire? To Hills and Mountains they in vain shall civ, To hide them from his dreadful Majesty, Confider this, dear YOUTHS, and no more go In the broad Path that leads to endless Woe.

II. To the MIDDLE-AGED.

A N D what fay ye, ye, who at middle Age
Are now arriv'd, ere ye yourfelves engage
In this grand War, which you are call'd unto?
Are you not yet refolved what to do?
At middle Age, alas! what did I fay?
Nay, this may be to you ev'n the last Day!
The very last ye on this Earth may have,
Ere ye are swallow'd by the gaping Grave!

What think ye then? Speak, is it not high Time (When ye in Vanity have spent your Prime) Now to lay down all your rebellious Arms, And hearken to the Gospel's sweeter Charms, And to put on the Christian Armour too, With holy Refolution to fubdue? * O then no more th' important Work delay, But hearken to your Maker'; Voice to Day: And flee to CHRIST, by Faith, on Gospel Terms, He'll yet receive you in his gracious Arms. Tho' you have long provok'd him to his Face, And long despis'd the Riches of his Grace; Yet if you're heavy laden with your Sin, And from a Sense thereof with Grief begin To cry, Alas! alas! what hall I do? And who shall save me from eternal Woe? And kill in me this Soul destroying Foe? By Night or Day, no Comfort can I find, This Load of Guilt so much affiits my Mind. The Sense of Sin is now so heavy grown. Into the Mire it deeply finks me down. Nor doth it only fink me in the Mire. But will ere long (I doubt) to entless Fire. Alas! while I this Monster Sin have serv'd How wide I from my Happiness have swerv'd! Ah! now I see the Madness of my Sin; Alas! where bath the foolish Wand'rer been? Thro' fatal Mazes I have madly run. And daily hasted to be quite undone.

^{*} I Cor. ix. 25, 26.

Thy holy Laws, LORD! I have basely broke: My Stubborn Neck bath long refus'd thy Yoak. A Prodigal, and Rebel I have been, A wretched Slave to Satan and to Sin! And yet, O LORD! dost thou send forth thy Call To poor and heavy laden Sinners all, To come to thee, and thou wilt give them Reft, And ease the Burdens of their troubled Breast? * LORD! at thy Call, I now am come at last, And owning all my sinful Follies past, Here at thy Feet, myself I humbly cast. I oven O LORD, I have myself undone: No hope remains but in thy darling SON, Who gave his Life for Rebels to atone. But, LORD, so vile and filthy as I am, I to this Favour hardly dare lay Claim. My waken'd Confcience now doth loudly tell. I do deserve the lowest place in Hell. Because I have so vile a Rebel been, And have so willingly run on in Sin, Yet, LORD, I'll hope, for should I now despair, This would but make thy Vengeance more severe: Yea, and dishonour thy great Name yet more Than all my beinous Sins have done before: For lo, thou art a God of Mercy still, Faithful and just thy Promise to fulfill: + Therefore I'll hope, and humbly yet implore, For TESU's Sake wipe out my guilty Score: Yet, LORD, if thou deny'ft, I must be dumb; Iown I don't deserve the smallest Crumb * Matth. xi. 28. † I. John 1, 9.

Of Mercy, from thy just and righteous Hand, Who did so long thy boly Will withstand. Yet, LORD, if thou this Favour wilt bestore, An endles Debt of Praise to thee I'll owe: I'll vie with all thy glorious Host above. To praise the Wonders of redeeming Love. O Then, look down upon my deep Distress. And magnify thy rich forgiving Grace. Tho' Ino Merit of mine own can plead. LORD, look on him who did for Sinners bleed. Since TESUS dy'd poor Sinners to fet free, Then for his Sake have Mercy, LORD, on me.

If thus (I fay) ye do yourfelves address To your CREATOR, and your guilt confess. With deep Remorfe, and true unfeigned Grief. By Faith in CHRIST, ye shall obtain Relief: Ye shall a Pardon, full, and free receive. If thus ye feek, and heartily believe: For this is promis'd in GoD's holy Word; * And this to Penitents may Peace afford; For Heaven and Earth shall sooner pass away, Than one Word fail which CHRIST the LORD

doth fay. † What fay ye then? Will ye in Sin perfift? Or will ye under CHRIST yourselves inlist? Refolve you now which portion ye will take, A Crown of Glory, or a burning Lake. For unto one of these ye foon must go, To Heaven above, or down to Hell below.

* Ifai, Iv. 7. † Mark. xiii. 31.

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O then be wife, and quit yourfelves like Men, That you may Grace, and endless Life obtain. Confider well what Danger you are in, While ye remain in Love or League with Sin. And think what vast Advantage it will be If ye to CHRIST do now for Refuge flee. Tis dreadful Madness if to Sin ye cleave, And do not now the Grace of GoD receive. This you will think yourfelves I'm fure one Day If ye do not his gracious Call obey. O that you'd think fo ere it is too late; Ere Death hath ended your Probation State; Else you will think so in th' infernal Chains, Where God's eternal furious Vengeance reigns! The just Reward of their Ingratitude, Who thus despise the Goodness of a GoD.

III. To the AGED SINNERS.

A N D what fay ye, who now to the last Stage Of Life are come, ere ye yourselves engage In this great War, against the Powers of Sin? Will ye not yet this needful Work begin? Have you liv'd here so long, yet never knew This wond'rous Myst ry, to be born anew? If you continue in your natural State Great is your Folly and your Danger great. You have been bound in Satan's cruel Chains, While he prepar'd you for eternal Pains.

And are you willing to continue still
The wretched Subjects of his cursed Will?
And are you willing now to leave this World,
To be with him to Hell forever hurl'd?
O dreadful Thought! Do ye not yet repent,
And tremble at the Thoughts of this Event?
O, think how ye this wretched World must leave,
And be thrust down to the infernal Cave,
Where Fire and Brimstone, black sulphurious
Streams

Must be your Bed, in everlasting Flames?
There shall ye also see, at utmost Height,
The glorious Realms of everlasting Light,
Where all the holy, valiant Champions are,
Who were brave Soldiers in this holy War,
Wearing their glorious Crowns, and white Array,
Triumphing in the Realms of endless Day;
Whilst ye are roaring in the Lake of Hell,
In Torments worse than mortal Tongues can tell.
Then Conscience too (that never dying Worm)
Will gnaw your Hearts in the most wretched
Form.

'Twill then upbraid you with fuch Words as these,

Thou liv'ds on Earth and took'st thy carnal And did'st thy base luxurious Palate please:

And did'st neglect the Gospel's joyful Sound
Where many thousands sweet Salvation found!

There might's thou too, Salvation have obtain'd Hadst thou not still in Unbelief remain'd, And all my Checks most scornfully distain'd. Remember how I often did thee tell, That thou wast in the ready Road to Hell Yet still against the LORD thou would'st rebel. Now thou must in these endless Torments lie Through all the Ages of Eternity.

Then will ye cry, Alas! what must I dwell Forever in this dreadful Lake of Hell! O cutting Thought! alas! this makes me shiver, To think upon this exeful Word, FOREVER! What! must I lie ten-thousand Ages here, And get my wretched End be ne'er the near! Alas! alas! is this Eternity! O! could I cursethis dreadful Gop and die! But ah, alas, my wishes all are vain, Resentment does but aggravate my Pain! O that I never once had heard the Sound Of Gospel Tidings on the earthly Ground; For this sad Thought torments me worst of all, That I refus'd its sweet inviting Call! O that I ne'er had liv'd on Christian Ground. Nor ever heard the Gospel's foyful Sound!

Thus may we not suppose the Wretch to cry,

Amidst the Pangs of endless Misery?

Consider this, ye aged Sinners all,
And speedily upon your Maker call,
Lest his just Vengeance quickly on you fall.
O think (I pray) what Danger ye are in,
If yet you are the wretched Slaves of Sin.

What

What have you liv'd on Earth fo many Years Till scarce a Hair on your bald Head appears? Your furrow'd Brows declare that Death is nigh Your flutt'ring Breath just ready now to fly, And the next Step is black Eternity! And can you thus contentedly remain, Unfanctifi'd, and not yet born again? O haste, haste haste, and for a Pardon sue, Ere you are forc'd to bid this World adieu! Your Candle now is but a glimm'ring Snuff, 'Twill be blown out (perhaps) by the next Puff; Therefore 'tis dreadful if you now delay, And put off your Repentance one more Day. But now perhaps 'twill be th' old Serpent's Care To swell your Guilt and tempt you to Despair; He'll tell you now 'Tis but in vain to pray, For you have loft the Bleffing by Delay. This is his common Courfe when Men begin To apprehend the Danger they are in: But don't ye now his flatt'ring Lies believe, For all his Craft is only to deceive: And have not ye believ'd him too too long? Then trust no more his base deceitful Tongue For this is his last Point, which if he gain, Then he hath caught you in his cruel Chain Wherein you're bound to everlafting Pain. But if you now unfeignedly repent, His curfed Scheme you totally prevent. If now no more ye do in Sin perfift, But freely under CHRIST yourselves inlist, And now receive him on the Gospel Terms, He'll welcome you into his gracious Arms.

Come

Come then and bow before your Maker's Face, And all your Guilt with grief & shame confess, And thus implore his rich forgiving Grace.

LORD! at thy Feet a wretched Sinner lies,
Unworthy to lift up his guilty Eyes
Towards thy Throne, thy Mercy to implore,
Yet lo, I cast myself at Mercy's Door
Vile and polluted! Leprous too all o'er!
But, LORD, I've heard there's Mercy found
with thee,

Ev'n for such vile unworthy Worms as me! LORD! can it be that I should Mercy find. I, who have been to all thy Beauties blind! I, who fo long thy righteous Laws have broke. And stubbornly refus'd thy gentle Yoak! I, who folong thy Patience (LORD) have tried. And most presumptuously thy Wrath defy'd: I, who in Vanity have spent my Prime, And only left for thee the Dregs of Time! And shall I yet accepted be of thee? This must indeed surprising Mercy be! O, make me then an Instrument of Praise, To celebrate thy rich forgiving Grace. O, melt this hard, this frozen Heart of mine. And work a Change in me all o'er divine. For Jesu's Sake I humbly thee implore, O LORD, wipe out my black my guilty Score! I own I have a base Transgressor been, A willing Slave, to Satan and to Sin:

There

Confounded here, I blush before thy Face, That I fo long have flighted thy rich Grace. LORD, fould'st thou cast my guilty Soul to Hell, Strict Justice must approve the Sentence well: But O forever be thy Name ader'd! I find it promis'd in thy holy Word, That whosoe'er repents and turns to thee, By Faith in CHRIST, shall yet accepte l be. * These precious Words afford me some relief. I ORD. I believe, belo thou my Unbelief: But, LORD, I cann't repent nor yet believe; Except of thee I do this Power receive; Grant then, O LORD, these Graces unto me, Then I'll repent, believe, and trust in thee. O wash my Soul in that most precious Flood Of Water pure, and rich atoning Blood, That sprung from my dear JESU's wounded Side, When he upon the Cross for Sinners died: So shall they Mercy, LORD, be magnified. Nay, ev'n thy Justice shall more Glory win (Altho' I have the Chief of Sinners been) Than if my worthless Soul were lent to Hell. Where thy just Vengeance doth forever dwell; For tho' I suffer'd there eternally, This never would thy Justice satisfy; But my Salvation thro' CHRIST's precious Blood Shall fully please thy Justice, O my GoD! O then for Mercy and for Justice too, I humbly plead, a Pardon, LORD, bestow. Then what a Monument of Mercy I, Shall be to Angels thro' Eternity! * Ifai, lv. 7. John vi. 37.

There I with them forever shall adore Thy matchless Love, upon the Heav'nly shore; With many millions of Man's fallen Race. Who loud proclaim thy rich forgiving Grace. Oh, then my vile corrupted Heart renew; My Aubborn will, and all my Pow'rs subdue! This shall redound to thy eternal Praise, And Glory of thy rich forgiving Grace, Far more than if my Soul were fent to Hell, Where thy just Vengeance doth forever dwell. Tho' true it is, that all the Heav'nly Choir Can ne'er advance thy Praise and Glory high'r Than what it was from all Eternity, When all thy Creatures did in Silence lie: Yet since thou hast thy gracious Name reveal'd AGOD of Mercy, and hast not conceal'd This lovely Attribute from my poor Eyes, From hence alone my humble Hopes Arise. Yea, this thou hast more highly magnified, Than all thy glorious Attributes befile, In sending CHRIST, thy dear beloved Son, To die for Crimes that rebel Worms had done. Oh, let me then herein obtain a share, And for his Sake hear my unworthy Pray'r. This humble Suit I cannot, will not ceafe, Until thou grant an Answer, LORD, of Peace. Thus humble ye yourfelves before the LORD,

Thus humble ye yourfelves before the LORD, And plead the Mercies promis'd in his Word; Then doubt not but ye shall his Grace obtain, None ever sought his Face aright in vain. But fee that ye presume to sin no more
As ye have done in Unbelief before;
Else all your Teats and Cries will be in vain,
You're on the Brink of everlasting Pain.

Now if you will your MAKER's Word obey, Give ear unto his gracious Voice To day: But if you're not refolved yet to come, Then you may flay and hear your woful Doom, Ev'n, Hence depart, go and forever dwell With Devils in th' infernal Lake of Hell.

IV. To Deserters, or Backsliders.

N OW ye who have your facred Colours fled, And have revolted from your LORD and head,

What fay ye now? will ye again return,
And all your base ungrateful folly mourn?
Or will ye at such matchless Goodness spurn?
O think upon your mad Ingratitude
To trample thus upon Redeeming Blood:
And think upon the Danger you are in,
Whilst ye against the Checks of Conscience sin.
Consider how this deathless Worm will sting you,
When Justice into quenchless Flames shall sling
you.

Oh dreadful Thought! And will ye still persist To be the trayt'rous Enemies of CHRIST?

What! flee from CHRIST, and all his lovely Charms,

And turn to Satan's Camp and bear his Arms? O fatal Madnefs! Do ye not begin To fee the dreadful Danger you are in? Let but your Confcience answer, it will tell, If thus ye still continue to rebell, Your Place must be the very lowest Hell!

But now if ye will humbly yet return To your Allegiance, and your Folly mourn, A gracious Pardon ye shall yet obtain, If humbly ye repent and turn again. * Then come, and like the *Prodigal* of old, With contrite Heart your Case to God unfold. †

"LORD, I have sinn'd, I've sinn'd before thy
And most ungratefully abus'd thy Grace! [Face:
But now my Folly, and my Shame I own,
I'am not worthy to be call'd thy Son:
But let me one of thy Domestics be,
Tho' ev'n a Servant of the low'st Degree,
In any Office that belongs to Thee.
Ah, Foolish ingrate that I've been to rove
From thee, my God, and thus abuse thy Love:
Alas, what fatal Mazes have I trod,
Whilst I have err'd and stray'd from thee my God!
And dost thou yet invite me to return,
Who did so at thy Loving-Kindness spurn?
LORD, at thy Feet consounded here I lie,
Towards thy Throne asham'd to list mine Eye!

^{*} Jer. iii. 12. † Luke xv. 21.

And wilt thou yet receive me to thine Arms? Lo, here I yield, o'ercome with Mercy's Charms! My finful felf I utterly abhor, And all my base Ingratitude deplore. LORD, guard my Heart that I no more may rove From thy dear Camp: Secure me by thy Love. Let me be nailed to my SAVIOUR's Cross, Rather than fuffer me to wander thus: Imove Then here on Earth, while my frail Lips can I'll shew the World the Wonders of thy Love; And strive to bring Revolters back to Thee, And they shall praise a pard'ning GoD with me. And when I reach thy glorious Courts above, Where my deceitful Heart no more shall rove, There will I vie with all thy Heav'nly Choir, (Who speak thy Praise with most intense Desire)

The Wonders of thy rich forgiving Grace.

Then, LORD, my humble Supplication hear,
And to my Pray'r bend down thy gracious Ear,
Since Jesus dy'd Backfliders to restore,
Then for his Sake a Pardon I implore.
Look down, O LORD, and with a gracious Eye
For Jesu's Sake pass mine Offences by,
And save the Rebel justly doom'd to die.
So shall the Glory be forever thine,
As is most due to sov'reign Grace divine.''

To celebrate, in fweet immortal Lays,

Thus humble ye yourfelves before the LORD, And by his Grace ye shall be yet restor'd, But if you still continue to rebell, Your Place must be where your old Leader fell. Of all the Race of Adam that did fall,
Your Case must be the dreadfulest of all,
Who after ye the Gospel had receiv'd,
And with a firm Assent the Truth believ'd,
And then returned back to Saran's Tribe:
What mortal Tongue your Danger can describe?
Oh! that you may consider, ere too late,
The Danger of your base Apostate State,
And speedily to Christ for resuge slee,
That ye may from this wosul State get free.
O haste! make Haste! while Mercy yet doth
wait,

For you're undone if you should stay too late.

SECTION V.

A more particular Address to the Diffenters, on several serious Considerations; by way of Application; exciting them to practical Holiness, and Thankfulness.

NOW I no more this gen'ral Scheme pursue,
But here speak more peculiarly to you
To whom I this Epistle have addrest;
My Mind to you shall freely be express'd.
And since 'tis so that ye profess to be

The faithful Soldiers of the LORD, then fee That your Profession, and your Lives agree:

For, ah! how vain are empty Modes and Names, Before a God whose quick all-piercing Beams Discern the very Secrets of the Heart, Ere our frail Lips our Meaning can impart! O, then examine well, lest ye be found Like Tinkling Brass, a vain and empty Sound! For lo, we're told that many Men will say To Christ at the great awful Judgment-Day, LORD, LORD, we've prophesed in thy great Name,

And Works have done, ev'n mighty Works of Fame. To whom he'll answer, with an angry Frown, Depart from me, for you I will not own! Your Works you did in base Hypocrify, And vainly thought to 'scape my piercing Eye: Depart, ye Workers of Iniquity. * Then shall they flee, with Terror from his Sight, Down to the Regions of eternal Night: And there must they their endless Lodging take With Devils, in the black infernal Lake! O dreadful Sentence! " Who of us shall dwell With endless Burnings in the Lake of Hell? † And who shall then admitted be to stand Before the Judge, and plac'd on his Right-hand To whom he'll fay, "Come, ye beloved Ones, Ye now shall fit on bright celestial Thrones; Come, and enjoy the Kingdom long prepar'd Ere Time began, 'tis your divine Reward; 1 O who (I fay) shall this sweet Sentence hear, So pleasing and delightful to the Ear? * Matth. vii 22, 23. † Haiah xxxiii. 14. | Matth. xxv. 34.

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None but the faithful Foll'wers of the LAMB,
Who fear'd, and lov'd, and boldly own'd his
Name,
[gain,
And counted Christ's Reproach far greater
Than all this World affords to wicked Men.
Such are the happy Souls, and fuch alone,
To whom the Judge will then pronounce, well
done.

O then, my Friends, take heed what ere ye do, To walk by Faith, as Pilgrims here below. Elfe all your Hopes of being lov'd, and own'd By CHRIST at last, will but your Souls confound! But for encouragement still to purfue The Paths of Virtue, keep the Prize in View, The glorious Recompence of the Reward, * To be forever with your dearest LORD! Consider too your Warfare is but short, Ere ye shall reach the fair celestial Port, If still ye tread the strait, the narrow Path; Finish your Course, and keep the holy Faith; Then shall ye be amongst the blest renown'd, And with immortal Joy and Glory crown'd. Then be not flothful, but with Zeal purfue Those Tracksthat CHRIST and his Apostles drew.

Ye boast your Ancestors † were Heroes brave, Who true and faithful Testimonies gave Of their Allegiance to the King of Kings, And how they did despise all tempting Things

^{*} Heb, xi, 26, † viz. The ancient Puritars and modern Nonconformifts

That would have drawn them from the holy Way
That leads to Realms of everlasting Day:
And with what holy Courage they did stand
In fweet Obedience to their LORD's Command
Not fearing them who could the Body kill,
But on the Soul could not effect their Will,
Yet faithful were unto JEHOVAH still.
Well, do ye imitate their virtuous Ways
Their Faith and Love, and ev'ry Christian Grace?
Ye ought to follow them with one Accord
So far as they did follow CHRIST the LORD:
In vain ye boast of them except ye do
Their virtuous Ways with holy Zeal pursue.
And thro' what Floods of Dangers still did they
Pursue the Path that leads to endless Day?
And thro' what Difficulties did they meet

And thro' what Difficulties did they meet
'To feek the LORD, and found his Prefence fweet?
True Love inflam'd their fympathizing Hearts
As Members of one Body, all the Parts
Share with each other in their Joys and Smarts.
So little they esteem'd such tempting Things
As worldly Pelf (with its deceitful Wings)
Pleasures, & Honours with their hidden stings,
That they resign'd them at their LORD's Command.

They rather chose to keep a Conscience clear, Than buy the World's deceitful Toys so dear.*

^{*} See Neal's History of the Puritans and modern Nonconformists and Dr. Calamy's Abridgement, &c.,

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And in the Midst of all their Griefs and Fears, They poured forth their humble Cries and Tears Before the LORD, whose Mercy still is nigh To all that fear him, and on him rely; Tho' in the Furnace he does them refine, According to his Wisdom all divine, And makes them ev'n the purest Gold outshine Yet did his gracious Ear attend their Cry, And he beheld their Troubles from on high; Then fafely o'er the rough tempestuous Flood Brought a Deliv'rer to confound the Proud: His Royal Hero (WILLIAM) here he brought, Who most victoriously his Battles fought. His Guardian Angels fafely brought him o'er The beist'rous Ocean to the British Shore: Then on his Head he fet the Royal Crown, And bid him tread the haughty Tyrants down. The Royal Hero did his LORD obey, Reign'd with a just, yet with a powerful Sway, And made the Hosts of Hell and Rome give Way!

At his Approach their Hearts were fill'd with Dread.

With Terror from the British Coast they fled! Then did the LORD him o'er to Ireland fend, His faithful Protestants there to defend, And by him he redeem'd the precious Lives Of his dear Children, from the Irish Knives. Thence brought him back safe to the British

Throne,

To make his Justice and his Goodness known.

Thus God did make Tyrannic Powers refign, And fa'd the Crown on worthy GEORGE's Line! And still they new Rebellions try in vain, To interrupt our gracious Sov'reign's Reign.

Oh! all ve Protestants, your Voices raise, With thankful Hearts to fing your Maker's Praise.

For Favours fo fublimely great as thefe! And you especially, who most abhor The base Pollution of the scarlet Whore, What Caufe have you his Goodness to adore? His Works are done in Truth and Righteousness: His Enemies unwillingly confess, That matchless Wisdom, Power, and Glory thines.

In all his Works, in all his vast Designs. Then ye who are the Objects of his Care, What Caufe have ye his Goodness to declare? He makes your Rulers gracious, just, and kind, And gives your Fears and Dangers to the Wind, To carry them beyond the raging Seas, Whilst ye enjoy sweet Liberty, and Ease. And thus do ye the Priviledge enjoy To worship GoD in his appointed Way; No threat'ning Tyrant daring to oppose The happy Priviledges God bestows. O then, what Caufe have ye to bless his Name, And make his Praise your most delightful Theme?

But now, my Friends while ye enjoy fuch Peace Take heed left Weeds instead of Fruits encrease:

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Whilst there's no outward Wolf now to molest, Take care of them that dwell within your Breast:

These oftentimes prove worse than all the rest. Confider now if this be not your Cafe, While ye enjoy fweet Liberty and Peace, Does not the Love of many now wax cold, As was fore-spoken by your LORD of old? Does not Lukewarmness greatly now abound; Envy, and Pride, and Malice spread around? Does not true Godliness still fade away, And ev'ry Grace feem daily to decay? Confider then what Caufe ye have to fear, Lest God should in his dreadful Fury swear, Since ye abuse the Gospel of my Love, My Candlestick I'll speedily remove, And ye shall grope in Darkness, and shall know The want of that which ye have slighted so. Te now hall feel the Fury of my Rod, And know that I'm a Sin revenging GOD. O Britons, tremble, and your Sins forbear, Lest ye should foon this dreadful Sentence hear. Hath not the LORD dealt fo with other Lands, Who did abuse the Favours of his Hands? O think upon his ancient Flock the Fews, Who did the Gofpel of his Grace refuse; See how they're fcatter'd thro' the Earth Abroad Like wand'ring Sheep, estranged from their God! Now these (ye know) his chosen People were, Yet for their Sins the LORD would not them spare

And Gentile Churches, which he first did plant Lie now in Ruins, and his Gospel want; Because they did his Jealousy provoke, Their facred Temples he hath long forfook! Now they are lest to worship Wood and Stone, And JESUS CHRIST is now to them unknown!

And have not we, within this fav'rite Land, Great Cause to sear lest God should give Com-

To cut us down as Cumb'rers of the Ground. If that no better Fruits on us be found? If we continue to provoke the LORD, Shall we escape the Fury of his Sword, And still enjoy the Blessings of his Word? What! will the LORD continue here to dwell While we maintain a wicked League with Hell? O! no, my Friends! great Caufe we have to fear If we do not this finful Hope forbear, That God in Wrath on us will quickly frown, And on us pour his dreadful Fury down! Do not our Sins for heavy Judgments cry? And our Transgressions reach above the Sky? And may we not expect the LORD to pour His Wrath on us, in one eternal Shower? Rouze, all ye Saints, and humbly Peace implore

And never once your fervent Cries give o'er,
Until he blefs your Land from Shore to Shore.
Ye are the facred Pillers of the Earth,
Your earnest Cries restrain God's fiercest wrath,

O may your fervent Prayers daily rife To him thro' CHRIST, a welcome Sacrifice.

O Britons all, begin with one Accord,
To fearch your Ways, and turn unto the LORD;
So shall ye still his Favourites remain,
Your Rights and Liberties he will maintain,
And send his Blessings down like showers of
Rain.

Your King and Country he will greatly blefs, And give each Labour of your Hands Succefs. Your Land shall be like Eden's fruitful Field, Which did a thousand joyful Blessings yield. But if his Promises will not you draw, Nor your reluctant stubborn Spirits thaw, Then must you hear the Thunders of his Law. And if you do not speedily repent, His dreadful Judmemts will be on you sent. Destruction like an overwhelming Flood, Shall sall upon the Stubborn and the Proud. Here I conclude, and humbly join my Part, LORD, with thy Grace fill ev'ry British Heart.

The END of the Second EPISTLE.



EPISTLE III.

THE

Divine Original and Primitive Beauty of

CHRISTIANITY.

Set forth in the Birth, Life, Sufferings, Death, Refurrection, and Afcention, of our

LORD and SAVIOUR,

FESUSCHRIST:

And the Life and Conduct of his Apostles. Humbly addrest to all Professors of Christianity
For their holy Imitation.

SECTION I. The Birth of Christ.

THE Time is come, lo, the bright Day appears
That God had promis'd near four thousand
Years,

That he would fend the Woman's royal Seed To refcue Man, and Bruife the Serpent's Head. * God's faithful Saints did long this Day behold Thro' Types and Prophecies which CHRIST foretold. †

But what was typify'd is now reveal'd, And all the holy Prophecies fulfill'd, * Gen, iii, 15, † John viii. 56.

Lo, CHRIST the LORD, the great MESSIAH comes

And Man's frail Nature humbly he affumes!

This did his Angels fee with strange surprize, Behold their MAKER in a Manger lies!

A tender Babe just of a Virgin born!

Us'd with Contempt, Indignity and Scorn!

A Stable for his Palace, and a Manger

The Bed wherein was laid the heav'nly Stranger!

Well might they be prodigiously amaz'd,

To fee the LORD of Glory thus debas'd. [flame Why did not Wrath their heav'nly Breasts en-To vindicate their great CREATOR's Name? No: they were fill'd with Wifdom from above, And fent to spread this matchless Scene of Love. Down to our Earth, behold they bend their Way, To spread the joyful Tidings of the Day, See now God's Glory round the Shepherds shine With Splendor great, with Luster fo divine That mortal Eyes could not fustain the Sight Without amazing Terror in the Night; For lo, it was amidst the dusky Shade This glorious Vision was to them display'd. But lo, the heav'nly Envoy quickly cheers (With Tidings glad) their humble Hearts & Ears. Arise (said he) ve Shepherds, haste away To David's City, there is born to Day Aglorious TESUS, who is CHRIST the LORD, By whom your humble Hopes shall be restor'd. A glorious King, a Sun of Righteousness, Who hall all Nations with Salvation blefs. Laid Laid in a Manger, lo, the Babe you'll find:
The Antient promis'd Saviour of Mankind.
Thus Gabriel spake; th' attentive Shepherds heard,

And lo, a bright Angelic Host appear'd, And thus whilst in the radient Clouds they hung, Their Maker's Praise in heav'nly Strains they sung;

To God be Glory in the highest strains, Who in the Heav'n of Heav'ns forever reigns: Long bath his Goodness fill'd our Realms above. But Men shall now taste of his special Love. To Men good Will, and heav'nly Peace on Earth, To Angels foy at great IMMANUEL's Birth! Thus did the bright Angelic-Host proclaim, When they upon the joyful Errand came, To spread the News of our REDEEMER's Birth. And fill Men's Hearts with heav'nly Joy on Earth: Then shall not Men resound their Heav'nly Strains And make their Voices reach th' Ætherial Plains? Yes, certainly each faithful Soul will raife To God a Song of undiffembled Praise; And also with the highest Angels vie, To fing the Praises of the Trinity. Come then, ye dear redeemed Souls and join Your Hearts and Tongues in Raptures all divine, And make your Voices reach the Courts above, To praise the Wonders of redeeming Love! Admire, adore, whilst this you meditate, How TESUS left his glorious Throne of State,

Such strange Indignities to undergo, To ransom you from everlasting Woe.

His powerful Word the Whole Creation made. And Heav'n and Earth on starely Pillers laid, * And his almighty Pow'r fustains them still, And doth in Heav'n and Earth whate'er he will, Yet deign'd to leave his glorious Throne on high (Where he had reign'd from all Eternity) That he Mans feeble Nature might affume, And he th' Offended, take th' Offender's Room! See how he leaves his bright celestial Throne A humble Virgin's Knees to fit upon! Thus, lower than his Angels was he made, + Born in a Stable, in a Manger laid! Be Heav'n and Earth amaz'd, and blush to fee Your great CREATOR in this low Degree! But, O ye faithful Saints, believe, tis true, This matchless Stoop of Love was all for you! Othen with Heart & Tongue proclaim his Praise; Above the Heav'ns your thankful Voices raise! His Pow'r, his Wisdom, and his Love adore. That stoopt so low, you Captives to restore! Adore the Justice and the Mercy too, That did such strange Mysterious Things for you! O praise the FATHER who his Darling sent, T' assume your Nature; bear your Punishment! O praise the SON who readily did come To bear the Stroke of Justice in your Room! O praise the holy SPIRIT, who applies To you the Blood of this rich Sacrifice? * John i 3. † pfal viii 5.

O praise the glorious THREE with one Accord, Who thus your finking Hopes again restor'd! Yea, let your thankful Songs forever rise Like Clouds of Incense to the losty Skies.

The LIFE of CHRIST, (viz) his Infant Sufferings in being carried into Egypt from the Cruelty of Herod: His Return to the Land of Judea: His Temptations, public Ministry, and Miracles.

THUS have we heard how CHRIST the LORD did come,

And our frail Nature humbly deign'd t' assume: Now let us next with humble Hearts review The matchless Labours he for us went through: And all to purchase endless Life and Peace For rebel Worms of Adam's fallen Race.

No fooner had he made his Entrance here,
But Hell pursu'd him with a fierce Career:
Herod (that bloody Tyrant of the Age)
Inspir'd by Hell did all his Pow'rs engage
To slay the Insant with the utmost Rage:
And to be fure to slay the holy One,
The monst'rous Tyrant spat'd nor pitied none,
But ev'ry Babe in fair Betblehem Town
Must by his cruel Sword be hewed down!
Ev'n ev'ry Male beneath two Years of Age
Must fall a victim to his cursed Rage!

Aa

Alas, what melting Groans, and mournful Cries, And flowing Teats from tender Mothers Eyes, Which one might think would melt a Heart of Stone,

And make it fympathize with every Groan! Yet nothing would this Monster's Wrath aswage, But all must fall the Victims of his Rage! Yer all in vain, to slay the holy Child; The cruel Tyrant's Hopes were all beguil'd. In vain he thought Go o's Purpose to prevent, For he the Babe had into Egypt sent, 'Till Herod's Pow'r and Policy was spent. Thus was the haughty Tyrant's Purpose crost, And all his Hopes forever blown and lost.

Thus may we fee how vain it is to fight
Against a God, whose Power is infinite:
Soon could the Lord have stopt his cursed Breath,
And made him fall immediately by Death,
Yet lo, his Wisdom made his Fury stay
'Till he saw sit on the appointed Day;
Then gave Commission to his Servant Death,
To stop the cruel Tyrant's Threat'ning Breath.
Then out of Egypt, lo, he call'd his Son,
To make his Justice and his Mercy known.
And thus did he the Prophecy unfold,
That by the Prophet had been long foretold,
That out of Egypt God would call his Son,
And every Word that's promis'd must be done.

Now that this Prophecy might be fulfil'd, foseph is warn'd to take the holy Child,

NEW .

And his espoused Wife, and so return To Ifrael's Land where they did once fojourn. But lo, new Troubles did obstruct their Way, Hearing that Herod's Son did then bear Sway, They fear'd left he the holy Babe should flay: So being warn'd of God, they turn'd afile To Nazareth, and there did long abide, And that the Prophecy might be fulfil'd, That Fesus should a Nazarene be stil'd. * So Jesus grew in Wisdom, and in Stature, Strange Mystery, a God in human Nature!

And as suppos'd at thirty Years of Age. He now must in his Ministry engage: Then back into Julea he returns, And for the Peoples Sins he fasts and mourns. Now to his Grief to add fresh aggravations. Lo, he must suffer Satan's foul Temptations : That fo he might in all Things bear a Part Of our Afflictions, with a tender Heart: He felt of all as our own fellow Creature, Only exempt from finful corrupt Nature. All Satan's foul Temptations were in vain His bright infinite Holiness to stain.

Then he began to preach, and taught the poor Such Doctrine as they ne'er had heard before: The Law in Gospel mold he did explain, all And shew'd their Duty both to GoD and Men: Not like the crafty Pharifees and Scribes, " Who partially did teach for filthy Bribes.

Math. ii 22. Aa2

His Words did with fuch holy Lustre shine, They plainly prov'd his sov'reign Pow'r divine. He heal'd the Sick; he gave the Blind their Sight;

Made Deaf to hear, the Lame to walk upright: He cleans'd the Lepers, and the Dead did raise Made Dumb to speak and sing their Maker's Praise:

He made the Devils flee from those possest, And calmly gave their troubl'd Spirits Rest. Thus he fulfil'd what good Esaias said, Himself did bear our Sorrows in our stead.

Thus did he prove his Mission was divine,
To all who were not obstinately blind,
The Poor (who were enlighten'd from above)
His Doctrine heard with holy Fear and Love,
While Scribes and Pharises did dare blaspheme
His glorious God-Head, and reproach his
Name.

Then out of the uncultivated Croud
He twelve Disciples chose, unlearn'd and rude;
With whom he travel'd in a Pilgrim's Dress,
To help the Poor and Needy in Distress:
But, O the matchless Travels he went thro',
Surpass the Power of mortal Tongues to shew!
The Desert Mountain, and the Mid-night Air,
Did often Witness to his fervent Pray'r;
Not for himself, but for Man's fallen Race,
Who had ungratefully abus'd his Grace!

While Foxes had their Holes, each Bird its Nest. Yet had not he whereon his Head to rest! Hunger, and Thirst, he often did endure; Tho' Lord of all, yet thus became he poor. All this and more did TESUS undergo For Man, unworthy Man, his bitter Foe, Who plotted ev'n his utter Overthrow! Nay, this was but a Preface to the Grief He underwent, to purchase our Relief. Surprizing Love! infinite, and divine, Oh! with what matchless Lustre doth it shine? Oh! may this Love each gracious Soul inspire With holy Zeal to imitate him nigh'r, Come, O thou fweet celestial Dove, and bring Thy heavenly Graces on thy balmy Wing, And fill our Souls with thy celestial Fire, That we may more this Saviour's Love admire, And daily strive to raise his Praises high'ri

SECT. III.

The last Sufferings and Death of C H R I S T.

THUS JESUS spent his Life in Grief and

(As is suppos'd) for three-and-thirty Years: But now a greater Scene of Grief and Woe Doth next ensue, which he must undergo:

A 2 3

Since

Since he hath undertaken to redress Gop's broken Law, in Man th' Offender's Place, One fingle Mite Justice will not abate, (All partial Pay he utterly doth hate.) So now on TESU's Head behold he pours The dreadful Vengeance that was due to ours! Devils, and Men (with all their furious Rage) Are now let loofe against him to engage: While God's vindictive Justice on himfalls, And for full Reparation strictly calls Of that just holy Law that Man had broke : So on his Head he lays the dreadful Stroke! The Fews (his Brethren, Countrymen and Kin According to the Flesh) do now begin To plot amongst themselves (with utmost Skill) How they might take, and holy Jesus kill. And Satan too (who's ready still t' assist, And help the cruel Enemies of Christ) Did enter into Judas, and did fill His wicked Heart, with his pernicious Skill, And taught him how he might his LORD betray, And thereby get unto himfelf a Prey. Judas was ready to obtain a Prize, So with his Counfel readily complies, And to the Fewish Priests he went his Way, And bargain'd with them JESUS to betray. Now that same Night on which he was betray'd, A friendly Supper for his Twelve he made; An Ordinance in order to record The Death and Suff'rings of their dying LORD: Instead

Instead of that bright Ordinance before, *
When God had past the Doors of Jacob o'er,
And stubborn Eygpt's first born Sons he slew,
When they refus'd to let his People go.
Tho' that Salvation did with Lustre shine,
Yet this is far more glorious and divine.

And as they fate at Supper, JESUS faid, By one of you I am this Night betray'd, Now when they heard these Words with one Ac-In fad Surprize, cry'd, Is it I, O LORD? Then JESUS answer'd plainly, It is one To whom I'll give a Sop ere we have done. Then JESUS took the Bread and blefs'd & brake. And to his Twelve thefe friendly Words he spake Take eat, my Friends: this is my Body broke For you, and all my chosen faithful Flock, Then lo, he took the Cup, and bleft the Wine, And bade them drink the Cordial divine : Drink all of this (faid he) this is my Blood Of the new Covenant: This precious Flood Shall reconcile you to my Father Go D. This do (faid he) until the world (hall end, In mem'ry of your dear departed Friend. These Elements are Signs and Seals of Peace To you, and all my true and faithful Race. Who shall by Faith my Covenant embrace. Now while they eat he dip'd a Sop and gave it To Judas, who did at his Hand receive it, To flew by whom he was to be betray'd, According as he just before had faid.

Now to conclude this Ordinance, they raife Their Hearts and Voices in an Hymn of Praife: Then lo, into a Garden Jesus went, His heavy Grief and Sorrows there to vent. Now think, O Christians, what a Weight he

bore,

When he for you did pay the dreadful Score! First to the Garden turn your melting Eyes, And there behold his dreadful Agonies! See how he bends beneath his grievous Load, And sweats great Drops of cloted crimson Blood, And to his Father's Throne he fends his Cries. With broken Heart, and overflowing Eyes, Father (he cries) if possible it be, O let this bitter Cup now pass from me! Yet not my Will, but LORD, thy Will be done, Lo, I obey the Orders of thy Throne. His human Nature in a faint Condition. Did urge him here to offer this Petition: But straight he checks his fainting Heart again, With, Why should I this bitter Cup refrain, Was it not for this self-same End I came? Therefore, O Father, Glorify thy Name; So shalt thou also glorify thy Son, Whose Glory with thine own is always one. Lo. I have glorifi'd thy Name below, And done the Work thou gavest me to do. Give me the Glory now which once I had With thee, O Father, ere the World was made! I have made known thy Name unto thy Sheep, All those which thou hast given me to keep. Lo.

Lo, thine they were, and them thou gav'st to me. And they have known thy Name and loved thee. These have I kept, and none of them are lost, Save that vile Travtor, whom the boly Ghoft Did by the Prophet long ago fortel That he for Money should his Master sell. * Thus having spoke, behold the Traytor comes, And with a Kifs th' audacious Wretch prefumes To give the Signal to the barb'rous Croud, Who round about like Bulls of Bashen stood, And most incessantly did feek his Blood! Next fee him drag'd before the Judgment Seat, And there accus'd by Falshood and Deceit: Condem'd upon a curfed Crofs to die; Us'd with the bafest of Indignity! Cloth'd in a purple Robe with haughty Scorn; Hail'd in Contempt, and crown'd with piercing Thorn !

Then with a Reed they smote his facred Head! And on his Back the curfed Crofs they laid, The curfed Cross whereon he was to die, And thus in Triumph led to Calvery: And there with ling'ring Torments, lo, he's

flain, Expos'd to Shame, and most exquisite Pain; Us'd with the rudest Spite, and vile Difdain!

There fixt to the accurfed Wood he stands, With Nails drove thro' his precious Feet and Hands!

* Zech. xi. 12, 13.

From whence behold rich Streams of precious Blood,

To fatisfy our just offended God!
Again to God he lists his melting Eyes,
With humble Groans and fore lamenting Cries,
My God, my God, why hast thou me for fook
Beneath Men's Fury and thine own Rebuke?
The base inhuman Croud that gaz'd beneath,
Did there insult him in the Pangs of Death;
And pleas'd with all his Agony and Pain,
They gladly heard his holy Soul complain!
And when for Drink his parching Throat did
call,

They mock'd his Thirst with Vinegar and Gall: Yet ev'n amidst his sharpest Agonies, He pray'd for these his cruel Enemies, FATHER, forgive them, for they do not know What 'tis they do, or wherefore they do so. This being done he bow'd his holy Head, And said 'Tis done, my Task is sinished. Thus having said he yielded up the Ghost, And dy'd to save poor Sinners that were lost. Then one of the rude Souldiers (void of Fear) Into his Side thrust his unhallow'd Spear, [sty, From whence did Streams of Blood and Water Water to cleanse, and Blood to justify.

Thus did it please the LORD to bruise his Son, Not for his own, but Crimes that Men had done, All this he did that it might be sulfil'd, Which was of old by Prophecy reveal'd; For lo, one Tittle shall in nowife fail
Which God of old by Prophets did reveal. *
Now let us all with holy Wonder view

The strange surprizing Signs of Nature too
That did appear, and plainly testified
That it was CHRIST the great MESSIAH died.

All Nature ficken'd at the dreadful Sight, And from the Scene the Sun withdrew his Light. Sunk in a Swoon behold three Hours he lay, And from the Sight withdrew his golden Ray!

The radient Skies a fable Veil put on,
And in hoarse Thunders made their frightful
Moan!

While ev'ry Breath of Air, in mournful Sighs Declar'd its Sorrow too with strange Surprize! The Earth (convuls'd) with awful Terror shock! Asham'd upon it's Maker's Blood to look! Ev'n stubborn Stones did at the Scene relent, And rugged Rocks were then afunder rent! The dreadful Shock awak'd the flumb'ring Dead And many Saints did leave their dusky Bed, And in the holy City did appear, The Testimony of their LORD to bear. The Temple's Vail afunder rent in twain, To shew that Fervish Shadows now are vain; For when the real Substance once is come, For Types and Shadows there remains no Room. Th' amaz'd Centurion too (with strange Susprize) Cry'd out, "O! 'tis the Son of GoD that dies!

O Christians, view by Faith, this matchless Scene,

And think upon your dear Redeemer's Pain,
Oh! think if Love could ere with this compare,
That God should at a feeble Mortal's Bar
Submit to Death, and give his Life t' atone
For the black Crimes that Rebel Worms had
done.

Oh! think if Things inanimate thus did Ev'n feem to blush, to fee their Maker bleed, What cause have we to tremble at the Thought That it was Sin all this Consusion wrought! And can it be that a believing Heart Can fee the Anguish and the bloody Smart That Jesus selt from this black Monster Sin, And yet not with the utmost Rage and Spleen Resolve against each darling Lust within? No, certainly no true believing Soul, But what will strive this Monster to controul; And with the utmost Rage resolve to sight Against each darling Sin with all his Might.

O Christians then when ye this Scene review, Refolve to bid each darling Lust adieu: Since these are Traytors to your dearest LORD, Let them by you forever be abhor'd. Blame not the Jews for this inhuman Deed, But blame your Sins that made your Saviour bleed The Jews were but the Weapons God did use, When he for you his darling Son did bruise; But Sin, curst Sin was the condemning Cause, Why your Redeemer thus abused was.

Now

Now look on him whom ye have pierc'd and And never more to finful Folly turn; [mourn, But now devote each darling Luft to Death, That pierc'd his Heart and stopt his vital Breath.

SECT. IV.

The Resurrection of CHRIST.

B U T now, my Muse, a brighter Theme as-

Lo, JESUS wakes and leaves the dusky Tomb On the third Day the joyful News was spread, TESUS no more is found among the Dead; In vain the Grave would try the LORD to hold; For Death (the Conqu'rour) is by him controul'd. Its Arms before fuch Pris'ner ne'er embrac'd, By Power divine, behold, he is releas'd! Tho' firmly bound within its massy Chains, He burst its Bonds, and now triumphant reigns. 'Twas his own Will that made him yield to Death By his own Power, lo, he recalls his Breath. He died the holy Law to fatisfy: .He rose again, Sinners to justify. * Here Wisdom, Power, and Love do all combine, And feem to vie each other to out shine, Each shines with Lustre so divinely bright

* Rom. iv. 25.

As dazzles ev'n the highest Seraph's Sight.

Th' Angelic Hofts with Transports sweet adore, This matchless Scene unparallel'd before. But, O ye Christians, think what Cause have you Your thankful Songs forever to renew!

O may this Scene of Love make you adore
God's matchless Goodness, and each Lust abhore

SECT. V.

CHRIST appearing to his Disciples, and giving them Commission to preach his Gospel; and ascending up into Heaven.

The grand Defign of the eternal God;
The grand Defign of the eternal God;
Tho' Jesus of his Suff'rings had them told,
Yet they his Meaning could not then unfold.
When he was taken, they were fill'd with dread,
And ev'ry one deferted him and fled.
When he was dead and bury'd in the Tomb,
Their Faith bewilder'd was in dreadful Gloom:
And when they heard that he again was rifen,
Their Faith was yet confin'd in Sense's Prison.
Thus were they fill'd with gloomy Doubts and
Fears,

'Till, lo, their LORD again to them appears, And with fresh Comfort their dull Spirits chears.

He

He made their very Senses plain perceive The real Truth, before they would believe: Then they their *Master* gladly did embrace And he their Faith did mightily encrease.

Then lo, he fends them forth to go and teach All Nations, and his hely Gospel preach.

To ev'ry human Soul beneath the Skies,
Go preach (faith he) my Gospel and baptize:
Instructing them t' observe all my Commands
Which I have here committed to your Hands.
And ev'ry humble Soul that doth believe,
And is baptiz'd, a Pardon shall receive.
Shew this to Sinners all that can be nam'd
The Weak, the Strong, the Blind, the Halt,
the Maim'à:

Tell them the Unbeliever shall be damn'd.

Go now, ye faithful Herabds of your LORD,
And spread the Iriumphs of my powerful Word.
With Courage bold, go, and the Truth proclaim,
And never yield to sinful Fear or Shame.
But this know also, that ye soon shall meet,
With those who will you most unkindly treat:
And as they've used me, so will they you:
This you'll remember when you find it true.
They'll cast you out, and shamefully revile you,
And count they do GOD Service when they kill you
These Things I've told you that you may not fear,
But patiently these short Assistions bear;
Nor count it strange when by the World abkor'd;
For the Disciple's not above his LORD:

Count it not hard tho' we no better speed Than I your LORD before you also did. And lo, I now unto the Father go, Leaving my Saints as Pilgrims here below; But yet Ileave you not without a Friend, The Comforter to you I'll also send, Who shall instruct and teach you what to do, And shall with Strength and Courage fill you too. And now tho' to the Father I ascend, Tet lo, I'm with you'till the World shall end, To be your Guardian and almighty Friend. But at Terufalem abide ye ftill, Untill this Promise I to you fulfil; Then hall ve be endu'd with mighty Power, To arm your Souls in the distressive Hour. Thus TESUS spake, and took his glorious Flight Up to the Regions of eternal Light : -Thus his Disciples faw (with wond'ring Eyes) Their glorious LORD ascend the lofty Skies,

Up to the Regions of eternal Light:
Thus his Disciples saw (with wond'ring Eyes)
Their glorious LORD ascend the losty Skies,
Till radient Clouds receiv'd him from their Sight
Into the Realms of everlasting Light,
Myriads of holy Angels from on high,
Bore him triumphant to his native Sky,
Saying, All Glory to thy holy Name,
O glorious GOD, O glorious slaughter'd Lamb!
Worthy art thou, of Might and Majesty,
Glory and Honour, thro' Eternity!
Worthy art thou, O GOD, to be ador'd,
Who with thy Blood hast dying Men restor'd!

To make the mighty GOD, the Saviour Way:

Laden with glorious Spoils from Earth and Hell,
Behold he comes! He comes with GOD to dwell.

And now before his heavenly Father's Throne,
He pleads the glorious Vict'ries he hath won.

Father (the glorious Saviour humbly Cries)
Behold the All-sufficient Sacrifice.

Which here I offer at thy gracious Throne,
That for my People's Guilt I may atone.

The Father looks and with propitious Eye He smiles, and lays his dreadful Thunder by; And guilty Rebels that deferv'd his Sword. Are now become the Favirites of the LORD. Justice is fatisfied, and pleas'd to fee The Sin condem'd, and yet the Sinner free. Mercy is magnified, and highly pleas'd, Revenging Wrath and Vengeance is appeas'd. The Elders all around the glorious Throne Fall down and worship Jesus Christ the Son, Ascribing Glory, Honour, Praise and Power. To him who dy'd, and lives forevermore, Saying, O LORD, thou'rt worthy to receive Far greater Praise than ever Tongues can give, And all the heavenly Host (with one accord) Ascribe Salvation unto CHRIST the LORD! With elevated Joy, and Pleafure fweet, They cast their Crowns beneath his facred Feet, And everlasting Praises to his Name, They ev'ry one with joyful Heart proclaim;

B b 3

And all the heav'nly Arches fweetly ring
With Praife to Jesus the anointed King.
Then shall not dear redeemed Souls below
Afcribe Salvation to their Jesus too?
Oh! let your thankful Songs with Fervour rife,
And echo to the Songs above the Skies.

SECT. VI.

The giving of the HOLY-GHOST.

Аст. іі.

NOW when our bleffed LORD afcended high, In captive Chains he led Captivity:
On his Disciples glorious Gists bestow'd,
To spread the Wonders of his Power abroad.
In order first he twelve Aposites made,
The Glory of his Gospel Grace to spread.
These he endu'd with Graces from on high,
Which plainly prov'd their grand Authority.

These did (as their dear LORD commanded Continue still at sair ferusalem, [them Untill th' illustrious Day of Pentecost, In order to receive the Holy-ghost, Which their dear Master promis'd them to send To be their Teacher, Comforter and Friend.

Now when the Day of Pentecost was come, Th' Apostles all were gather'd in one Room,

Waiting

Waiting with Patience for the promis'd Hour That God on them the Holy-ghost would pour. Not were they there detain'd with long Suspense Before the happy Moment did commence; Lo, on a Sudden round the filent Room, A mighty rushing Wind from Heaven did come, And then the Holy-ghost upon them came, And fat on each like cloven Tongues of Flame! Then they began to speak with other Tongues God's wond'rous Works in new celestial Songs.

Now at that Time in fair Jerusalem,
Dwelt Men of ev'ry Nation, ev'ry Name
Beneath the Circuit of the lofty Skies,
Who faw this Miracle with wond'ring Eyes;
For soon this wond'rous News was nois'd abroad,
And thousands ran to see the Works of God.
Who (with Surprize) faw these illiterate Jews
The Language of their sev'ral Countries use!
Mede, Persian, Lybian, Arabic, and Greek,
They with surprizing Eloquence did speak!
And ev'ry other Language under Heaven
To them to speak and understand was given.
And thus they shew'd the wond'rous Works of
God.

And spread his Wisdom, Power and Love abroad. This struck the Multitude with strange Surprize, Not knowing whence this Miracle did rise:
But some vile Mockers boldly started up,
And said These Men too free have tos'd the Cup

But Peter standing up (with the Eleven
To whom the Holy-ghost was newly given)
And with sound Arguments and Courage bold
Did soon their wilful, mad Mistake untold:
And from the ancient saithful Prophecies
Did sairly set the Truth before their Eyes;
With such convincing Proofs of Truth divine
As made the Gospel-scheme with Lustre shine.
And prov'd that Jesus whom they'd crucify'd
Was truly Christ, tho' they had him deny'd:
With many more such quick and powerful Words,
Which pierc'd their Hearts like sharp two-edged
Swords.

This made their waken'd Consciences to cry, (With Fear and dread in their Extremity) Dear Men and Brethren! O what shall we do That we may 'scape this just deserved Woe, Which is our Due! Is there no Way to take Whereby to 'scape the black infernal Lake. To whom they spake in Words of Consolation, Yea, here's a Way you may obtain Salvation, Repent, believe, and be baptiz'd each one In FESU's Name, GOD's own eternal Son, So hall his Blood for all your Guilt atone. For lo, the gracious Promise is to you (If we believe) and to your Children too: Nor only unto you, but unto all Both far and near, who e're the LORD shall call-And thus with Words of wholfom Exhortation They shew'd them plain the Way of GoD's Salvation.

Nor was their Preaching left without Success, Their faithful Labours God did largely blefs: To this Day's Work three Thousand Souls were given,

Which caus'd Rejoycing both in Earth & Heaven: For if one new-born Soul gives Cause of Mirth Both to the Angels, and to Saints on Earth, * With what Delight must Saints and Angels sing This glorious Conquest of their heavenly King! Now all who faithfully receiv'd the Word Were then baptiz'd and joined to the LORD: And in the Faith of CHRIST continu'd they With steadfast Hearts from that illustr ous Day. And many glorious Miracles were done By the Apostles of the holy One. And all the faithful did remain together, And freely did distribute to each other; And ev'ry one, who Houses had, or Lands, Sold them, and gave the Money with their Hands Unto each other as they flood in Need: Thus were they faithful both in Word and Deed. And no Man any Thing his own did call, But what each had was common to them all. Thus chearfully did they to each impart, And eat their Bread with Singleness of Heart: And daily to GoD's House they did repair, With one Accord, to join in Praise and Pray'r: Likewise from House to House (the Scripture fays)

They daily went to join in Pray'r, and Praise;

And

And to commemorate their dying LORD,
In breaking Bread, according to his Word.
The LORD was pleas'd to fee how they behav'd,
And added daily fuch as should be fav'd.
And still new Miracles th' Apostles wrought,
Which prov'd the Truth, of what they daily
taught.



SECT. VII.

The PRIMITIVE BEAUTY of

CHRISTIANITY,

Set forth in the holy Conduct of the APOSTLES.

Chiefly gather'd from the 3d. 4th. and 5th Chapters of the ACTS.

NOW John and Peter, at the Hour of Pray'r, Did to the Temple zealously repair To worship God in his appointed Place, And humbly seek his kind affisting Grace.

Now when they came up to the beauteous Gate Lo, there a poor unhappy Mortal fate, Whom (out of Pity) four had carry'd there To beg for Alms at the Time of Prayer; So helpless that he could not change his Place, But only tell the Mis'ry of his Case.

Now when these two Apostles thither came,

He earnesty an Alms befought of them,

Who

Who when they faw and heard him begging thus, They kindly said, Poor Mortal, look on us.

Now when he heard this Soul reviving Word He hop'd they would an Alms to him afford; And tho' his Expectation here was croft. Yet he receiv'd the Alms he wanted most. Silver and Gold we've none (faid they) but lo. Such as we have do we on thee bestow, In 7ESU's Name of Nazareth arise, And glorify the GOD that built the Skies. Then lo, immediately his Ancle Bones And ev'ry Joint received Strength at once! Then Peter stoop'd and took him by the Hand, And on his Feet he uprightly did stand ! And leapt for Joy, and prais'd his Maker GoD. While many thousands round him wond'ring stood And all the Multitude were in Amaze To fee him walk and fing his Maker's Praife; For all the People knew 'twas he that fate, And begged Alms at the Beauteous Gate. Then all the People ran (with strange Surprize) And on these two Apostles fix'd their Eyes, Wond'ring what Sort of Men, or Angels more, That could this helpless Criple thus restore!

But Peter answer'd them, Why gaze ye thus, And why look ye so earnestly on us, As if by our own Holiness or Power We did this Impotent to Strength restore? Ye Men of Israel, be it known to you, The Praise and Glory is your Maker's due;

And not to us is this to be imputed. Let Ignorance forever be confuted, The GOD of your Forefathers hath this Day Thus glorify'd his Son, rohom ye dia fay Was an Impostor; and his Name deny'd. Whom by your Orders Pilate crucify'd, When he would willingly have let him go, But we maliciously replied NO! And in his stead a cruel Murd'rer chus'd, While fally ye the Prince of Life accus'd. Now this same FESUS whom re thus deny'd, And obstinately had him crucify'd, The LORD bath raised up to his Right-hand, And hath put all Things under his Command; And we, thro' Faith in his most holy Name, Have avrought this Miracle upon the Lame: Yea, by the Faith of TESUS CHRIST alone, This Man stands sound before you ev'ry One. But now, my Brethren, this we also know That ye thro' Ignorance this Fact did do; As were your Rulers also all combin'd Against the LORD, thro' Ignorance of Mind. But be it known to you, the LORD of old Hath by his faithful Prophets this foretold, That CHRIST (hould suffer thus, and be despis'd, And for Man's Guilt be should be sacrific'd. Now have you feen thefe Prophecies fulfil'd, When JESU's Blood upon the Cross was spil'd. Repent ve therefore, and on him believe, So shall the LORD (thro' him) your Sins forgive:

And we shall have a sweet refreshing Word Of Pardon from the Presence of the LORD, When he shall send this JESUS CHRIST his Son Whom all the Prophets preach'd to you each One, And whom the Heav'ns retain 'till the last Day; Then shall be come in glorious bright Array To judge the Quick and Dead, as was foretold, By all his faithful Messengers of old: For Moses truly to the Fathers faid, A Prophet shall the LORD raise in my Stead, Of your own Brethren: Him shall ye obey In all Things what soever he shall say. And it shall come to pass that whosoe'er Will not this great and holy Prophet hear, He shall be then cut off, e'vn from the Ground, And endless Curses shall his Soul confound. This is that Prophet, whom we preach to you, Whom ve condem'd, and Pontius Pilate flew. And ever fince good Samuel of old, The Prophets all have of these Days foretold. O then, ye Sons of faithful Abra'm's Race, Come now and seek your beav'nly Father's Grace Ye are the Children of the Prophets Good, And of the Covenant, now feal'd with Blood: Heirs of the Promise unto Abra'm given, That in his Seed all Nations under Heaven Should be (thro' Faith) with sweet Salvation bleft,

And of immortal Happiness possest.

Now, first to you, God hath this Offer made,

Since he hath rais'd up Jesus from the Dead,

c · To

To blefs you first, in turning you away From all your black Iniquities this Day.

Thus did they faithfully the People warn, Exhorting them to mind their great Concern. Thus they improv'd all Opportunities, Still to inftruct, and make the Simple Wife. All Self-Applause they perfectly disclaim'd; And at their Master's Glory only Aim'd. With large Success God made their Labours meet Which made their Work still most divinely sweet.

But as CHRIST'S Kingdom daily did increase, Satan's black Empire then must needs grow less: This mov'd his Jealously, and surious Spite To raise an Army for his Cause to sight, Then lo, he sends forth his obedient Tribes, Priest, Pharises, the Sadducees, and Scribes. (But why should wise Men be surprized at this, Where e'er Christ's preach'd the Serpent he will hiss:)

These all perceiv'd their Credit soon must fail If thus Christ's Int'rest daily did prevail: For this they knew, it could not be deny'd They were the Men that had him crucify'd. Now envy burn'd like Fire within their Breast, And their impetuous Spirits could not rest, To see these mighty Preachers, who so bold The Doctrines of Christ Jesus did unfold Before the People, who attentive heard Their holy Doctrine with so much regard.

So into Prison hastily they lay 'em; (Having the Will, but not the Power to slay 'em) And there confin'd them fast 'till the next Day, Hoping their Courage they should now dismay, With dreadful Threats if they should more prefume

To preach in JESU'S Name for time to come.

Thus they confulted on 'till the next Day,
Then brought the Prif'ners forth without Delay,
Before the High Priest, and his haughty Train
Of Priests and Scribes, and such great learned Men.
And all the num'rous Croud that gaz'd around
They thought their Courage they should now
confound.

Now he on whom the Cure was wrought likewise Stood here before the whole Assembly's Eyes. Then lo, these haughty Dons (with cloudy Brow) Begin t' examine these Apostles now.

By what Authority, or by what Name, Have ye reftor'd this Man ye fay was lame? Then Peter (filled with the holy Ghoft) His numerous Hearers boldly did accost,

Te mighty Rulers of good Jacob's Tribes,

Ye Rev'rend Priests, and all ye learned Scribes,

If thus we are examin'd here this Day

By what Authority and in what Way

We have this Cripple to full Strength restor'd,

We here declare to you before the LORD

Of Heaven and Earth, and all created Things,

The LORD of LORDs, and sov'reign King of

Kings;

Cc 2

In Jesu's Name of Nazareth alone,
The true Messiah, God's eternal Son,
Whom ye with cruel Hands did crucify,
Yet hath the Lord exalted him on high
Above all Pow'r, and all Authority.
Now, by the Power of Jesus Christ alone
This Man stands sound before you ev'ry one:
This is the Stone, you Builders, did despise,
Which seem'd so despicable in your Eyes:
This God hath chose to build his Church upon;
The strong Foundation and head corner Stone.
Nor is there any other Name besile
Whereby a Sinner can be justify'd,
Save Jesus Christ, the great Propitiation,
In him alone shall Men obtain Salvation.

Now when the Rulers faw these Men so bold The Doctrines of the Scriptures thus unsold, They were surprized and struck with Wonder then Because they knew these were unlearned Men! But they perceived they had with Jesus been, For that was in their holy Conduct seen.

But what did most these Rulers Hearts consound. There stood the Criple cur'd, both safe and sound! This stop'd their Mouths; they knew not what

to fay,

'Till John and Peter they had fent away; Then lo, a private Conference they hold How to prevent these holy Men so bold: And being all assembl'd there together, They then began to say to one another, What shall we do? these Men appear so bold, What can be done that they their Peace may hold? For that a glorious Miracle (to ev'ry Eye) Is done by them: This we cannot deny! But that it may abroad no farther spread, By awful Threatnings we'll excite their Dreads That they may dare presume to teach no more In TESU's Name, as they have done before. Then lo, they call'd thefe two Apostles in, And then to charge and threaten they begin ; That if they any more should dare presume To teach in JESU's Name for Time to come, What dreadful Punishments they'd on them lay, Thus having done they bid them go their Way.

But the Apostles answer'd boldly then, Whether'tis right t' obey the LORD, or Men. Fudge ve; and let your Consciences decide, For we these sacred Truths can never hide, Which we have feen and heard, and are com-

manded

To speak, tho' all the World should fill withstand! it.

Now when these Rulers found 'twas all in vain, They nowife could these holy Men restrain; Nor finding what they more to them could do. They farther threaten'd them, and let them go: For the' their Hearts were full of Discontent, They knew not how their vicious Rage to vent ; For all the People spake the Praise of GoD, Who had his Goodness thus dispens'd abroad!

So they did fear the People would them stone, If they let not these holy Men alone.

Ev'n Life itself (faid they) in Danger stands

If we on them presume to lay our Hands.

Thus Cowardice the Tyrants Hands did bind
That they could not fulfil their cruel Mind;
But not without God's over-ruling Pow'r,
Which makes the raging Ocean cease to roar:
Satan and all his Agents strive in vain
To stretch an Inch the Limits of their Chain!
For Men and Devils, all are at his Beck;
He stays their Forces with an humbling Check.
Without his Orders, nothing can befall,
For lo, his Kingdom ruleth over all! *
And the' some Things seem dark to human Reafon.

All shall shine bright in their appointed Season.

And ev'ry Thing (however seeming hard)

Shall bring forth Good to them that fear the LORD.

Peace then, ye Saints, who now in Darkness mourn,

God's loving Kindness shortly will return.

But let us now apply our Thoughts again
To trace the Conduct of these holy Men.

Now they are rescu'd from the bloody Foe,
To their own Company behold they go,
With joyful Hearts these wond'rous Things to
spread,

Which also made their Brethren's Spirits glad.
* Pful, ciii, 19.

Then

Then lo, they all began with one accord
To blefs and Praife, and magnify the LORD;
With facred Raptures in that very Place
They thus addrest his holy Throne of Grace,
Great God, thou Maker both of Heav'n and
Earth.

Who with a Word gave ev'ry Thing its Birth! Ev'n Nothing heard thy great resistless Word, And All produc'd at thy Command, O Lord! Thou sov'reign art o'er Heav'n and Earth and Seas.

Thy Providence fulfils thy great Decrees, Who by the Mouth of holy David faid, Why did the Jews and Gentiles join their Aid; And Kings and Princes of the Earth combine Against the LORD; against his CHRIST they join?

For cf a Truth, against thy holy One,
Ev'n Jesus Christ, thy dear beloved Son,
Whom thou hast set upon thy heav'nly Throne,
And hath put all Things underneath his Feet
And made his Foes unwillingly submit.
Herod and, Pontius Pilate, with the Jews,
And Gentiles too, conspir'd thy Son to bruise,
But what hath all their Spite and Malice done
To Jesus Christ, thy great coequal Son,
But what was written in thy great Decree,
And foreordain'd eternally by Thee?

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And now behold their dreadful Threat'nings,

LORD,

And Strength and Courage unto us afford,

And Strength and Courage unto us afford, That we with Boldness still may speak thy Word.

And grant that Signs and Wonders may be done
By us, thro' Faith in thy beloved Son:
That all may see, and own thy Pow'r divine;
And be the Pow'r and Glory ever thine,
As was, and is, and shall forever be,
Thro' all the Ages of Eternity.
Now when they'd finish'd this their humble.

Now when they'd finish'd this their humble.

Pray'r,

The Place was shaken where they gather'd were In Token of God's gracious Approbation, And peaceful Answer to their Supplication.

Nor was their Suit detain'd with long suspense, For presently (ere they remov'd from thence)

They had the Answer of their faithful Pray'r,

They with the Holy-ghost all filled were!

And they God's Word declar'd with Courage bold;

And did his Myst'ries skilfully unfold:
And all the faithful Multitude were join'd
In Bonds of Love, and of one Heart and Mind.
And no Man counted ought he had his own,
But all was common 'mongst them ev'ry One:
And with great Pow'r th' Apostles witnessed
That Jesus Christ was risen from the Dead.
And Multitudes of Converts ev'ry Day
Sold their Possessions, and the Price did lay

At the Apostles Feet, with chearful Heart, And they the same did faithfully impart To ev'ry one according to their Need, To clothe the naked and the hungry seed.

But one nam'd Ananias, with his Wife, Did footifhly forfake the Path of Life, And having harken'd to the Tempter's Breath, They thereby found the ready Road to Death. He having a Possession also fold The same, and Part did of the Price withold, And brought the Rest to the Apostles Feet, Affirming that it was the Sum complete. But, ah, how soon the Falshood was sound out, Which his Destruction quickly brought about: When Peter looking earnestly upon, Said, Ananias, Ah! what hast thou done?

Why hast thou suffer'd Satan thus to fill

• Thy Heart with Falshood, thy own Blood to spill?

' For lo, thou hast not only ly'd to Man,

- But unto God, whose piercing Eye doth scan
- The deepest Secrets of Men's Hearts within,
- Before their Lips can utter what they mean!
- Now thou hast kept (by Falshood and Deceit)
- ' Part of the Price: Ah! foolish Hypocrite!
 ' Before 'twas fold, thou know'st it was thy own,
- 'And when 'twas fold, 'twas at thy Will alone
- ' To use the Money as thou sawest fit,
- Without contriving this deceitful Cheat.
- A free-will Offering only, God respects,
- But all Deceit he utterly rejects,

· Why

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Why hast thou then contriv'd this wicked Lie

' Thus to provoke his dreadful Majesty."

When this he heard, his Spirits then were loft, He straight fell down and yielded up the Ghost! And all the Church the awful News did hear, And ev'ry Breast was fill'd with holy Fear. Then the young Men arose, and strait away Did Ananias to his Grave convey. But little did his Wise Sapilira know Of what had happen'd to her Husband; so In three Hours Time, lo, she likewise came in, Then did th' Apostles thus with her begin, Did ye for so much Money fell your Land

As we received at thy Husband's Hand?'

' Yea for fo much (said she) and for no more,

' As Ananias also said before.'

But Peter answer'd, 'How is it that ye

Did in your Hearts thus wickedly agree?

' Ye have confulted both with one Accord

· To tempt and grieve the Spirit of the LORD!

Audacious Wretch! behold thy Husband's dead,

And with him thou shalt speedily be laid;

For lo, the Feet of them are at the Door

' That have thy Husband bury'd: Yea and more

'They shall thee also carry forth likewise,

'And bury thee where thy own Husband lies.'
When this she heard, she presently did fall,
And yielded up the Ghost before them all.
Then the young Men straight carry'd her away,
And bury'd her where Ananias lay.

And

And great Fear came on all who heard or view'd How God's just Vengeance Hypocrites pursu'd. And this is also lest upon Record, That we may fear the justice of the Lord. And thus he purged them from all Deceit; Amongst them was not found an Hypocrite; For Hypocrites durst not amongst them join, Because God's Judgments did with Terror shine.

And glorious Miracles th' Apostles wrought, And Multitudes of Impotents were brought To them, all round about Jerusalem, And all were healed, whether fick or lame. And evil Spirits out of Men were cast, Ev'n by their Shadows as the Streets they past. And many to the Streets in Beds were brought, Who only for their happy Shadows Sought; And all who underneath their Shadow came, Were firmly healed, whether fick or lame. And ev'ry Day did many Converts bring, Ev'n faithful Subjects unto Christ their King.

But Oh! how this did grieve Abaddon's Heart To fee his Captives daily him defert! Then like a Lyon he began to roar, And rouze his Agents as he did before; Ev'n the high Priest, with all his chosen Tribes, The Sadduces, the Pharasecs and Scribes. These all obedient at his vicious Call, Upon th' Apostles like Blood-Hounds did fall, And into Prison straight did them convey, Thinking they'd safely now secur'd their Prey.

But, ah, how vain was this their black Defign,
To try Christ's faithful Servants to confine!
If he permit not, they as well might try
To overthrow his glorious Throne on high!
Behold he fent his Angel down that Night,
And brought his faithful Servants forth to Light,
And bid them go and in the Temple stand,
And boldly teach as Christ did them command;
With chearful Hearts they did his Word obey,
And to the Temple straight did bend their Way,
And early in the Morning thither came,
And taught the People without Fear or Shame!
Undaunted they the Gospel did unfold,
And well apply'd the Prophecies of old:

But the high Priest (not knowing what was And all the Senate with him every One, [done) Consulting close what Method they must take To cause these Men this Doctrine to forsake.

Now when each one his Verdict here had spent, They Officers unto the Prison sent, To bring these Men before them once again, To try to make them leave this Gospel Strain. But lo, when to the Prison Gates they came They sound a Blank, and so return'd with Shame: Sad News they had to tell the Senate then, That in the Prison there were no such Men! The Prison Gates and Doors (said they) we found All safely shut, and all the Guards around; But lo, the Prisoners they are sted and gone! Within the Prison there remains not One.

This struck the Senate all with fad Surprize, And what to do they could not then devise! In mad Confusion all their Thoughts were now, Fearing some strange Event might next ensure: While in the Midst of all their Consternation, Lo, one comes in and brings them this Relation, Behold the Men, whom ye laid fast in Hold, Are in the Temple teaching very bold!

When this they heard no one can well devife How they were struck with Terror and Surprize! Then straight the Captain of the Temple went To bring th' Apostles by their own Consent, And not by Violence, for well he knew What Danger then he must himself go through; As also did the Rest of these great Dons Expect to meet a ratling Shower of Stones: Therefore they wisely did their Passion keep, And thought it best in a whole Skin to sleep.

Now when th' Aposiles were before them bro't The High-Priest ask'd them, saying, Did we not Straitly command and charge you heretofore, To teach in this same Jesu's Name no more? But now this City's with your Dostrine su'd, And ye would make believe that we have spill'd The Blood of that base Fellow wrongfully, Whom Pontius Pilate justly doom'd to die For Treason, and for horid Blasphemy. Ye mean to raise a fresh Rebellion then That ye do not this Dostrine yet refrain; Seeing we straitly charged you before That ye should mention this same Name no more? Define Name no more?

With Courage bold th' Apostles answer'd then, We once Obedience more to God than Men: Therefore we will the LORD our God ober, Nor fear subat Men can either do or fay. The GOD of Abra'm, and of all his Race, Who do like him the Paths of Virtue trace, Hath rais'd up TESUS CHRIST his Son, whom ye Have crucify'd and hanged on a Tree. And hath exalted him on high to stand [hand] A PRINCE and SAVIOUR at his own Right-And bath put all Things under his Command; That he to Ifrael may Repentance give, And Pardon that the Penitent may live. And we (his Witnesses) here testify That JESUS CHRIST ascended is on high: Nor is our Word a vain or empty Boaft, So also testifies the HOLY-GHOST, [Heav'n] Which God (the fov'reign Lord of Earth and Hath freely to his faithful Servants giv'n. [prest,

Now when th' Apostles had these Words ex-The Rulers Hearts were grievously possest With Rage and Fury, mad and cruel Spite; Then they consult to slay these Men outright; But stay (said wise Gamaliel) stay and hear The Words I have to drop into your Ear, Put forth these Men (said he) a little Space "Till I my Counsel give about this Case.

This being done he then proceeds to tell. What Judgments had on past Impostors fell.

Sacred to Practical Virtue and Holinefs, 333

And thence concludes that fuch would fall on thefe

If they were fuch, Justice would on them feize: For if this Doctrine be of Men (said he) 'Twill come to Nothing we shall quickly see: But if it be of God, 'tis plain you know That none can his grand Purposes o'erthrow. Men oft do that in haste their Raze to vent, Which afterward they bitterly repent; Therefore do nothing rash thro' Rage or Spite, Lest ye be found against the LORD to fight.

Then to his Words they all gave their Confent,

To stay and fee what would be the Event.

Then the Apostles they were call'd again, And that they might forfake this Gofpel Strain They beat them fore, and then they let them go, Not knowing what they more to them could do: For this they knew (tho' much incens'd with Wrath)

They had no Pow'r then to put Men to Death: * Therefore they only charg'd them (as before) That they should teach in JEsu's Name no more. But all their Threats and Charges were in vair, Nothing could fright them from the Gofpel Strain.

Now the Apostles being let depart, They prais'd the LORD with thankfulness of That they were counted worthy to partake Shame and Reproach for their dear MASTER's Sake.

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^{*} Note, It was not in the Power of the Jews at that Time to put any Man to Death by Law, for they were then under the Roman Government. See Dr. Watts's Scripture History, page 306. And

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And faithfully they did their Talents use,
Both in the Temple and from House to House:
And without Fear they preached Christ the Lord;
While thousands daily did receive the Word.
Amazing Gifts the LORD on them bestow'd,
And spread the Trophies of his Grace abroad,
Which made the World confess the Pow'r of
GOD.

'Twas plain that nought but fov'reign Grace divine

Made mean unlearned Men so glorious shine. Surprizing Miracles by them were done, And glorious Victories the Gospel won.

S E C T. VIII.

The primitive Beauty of CHRISTIANITY farther set forth in the glorious Order of the Gospel MINISTRY.

THUS the Apostles sits in order came,
The glorious Gospel Tidings to proclaim;
Endu'd with Gifts that Christ on them bestow'd,
Which prov'd their grand Commission was from
God.

Nor were these Gists and Miracles alone
Afforded Men to build their Faith upon;
But by the Law and antient Prophecies,
They prov'd, the Truth of what they said likewise.

Knowing

Knowing the Law prefigur'd but the Things Which CHRIST (the Substance) by the Gospel' brings.

The antient Prophecies obscurely told, By all God's faithful Messengers of old, They by the Gospel plainly did unfold. And thus they prov'd their Doctrine was divine, And made the Truth with fairest Lustre shine.

Then I Esus next Evangelists did fend, Who faithfully his holy Gofpel pen'd. And Prophets too in order to declare. His Will to all, who ready were to hear.

Thefe all inspir'd with Wisdom from on high, That Men might fafely on their Word rely.

And last of all (with equal good intent) Pastors and Teachers thither too he fent: Thefe to continue till the World shall end, And to instruct from what the former pen'd: Over the Christian Churches to preside, And in the Scripture Paths the Saints to guide, And edify the Body of their LORD From these rich Treasures of his holy Word 5 'Till all the Saints are fitted and prepar'd To dwell forever with their Head and LORD: And thus to leave all Men without Excuse Who will not of these precious Means make use.

Now at ferufalem they first begun, But thro' the World the joyful Sound mustirum,, And ev'ry one who truly doth believe, Repent; and is baptized, shall receive A Pardon free; yea, all that can be nam'd, But lo, he that believes not shall be damn'd! Thus did the Lord (by Wifdom Love and Pow'r) Contrive a Way poor Sinners to restore, On easier Terms than by the fiery Law. That Penitents might hence true Comfort draw For in the Law there's not one Promise nam'd. But ev'ry one who finneth must be damn'd! But in the Gospel, 'tis declat'd we fee. Repent, believe, and saved thou shalt be! + O! Sinners, then, awake, make Hafte and fly ! Behold your Danger and your Remedy! Bet not Presumption shut your sluggish Eyes, Nor fuffer dull desparing Thoughts to rife. Believe in Christ, the glorious flaughter'd Lamb, His Blood will foreen you from eternal Flame! True Faith will make GoD's tender Bowels move And turn his Wrath to kind forgiving Love! But here perhaps some trembling Wretch may fay, O! how shall I this Counsel good obey? Which way hall Fobtain this Faith divine That would make Christ, the dear Redeemer mine? For of myself I can no more believe Than to fulfil the Law, ev'n, Do and live. To this I answer, True, You can't believe, Unless of God you do the Pow'r receive: But if you would this precious Grace obtain-To reconcile you unto GOD again;

This precious Faith that makes his Bowels move, And turns his flaming Wrath to pard'ning Love. This comes by hearing of the Goffel Sound, Which doth with joyful Tidings rich abound! Then diligent attend the facred Place, Where God difplays the Riches of his Grace: And humbly beg his holy Spirit's Aid To guide you in his holy Paths to tread. This is the Way this precious Grace t' obtain: None ever fought aright, and fought in vain. Then be not flothful to obtain this Grace, Nor doubtful that ye shall have no Success.

But some perhaps may here enquire again, How shall we know if we true faith obtain? Is there no proper Mark whereby to know Whether it be true saving Faith, or no?

To this I answer, Yea, the good Effect Is the best Mark that I can here direct.

Faith is the Mother of each other Grace
That shines so bright in each true Christian's Face.
For lo, it purifies the Heart within,
And makes the Soul to stand in awe to sin.

It also works by true and filial Love,
And makes the Wheels of Duty sweetly move.

It makes Devotion a most sweet Delight,
And the most heavy Burden feel but light.

It makes ev'n tim'rous Souls with Patience bear.
The sharpest Suff'rings that they meet with here;
Because by it they see the bright Reward.

That is for them in Heav'n above prepar'd.

Sweetly it triumphs over earthly Things,
Nor heeds the Worlds fair Smiles, nor dreads its
It is unto the Soul both Eye and Ear, [Stings.
And brings the fatthest distant objects near.
By these sew Marks you now may plainly know
Whether you have this Grace obtain'd or no.
If you have none of these, great is your Danger,
For faving Faith is yet to you a stranger!
And without this (you'll find it in God's Word)
That it's impossible to please the Lord: †
Yet if you find in you but some of these
You may have Hope; but do not rest at ease,
But still pursue with earnest keen Desire
Untill you do these Marks in sull acquire.

This is the Way true Comfort here to find,
And ease the Burdens of your troubl'd Mind.
This is the Way t' obtain eternal Rest,
And after Death to be forever blest. [shine
'Twas this that made the first brave Christians
With ev'ry Virtue and with Grace divine!
Patient in Suff'rings, rend'ring Good for Ill;
In sweet Obedience to their Master's Will.
Great was their Zeal for God, and in them shin'd,
Love, Truth and Honesty to all Mankind.
They in the World like glorious Stars did shine,
And fairly prov'd the Christian Faith divine.
Such were at first th' Essess of Christian Faith,
And such they're still where it the Mast'ry hath.

S E C T IX.

Objections against Christianity answer'd.

OBJECTION I.

BUT Infidels may now object and fay,
Where is this Christian-Faith all fled away,
Of which you boast it did so glorious shine,
And fairly prov'd itself to be divine?
In what strange Country doth it now reside?
Why doth it now itself so closely hide?
Tho many bear ('tis true) the Christian-Name,
They don't appear to us to be the same
Which you describe, but are as opposite
To that bright Character as Black and White.

You say they did with moral Virtues shine
Amidst the World, who had this Faith divine,
But surely now this Faith is sted and gone,
In which your Ancestors so fairly shone,
If this be true, which boldly you assert,
That this bright Character was their Desert.
But who so weak such Fables to believe?
Your Actions prove what we of you conceive.
Where is your Love and Friend-ship to each other,
When every one would cheat his very Brother?

Where is your Truth and Justice to be found, When Falshood and Oppression do abound?

Ye boast of Love ev'n to your Enemies?
But, ah, for shame forbear such flatt'ring Lies!
Talk not of Love at such a lavish Rate
While ye do ev'n your fellow Christians hate:

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Nay, persecute and kill each other too

For the same Faith which ye yourselves avow.

Is this your Christian-Love of which you boast, It was diffused by the Holy-Ghost? Is this your Faith which brings Morality? Ab, wain Pretence! 'tis all a wicked Lie.

Can that Religion ever be divine [bine That doth with Hell, and its black Fiends com-Ah, grofs Deceit! what can be more abfurd? And what Religion more to be abbor'd?

It was at first by Fisher-Men begun,
That follow'd Christ a poor Mechanick's Son;
And Fishing still is their delightful Crass:
They spread their Nets to catch a golden DraughtThey also make the Christian-Faith a Bait
To catch their Prey by Flatt'ry and Deceit;
For lo, their lordly Priests appear like Kings,
Their spacious Crast such large Revenue brings.

Are these your holy Teachers? Ab! for spame

Let's never more hear of the odious Name!

Our wife Philosophers far brighter shine,
And give much better Proofs of Truth divine:
More Selfdenial, and more fervent Pains,
Without desiring such unlawful Gains.
Ah! they have no such Avarice in view
As these your crafty Christian Priests pursue!
Yea, they demonstrate that the Truth's divine,
While they with glorious moral Virtues shine.

Then boast no more of Chrstianity, While your own Actions give your Words the Lie.

ANSWER.

But stop, ye Infidels; be not so bold, While ye our Christian Character unfold : Shoot not your Bolts promiscuously at all, Who by the Name of Christians you may call; For tho' amongst us Numbers do abound In whom nor Faith nor moral Virtue's found; Yea, tho' thefe be the greatest Number far, They are not Christians, but vile Mockers are: For to Christ's Righteousness they have no claim, Tho' they are called by his holy Name: These at the great and awful Judgment Day, Like Chaff before the Wind will flee away ! But those who are true Christians indeed, And do according to CHRIST's Rules proceed; These are the Christians that shall be renown'd, And with immortal Joy and Glory crown'd! These have a Witness in their Hearts more clear Than can in all the World besides appear. This doth fuch sweet celestial Joys create, No Heart can think, nor mortal Tongue relate, To fuch CHRIST gives a white celestial Stone, With a new Name engrav'd by him thereon, Which none can read, fave they to whom 'tis given:

These are the chosen faithful Heirs of Heaven!
And they are sure their Faith is not in vain,
Because their Souls are truly born again.
A supernat'ral Change is wrought within,
Which makes them hate the very Thoughts of Sin

A

A glorious Prospect is before their Eves. And they do run for an immortal Prize! There's no allowed Guile that fuch live in : Their Souls new moulded stand averse to Sin. And tho' some Failings in the best are found (While their abode is on this earthly Ground) Yet yield they not to fin habitually, But still pursue the Paths of Purity, With all their Powers and that continually. When Faith hath fixt their Eyes on Things divine All vain Delights they freely can refign, And count the fairest Things that grow below, All empty Trifles, full of Grief and Woe! When they behold the bright immortal Prize. Laid up for them with CHRIST above the Skies; All Worldly Threats, and Smiles to them appear Alike unworthy of their Love or Fear! These are the Christians who deserve the Name, The faithful Followers of the holy Lamb. But this to you a Myst'ry may remain, This wond'rous Change of being born again. 'Tis true indeed 'tis strange to carnal Sense; The best Expounder is Experience. Yea, many here who bear the Christian Name (Tho' this with Grief I speak unto their Shame) Who know as little of this Change as you. (O that the Number of them were but few!)

But here that this may yet appear more plain, That all true *Christians* must be born again, Take this short Hint and then it will appear That this is Truth I have affected here. Man is by Nature prone to all that's ill;
By Grace a Change is wrought upon his Will:
Yea, the whole Soul, with all its Faculties
(Ere it be fit for Heaven's eternal Joys)
Must be renew'd, by Influence divine,
And o'er the whole the Pow'r of Grace must
This is no Fistion but a certain Thing, [reign.
Of which true Faith full Evidence will bring:
And this alone is that mysterious Change,
Which seems to you so very odd and strange.

And what the Jesus Christ liv'd here un-Accounted but a mean Mechanick's Son: [known, So much the brighter shall his Glory shine, And give the fairer Proof of Truth divine; As will appear with plainest Demonstration, If you will calmly hear this short Relation.

Man having broke his great Creator's Law, Which on his Head did Condemnation draw: Yea, he and all his future rifing Race, Were thus condemned to that dreadful Place, Where God's just Fury burns with quenchless There must they feel his everlasting Ire: [Fire, For Death, not temp'ral, but eternal too Was justly now become the Rebel's Due; Except a Saviour of infinite Pow'r Would undertake the Wretches to restore; But lo, the Ransom must be infinite, For God's strict Justice won't abate one Mite.

Now none could execute this grand Defign, But he must be both Human and Divine;

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For GoD alone could never die or fuffer, Nor Man alone a perfect Ranfom offer: Yet God had promis'd that it should be done By fuch an One, ev'n his eternal Son: And that this was the Person, it appears By Prophecies of near four thousand Years. His Birth, his Life, his Death and Refurrection, The Prophets all foretold in full Perfection. Besides the FATHER's glorious Proclamation At his Baptizing, and Transfiguration. And what tho' he liv'd here on Earth unknown, All Nature did his glorious God-Head own: The Seas like folid Ground beneath his Feet Did freely to his fov'reign Pow'r fubmit. The Fishes too came fwift at his Command To Peter's Hook, with Tribute to his Hand. The fwelling Waves, obedient at his Word, [Lord. Grew calm, and own'd him for their fov'reign Yea, ev'ry Thing his pow'rful Word obey'd, And own'd 'twas he the whole Creation fway'd. But above all, this condescending Love To leave his glorious Throne and Courts above, To fuffer thus, and die his Foes to free, Appears fo bright a Miracle to me As makes me wonder that each Heart of Stone Don't melt, and Atheists ev'n his God-Head own. Now all these wond'rous Things of him foretold, By all his faithful Messengers of old, Each to a Tittle pefectly fulfil'd, Til'd: This makes me think each Doubt should be ex-Fer:

For, pray what better Proofs can be requir'd Than God's own Word, and Men's by him infpir'd? Thefe are sufficient to convince all those, Who do not wilfully the Light oppose.

Thus CHRIST did freely out of tender Love, From true Believers the black Curfe remove: His Suffrings; Death, and glorious Refurcation, Gave to the Law for them full Satisfaction.

Now which of all your Deities can shew That they have done fuch mighty things for you? And tho' you fay his Foll'wers were but mean Unlearned Fisher-men that did begin To preach his GOSPEL. This we own is true, And this doth also evidently shew It was no cunning Craft of Mens Device, Whereby they fought the simple to entice: But fuch amazing Gifts on them bestow'd, Did plainly prove it was the Power of GoD: For all the Wir, and Craft of Men alone Such glorious Miracles have never done, As hath been plainly testify'd before, How they did both the Sick and Lame restore To perfect Health and Strength, ev'n with a Word :

These do sufficient Evidence afford
That it was by the Spirit of the LORD.
Their Self-denial also plainly shews
That they were void of carnal selfish Views:
Yea, this doth also evidently prove
That they were animated from above:

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For

For they regarded neither worldly Pelf,
Honour, nor Ease, nor Health, nor Life itself:
All these they did account as Dung and Dross,
And gloried only in their Saviour's Cross!
The Love of Christalone did them constrain,
To seek his wand'ring Sheep (the Souls of
Men)

And bring them back fafe to his Fold again.

For Christ, the Sweets of Senfe they did efteem As Nothing, that they might be found in Him, Not having on their own felf righteous Drefs, But cloth'd upon with his pure Righteoufnefs. Their wonderful Success did also shew That God did crown their faithful Labours too: For they had no Learning of the Schools, Their Conduct shew'd they walk by wisdom's

Rules.

Now which of your Philosophers can give Reasons so strong their Doctrines to believe? Which of them all did so illustr'ous shine, Or give such solid Proofs of Truth divine? Which of them ere could dive beyond the Grave, To shew what after Death you should receive, According as your Lives have here been spent, What kind Reward, or what just Punishment? No; all the best Instructions they have given Could never shew the glorious Path to Heaven. But lo, the Gospel of our Saviour hath Plainly set forth the Path of Life and Death.

And tho' you fay our Christian-Teachers now Do only after Worldly Wealth pursue; And that they follow still the fishing Crast; And spread their Nets to catch a Golden Draught; And that the Gospel is their guilded Bait To catch their Prey, by Falshood and Deceit: And that they live like haughty Lords and Kings. This spacious Crast such vast Revenues brings. This we must own with humble Grief and Shame, Too many fuch assume the facred Name; But here take notice, fuch unjustly bear The Name of Christ: Like wand'ring Stars they For whom God hath referv'd eternal Chains Of Darkness, where immortal Vengeance reigns! Their short liv'd Pleasures foon will fade away, And endless Night succeed their smiling Day.

But shoot not here your Bolts promiscuosity, Lest you should Wound the harmless Standers by; For (not withstanding these) a Number still Do preach the Gospel out of pure Good-Will: And hold the glorious Torch to guide the Way Of true Believers to the Realms of Day, Where everlasting Peace, and Pleasures dwell, Beyond the Power of mortal Tongues to tell. And thus (I hope) I've prov'd the Christian Scheme Is not a Fable nor an idle Dream:
But that it is (with sulless Demonstration)

E e 3

A bright, divine, and glorious Revelation,

But this I know, Strangers will still despise
The Beauty of these glotious Mysteries,
'Till Christ the Scales remove from off
their Eyes:

For in the nat'ral State of all Mankind,
A Vail of Ignorance beclouds the Mind:
But when this is remov'd (with glad Surprize)
They'll fee the Truth of thefe bright Mysteries

Now if you think a Heav'n of endless Joy
Is worth your feeking; all your Powers employ,
And humbly feek, and so shall ye obtain;
None truly feeks our gracious God in vain.
Forsake your stupid Idols, deaf and dumb,
And to our God with Supplications come
Neglect not now the Means he doth afford,
Faith comes by heating of his holy Word:
Then hearken duly, and your Souls shall live,
For Grace, and Glory he doth freely give
To ev'ry one that's willing to receive.

Ho, every one that thirsteth (is his Call)
Come freely to the Waters and ye shall
Be satisfy'd with living Streams divine,
And without Money sill'd with Milk and Wine.
Why spend ye Money for what is not Bread?
Your Labour for what stands you in no Stead?
Why do ye pray to Idols dumb and deaf,
Which cannot in the least afford Relief?
Incline your Ears and bearken now to me,
And lo, here's Pardon and Salvation free.

Behold I've rais'd up CHRIST mine only SON, For all believing Penitents t' atone.

Come then, ye Infidels, obey his Call, His Arms are open to receive you all: And he that comes by Faith and doth not doubt, Our gracious God will never cast him out.

But if you stand it out and will not come, Puting your Trust in Idols deaf and dumb; Then must you in th'excess of Torments lie Thro' all the Ages of Eternity: For, lo, there is Salvation found in none, Save in the Name of Jesus Christalone.

OBJECTION II.

NOW fome (perhaps) may like Agrippa say, Almost thou hast perswaded me this Day To be a Christian: But one Thing distracts My troubl'd Breast; there are so many Sects Amongst you Christians, that so widely jar, And keep amongst you a Domestic War; So that if I should in your Faith conside, I know not which to chuse to be my Guide.

One Party says theirs is the only Way
That leads to Realms of everlasting Day:
But Sense and Reason I must lay aside,
And in their Words implicitly conside;
And if I err from them but in the least,
Then lo, I'm damn'd, they all declare in haste:

W.

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Another Party says, if I believe These Men, they will me certainly deceive; But if I'll walk with them they'll shew me plain The Way I may eternal Life obtain.

Another says that Way is dang rous too, But if I'll walk with them they'll fully shew The plain and easy Path that leads to Heav'n, By the most certain Rules that can be giv'n.

Some say such Ceremonies must be us'd; Others that these ought all to be refus'd: And that these Men do only strive in vain To teach for Doctrines the Commands of Men.

Some say I must on legal Works depend,
If up to Heav'n I ever hope t'ascend:
Whilst others say, Faith is the only Ground
On which alone Salvation may be found:
Others that Faith and Works must sweetly join,
Or else my Faith can never be divine;
For Faith (say they) doth always work by Love;
Good Works alone the Truth of Faith can prove.

And thus you are continually at Odds, As if each Party worship'd diff'rent Gods. How can a stranger safely then conside In any Party for a faithful Guide; Since ev'ry One professes theirs is right, Tho' ev'n as opposite as Day and Night?

ANSWER.

To this I answer, If you sain would learn The Things belonging to your great Concern: Altho' your Question is exceeding nice, Yet if you're willing to receive Advice, I'll strive impartially to folve your Doubt, And drive all these distracting Troubles out.

If you believe the holy Scripture's given By Inspiration of the GoD of Heaven; Then fearch those facred Treasures, and you may Soon fee the Dawn of everlasting Day. Search well the holy Prophesies of old, Which faithful Men by Inspiration told: These will direct you (if you mind with Care) As th'eastern Magi by a new born Star: For there you may with open Eyes behold The gracious Promises of CHRIST foretold. Then read th' Evangelists, which plain record The Birth, the Life, and Suff'rings of their Lord And there you'll fee those wond'rous Things ful-Which was fo long by Prophecy reveal'd. [fil'd,

Then beg of GOD (the Giver of all Grace) Your Faith and Knowledge daily to increase: And that he may his holy Spirit fend, T' instruct and guide you to your Journey's End.

Then strive with Faith and Patience to pursue Those Tracks that CHRIST and his Apostles

drew.

Search well their Doctines, & their Lives observe, And from their Rules fee that you never fwerve, But still implore the holy Spirit's Aid,

To guide you in their holy Steps to tread.

And then when thus you carefully have done, Because it is not fafe to walk alone,

Mind those who walk the nearest to their Rules, Whose Lives declare they've learn'd in Wisdom's

Schools,

Then join yourfelf to them with Heart fincere, And of their Joys and Suff'rings take your Share: 322 DIVINE MISCELLANIES, [Partll.

Then ne'er dissent from them while thus you fee Their Lives and Doctrines do with Truth agree.

This is the only Way true Peace to find, And chase the Troubles of a burden'd Mind, For here youll find the happy Road to Bliss, Where endless Joy, and perfect Pleasure is.

S E C T. X.

A Serious Reflection upon the Whole.

A ND now all ye who bear the Christian Name See how the Gospel daily suffers Shame By their ill Conduct who profess the Same. Ye humble Christians, view the Times of Old, And fee how dim is now become the Gold! Yea, the fine Gold like Brass does now appear, For Christians now are not like what they were! See how the first brave Christians did shine With ev'ry Virtue, and with Grace divine! But now instead of Faith that works by Love, Profaneness does our Unbelief reprove. Instead of Charity to one another, Lo, ev'ry one strives to defraud his Brother! Instead of Love, lo, Envying and Spite! Instead of Truth, lo, Falshood and Deceit! Instead of low Humility, here's Pride, And haughty Looks, which GoD cannot abide. Instead of holy Zeal, and Courage bold, Lo, now Luke-warmness, neither hot nor cold, Instead of Hope, and Godly Fear, Presumption! Instead of Growth in Grace, lo sad Consumption! Instead of Unity, what fad Division! Instead of Honour, we've deserv'd Derision! Instead

Instead of Knowledge, Ignorance most blind; Yea, wilful Ignorance beclouds our Mind! Instead of Thankfulness, Ingratitude, For all the Favours we receive from GoD! Thus is not ev'ry Christian Grace defac'd, And in their stead contrary Vices plac'd? But let's confider that the Christian Name Will never screen us from eternal Shame If thus we walk contrary to the Same. Ono, my Friends; 'twill but inhance our Woe And prove our everlasting Overthrow! The Heathen (who our Faith do now despise) At last against us will in Judgment rise; For they (ev'n by the Light of Nature led) Do closer in the Paths of Virtue tread Than we, to whom our Maker doth afford The glorious Sun-Shine of his holy Word! For many by th' immoral Lives they live Great Room unto God's Enemies do give The Doctrines of his Gospel to blaspheme, And heap Reproach upon the Christian Name. Others for needless Trifles still contend, And thus the Bonds of Unity they rend : Thus Love declines, and daily waxeth cold, As also was by CHRIST himself foretold. While others fuch erronious Doctrines broach, The faithful Sheep dare not the Fold approach: And then like rav'ning Wolves they tear and flay All that forfake their base pernicious Way: Yet these are the most arrogant Professors, And boast that they're th' Apostle's true Successors. But how their Practices hereto agree, The very Heathens with Derision see:

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For lo, the * golden Rule they lay afide, Which Christ laid down to be our constant Guide. Thus may we fee (with humble Grief & shame) How Christianity doth bear the Blame Thro' their ill Conduct, who profess in Word To be the Followers of CHRIST the LORD. But O What dreadful Vengeance waits to light On fuch, to dain them to eternal Night! Much better had they never heard the Sound Of Gospel Grace upon this earthly Ground. Than thus to bear the holy Christian Name, And be the Caufe of its Reproach and shame: For furely Sodom and Gomorrah will Never Such weights of fiery Vengeance feel: Except Repentance speedily prevent Their dreadful Doom and endless Punishment! Come, let us then begin with one Accord

To fearch our Ways, and turn unto the LORD.
Let's humble now ourfelves before his Face;
With fervent Cries implore forgiving Grace:
For lo, our GoD is just and gracious still,
And faithfully his Promise will sulfill, †
That all true Penitents shall be forgiv'n,
And also made the joyful Heirs of Heav'n.
Come, let us then with humble Hearts return,
Nor more at his rich loving Kindness spurn:
But let us now resolve (thro' Grace) this Day
To Love the LORD, and keep his holy Way:
Then Death, pale Death shall not our Souls afBut be a Messenger of sweet Delight, [fright
To wast them safely to the Realms of Peace,
Where Sin and Sorrow shall forever cease.

* Matib. vii. 12. † Ifai. lv. 7.



